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The Bombay Chronicle

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VOL. XXVI NO. 87 BOMBAY: TUESDAY, APRIL 12, 1938 PRICE: ONE ANNA

Japan Sues For Peace With China

Request To Britain To Mediate

REVERSES . CONTINUE

China Demands Immediate Withdrawal Of Nippon Troops

LONDON, April 11.

With reference to the persistent rumours that Japan has asked Britain to mediate herself in China, it is understood on authority that Japan recently unofficially requested Britain to use her influence to induce China to propose peace negotiations, intimating that Japan was prepared to be lenient.

BRITISH REPLY

The Japanese suggested that there was no need that America should be invited to take parallel action with British mediation.

The British reply was that America could not be ruled out in view of her interests in the Far East. Britain naturally and necessarily would keep Washington informed of all the steps. There, the matter for the moment rests.

Troops Must Withdraw

IT IS UNDERSTOOD THAT THE CHINESE ATTITUDE IS THAT CHINA IS ALWAYS READY TO DISCUSS PEACE PROPOSALS BUT THE INDISPENSABLE CONDITION IS THAT ALL JAPANESE TROOPS WILL WITHDRAW FROM CHINESE TERRITORY.—Reuter's Special.

CHINA REGAINS LOST GROUND

HANKOW, April 11.

The Chinese claim to have occupied Chunihwang and Changshah on the Tientsin Pukow railway Front.

The Chinese general commanding the area forecasts that the Chinese may reoccupy Nanking and Hangkow in the near future. —Reuter.

Mahatma Interviews Politicals In Dum Dum Special Jail

TALKS ON PROBLEM OF RELEASE: INSPECTS HOSPITAL ARRANGEMENTS

CALCUTTA, April 11.

MAHATMA GANDHI HAD AN INTERVIEW LASTING FOR ONE HOUR AND A HALF WITH THE 209 POLITICAL PRISONERS REPATRIATED FROM THE ANDAMANS, IN THE DUM DUM SPECIAL JAIL THIS AFTERNOON.

In order to avoid strain on Gandhiji all prisoners were assembled in the ground floor of the barrack where Gandhiji discussed with them the various issues incidental to the problem of their release. No jail official was present during the interview.

Mahatma Gandhi who was accompanied by Mr. Mahadev Desai, also, inspected the hospital arrangements in the special jail.

He was seen off at 5-45 p.m. by the jail officials.—United Press.

"STRAIN AND FATIGUE UNBEARABLE"

CALCUTTA, April 11.

Dr. Sunil Chandra Bose, who examined Gandhiji at 9 to-night told the Associated Press, "Mahatmaji had numerous engagements during the whole of Sunday and after his return home, his strain and fatigue were almost unbearable. But to-night, his condition is slightly better than it was yesterday. The rise of blood pressure after his return home from the jails to-day was not as excessively high as on Sunday night. On the whole, his condition is much the same as it was."—A.P.

(See Page 7).

PLEBISCITE FIGURES

BERLIN, April 11.

The Provisional final figures for the Plebiscite show that the percentage of "Yes" votes is higher in Austria than in Germany.

In Germany "Yes" votes number 4,45,31,450, "No" votes 4,40,899 and invalid votes 61,647.

In Austria "Yes" votes 42,67,819, "No" 11,281 and invalid 5,695.

Thus the percentage in Austria is 99 point 65 and that in Germany 98 point 47.—Reuter.

STOP PRESS

CHINESE ADVANCE TO SHANGHAI.

SHANGHAI, April 11.

Advance Guards of Chinese forces and Guerilla bands are reported to have reached within twenty-five miles of Shanghai.—Reuter.

STAY-IN STRIKES

PARIS, April 11.

The workers employed in the Renault Motorcar Engineering Factories began stay-in strike in the afternoon. A number of other engineering factories in Paris district followed the lead of the Renault employees. The strike is now regarded as general in the Metallurgical Industry in the Paris region.—Reuter.

About Five-hundred caste Hindus and Harijans participated in the Priti Bhojan organised on Sunday at the Congress House in connection with the National Week celebrations.

J. C. Bose's Bequest

Trust Deed For 1 Lakh For A.I.C.C. & Another For Women's Education

CALCUTTA, April 11.

In pursuance of the last wishes of the late Sir Jagdish Chandra Bose, his wife, Lady Abala Bose, has executed a Deed of Trust in respect of Government Promissory Notes to the value of Rs. 1,00,000 for promotion of temperance and another Rs. 1,00,000 for promotion of primary education for women, the interest of which is to be given to the All India Congress Committee and the Nari Siksha Samity of Calcutta respectively. The temperance work is to be primarily done in Bihar on the scheme approved by the Congress.

Trustees are Lady Abala Bose, Messrs. S. M. Bose, S. K. Mondol, Prof. D. M. Bose and Mr. A. N. Mitter.—United Press.

ALLAHABAD UNITY BOARD

Move For Allaying Fears Due To Communal Tension

ALLAHABAD, April 11.

The Hindu-Muslim Unity Board of Allahabad held a meeting last evening under the presidentship of Mr. Sunderlal. The membership of the Board has now swelled to 35 and consists of as many Muslim leaders of the City as Hindu leaders. One member of the Muslim League, Mr. Zahur Ahmed, is also a member of the Unity Board. But he did not attend the meeting as it was held in the City Congress Committee office. But other Muslim and Hindu members were present.

The meeting took important decisions to allay the fears of the Hindu families, who have left their homes and still not returned. One such case is where 90 families have left from one Mohalla. A resolution was passed that all members of the Board would accompany the Chellam procession on 22nd instant, and that Hindus and Muslims should have no fear that there will be any disturbance, as from the investigations conducted by them, it was found that all rumours about disturbance were unfounded and that neither community was making preparations to attack each other.—United Press.

Desoddharak Nageshwar Rao

"ANDHRA PATRIKA" FOUNDER DEAD

K. Nageshwara Rao Succumbs To Tuberculosis At Age Of 70

MADRAS, April 11.

Mr. K. Nageswara Rao, an ex-member of the Central Assembly, and a veteran Andhra Congressman, died this afternoon at his residence in the city.

Mr. Nageswara Rao was suffering from the chronic asthma, which later developed into tuberculosis. He was 70 at the time of death.

The deceased was elected to the Central Assembly in 1930 by a thumping majority from the Godavari General Constituency. He served his constituency very creditably.

He was founder of the "Andhra Patrika," a prominent Telugu daily of Madras. He was of charitable disposition and his philanthropic gifts to various public institutions were multifarious.

Mr. Nageswara Rao leaves behind him a daughter and a huge circle of friends to mourn his loss.—United Press.

Life Sketch

K. Nageswara Rao was born in 1867. He was educated in A. E. L. M. College, Guntur and the Madras Christian College. He started in Bombay, the Amrutanjan Depot in 1893 and "Andhra Patrika" as a weekly in Bombay in 1908. Later on it was converted into a daily and was transferred to Madras. A great worker of the Andhra Movement, he was conferred the titles of "Desodharaka" by the Andhra Mahasabha in 1924 and "Viswadhata" in 1929. The titles denote his intense patriotism and his outstanding charitable disposition. He presided over the Special Andhra Conference at Guntur in 1919. He was the Editor of Andhra Encyclopaedia and "Andhra Vignama Sarvaswam". He was a member of the A.I.C.C. for over a decade and was the President of the Andhra Provincial Congress Committee for nearly 6 years. He was the treasurer of the Andhra Maha Sabha and a Director of Hindustan Bank Ltd. He was imprisoned for breaking the Salt Law in 1930. He scored a sweeping victory over a Sanatanist rival in the Godavari-Kistna Districts to the Legislative Assembly in 1935. He recently resigned his seat owing to sickness.

Recognition Of Abyssinia

Britain's Request To League For Inclusion In Council Agenda

LONDON, April 11.

The British Government intend to propose to the League Council at the next session to consider the desirability of extending the authority of the Commissioner for refugees from Germany also to apply to Austria, stated Mr. R. A. Butler in the House of Commons.

BR. REQUEST TO LEAGUE.

At question time, the Premier announced that Britain had requested the League to include in the forthcoming Council agenda the question of the consequences arising from the existing situation in Abyssinia.

Mr. Percy Harris (Labour) asked whether that meant that Britain was going to take the initiative in the recognition of Abyssinia.

Mr. Chamberlain advised Mr Harris to wait until he sees the text of the letter to the League.

ITALY AND ABYSSINIA.

In reply to another question in the Commons, Mr. Butler stated that the Italian authorities were in military control virtually of the whole of Abyssinia. Resistance appears to be unorganised and local in character and confined to Western Abyssinia.—Reuter.

HAIFA:—Two British members of the Palestine Police force were killed when a bomb found near a plant of the Iraq Petroleum Company exploded.—Reuter.

Clove Boycott Tells On Zanzibar Govt.

CONFERENCE CONVENED TO END DISPUTE

Bozman To Represent India Govt.

NEW DELHI, April 11.

The Zanzibar Government, says a Press Communique, have agreed to call a conference which, representatives of the Indian community in Zanzibar will attend to discuss certain proposals of the Zanzibar Government to modify the Cloves Purchase and Exportation Decree, 1937.

India's Representative

The Government of India have also offered to send a representative of theirs if it is felt that he could be of assistance. Both the Zanzibar Indian community and the Zanzibar Government have welcomed the offer. The Government of India have accordingly decided to send Mr. G. S. Bozman, I.C.S., to attend the Conference.

Mr. Bozman was previously deputed in 1936 to help the Indian community in connection with the Binder enquiry.—United Press.

BOYCOTT MUST BE INTENSIFIED

Tayabali's Cautious Note On Zanzibar Govt.'s Move

Mr. Tayabali, barrister of Zanzibar, who is working very hard to stiffen the boycott of Zanzibar clove trade in Bombay was interviewed last night by a representative of the "Bombay Chronicle". He was shown the Communique of the Government of India published to-day. He gave the following statement for publication:—

"Taking into consideration the past attitude of the Government of Zanzibar, it will be too much to expect that the proposed Conference will lead to satisfactory results as far as Zanzibar Indians are concerned, but I think it is still desirable that the Conference should thrash out matters in dispute between the Government of Zanzibar and the Indian merchants. Every possible attempt should be made to arrive at a reasonable solution of the clove problem.

INTENSIFY BOYCOTT

In the meantime I think it is necessary that not only the boycott of clove trade should continue, but it should be intensified so as to prevent any further consignment of Zanzibar cloves reaching India. I believe that until the Government of Zanzibar are absolutely convinced that the people of India would not allow any cloves to come to India, Government of Zanzibar will hardly be inclined to offer terms of settlement which will be found acceptable to Indian dealers of Zanzibar.

THANK GOVT OF INDIA

We should thank the Government of India for taking up this question again. Let us all hope that this time a final settlement will be arrived at and the Zanzibar Indians—both Hindus and Mahomedans, will be relieved of the hardships that they have been going through for the last four years. The appointment of Mr. G. S. Bozman, I.C.S. offers some hope of a satisfactory solution being found. He is an official who is pretty well acquainted with the clove question affecting Zanzibar Indians in all its bearings. He may be relied upon to do his best to bring about peace between the parties.

ZANZIBAR GOVT. ACCEPTS INDIA GOVT.'S PROPOSAL

NEW DELHI, April 11.

In the course of a Press Communique it is stated:

On 3rd March, 1938, a Memorandum containing certain proposals of the Zanzibar Government to modify the Cloves (purchase and exportation) Decree, 1937, was published.

After consulting the Standing Emigration Committee of the Indian Legislature the Government of India suggested to the Government of Zanzibar that they should invite representatives of the Indian community to a Conference, at which the possibilities of a settlement acceptable to both parties should be fully explored. They also offered to send a representative themselves if it was felt that he could be of assistance.

The Government of Zanzibar have agreed to call such a Conference, which representatives of the Indian community in Zanzibar will attend.

The Government of India have decided to send Mr. G. S. Bozman I.C.S. to attend the Conference.—A.P.

Sardar's Circular, Page 8.

Enquiry Into Shareef Incident

C. P. GOVERNOR'S REPORTED ATTITUDE

(From Our Correspondent)

NAGPUR, April 11.

Following the appointment of Sir Manmathnath Mookerjee as Jurist, to scrutinise the action of the C.P. Law Minister Mr. Shareef Congress circles here are greatly agitated.

Ministers are holding informal conferences to discuss the situation now arisen.

In this connection it is stated that the Governor of C. P. and Berar has declined to place relevant papers before the Tribunal, appointed by the Congress High Command on the score that under Officials Secret Act, they cannot be shown to any outsider.

Our Tabulated Adlets

1 Anna Per Word—

Minimum Re. 1

CHHOTA CHHOTA ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted in these Columns on cash payment only, and are charged at the rate of ONE ANNA per word. Minimum charge is fixed at Re. 1 for 16 words. Numericals (upto 10 figures) and Abbreviations are to be counted as complete words.

SPECIAL REDUCTION in our scheduled rate of one anna per word will be allowed until further notice at the rate of 25% on all CASH PAYMENTS provided the same Adlet is to appear for three times or more in a week. The complete week to be calculated from Monday to Sunday.

STILL ONE MORE FACILITY is offered to our Adletisers. Tabulated Adlets that appear in the "BOMBAY CHRONICLE," if repeated the same evening in the "BOMBAY SENTINEL," will be charged for the "SENTINEL" at half-anna per word per insertion without any further reduction whatsoever.

ADLETS OF PRIVATE NATURE are inserted with Box Numbers and in such cases the six words—Box No. (——), "The Bombay Chronicle,"—must be paid for. The Management reserves the right to revise any Adlet or refuse publication without assigning any reason for doing so.

BLOCK LETTERED OR TYPEWRITTEN Adlets will ensure correct insertion. No responsibility for any mistake, oversight, misprint, etc., will be accepted by the Management. Replies to the adlets should be sent for often to avoid heavy congestion at our office.

42. SITUATIONS VACANT

Wanted—A Schreiner finishing expert to handle Calender and produce poplin and Italian. Salary according to qualifications. Apply to: Diwakar Textile Mills Ltd., Chandni Chowk, Delhi. (8330)

Wanted candidates to qualify Sub-Engineers, Overseers by Postal tuition. Apply British India Technical College, Sukkur, (Sind). (10021)

Wanted M.B.B.S. and S.A.S. (Assistant Surgeon and Sub-Assistant Surgeon) for the State Hospital in a State in Rajputana. Apply stating experience, age, nationality, original residence, and minimum pay acceptable before the 21st April to Post Box No. 8334 "Bombay Chronicle."

43. SITUATIONS WANTED

A South Indian with good experience in the management of big Printing Press, in all its aspects, seeks employment in the city. Will be very glad to interview in person. Please apply to Box 10088 "Bombay Chronicle."

154. TRAINING INSTITUTIONS

Shorthand in 24 hours: Dutton's Shorthand has only 6 rules and 29 characters. Complete Theory learned in 24 hours. Practice quickly gives speed of 150-200 words per minute. Write now for free first lesson:—The Dutton College, London, Indian Headquarters, Delhi 14. (10046)

327. AGENTS WANTED

Wanted—Live Agents and Canvassers. Apply Perfecta Co. 56, Abdul Rehman Street, Pydhoni, Bombay 3. (10094)

The Ahmedabad Chief Agency of The Lakshmi Insurance Co., Ltd., (whose Bombay Building was recently opened by Sjt. Subhas Chandra Bose) is likely to fall vacant shortly. Only experienced persons who can guarantee a business of at least Rs. 2 lakhs a year need apply to the Branch Manager, Fort, Bombay. (8312)

Public Notices.

GOVERNMENT Announcements legal and Public Notifications are published in these columns at the following rates:—

	Per column inch Per insertion.
1st Insertion	Rs. 7-8-0
2nd Insertion	Rs. 5-8-0
3rd and Subsequent-Insertions	Rs. 4-8-0

Mofussil Advertisers are requested to send remittances in advance and state clearly whether they wish to insert their advertisements in these columns or in the Classified.

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN to the Public that I have dispensed with the services of AMBASHANKAR LILADHAR PANDAY who acted as my Mehtaji for several years and if in spite of this anybody will have any dealing with him as my Agent, he will do so at his own risk.

Dated, this 11th day of April, 1938.

(Sd.) WELBAI, Widow of WELJEE BHANJEE.

Welji Bhimji's Mala,
Dubash Lane,
Girgaum Road.

Legal Notices

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Mr. DATTATRAYA RAMCHANDRA NAIK of Bombay Hindu inhabitant has contracted to sell the undermentioned property to our client.

ALL persons having any claim against or to the said property by way of inheritance, mortgage, sale, gift, lease, lien, charge, trust, maintenance, easement or otherwise howsoever are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their Office at Soorya Mahal, 5 Military Square Lane, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the sale will be completed without reference to such claim and the same, if any will be considered as waived.

THE SCHEDULE OF THE PROPERTY

ALL that piece or parcel of land of Leasehold tenure, situate at Chandawarkar Road being plot No. 341 of the Dadar Matunga Estate of the Bombay Municipality, in the Registration Sub-district of Bombay, containing by admeasuring six hundred and fifty-nine square yards or thereabouts and being a portion of the land registered by the collector of Land Revenue under New Survey No. part of 1|360 and Cadastral Survey No. 268|10 Matunga Division and assessed by the Municipality of Bombay under F Ward No. 7440 (19) and formerly Street No. 1007 S A and present Street No. 8 together with the messuage tenement or dwelling house thereon and bounded, on or towards the North East by Plot No. 342 with the building thereon known as Padamsi Bhuvan, on or towards the South East by Plot No. 361 belonging to Cooverji Ludha, on or towards the South West by the said Chandavarkar Road and on or towards the North West by Chandavarkar Street and which premises are now in the occupation of the tenants of the said Mr. Naik.

Dated this 11th day of April 1938.

Messrs. BHATT & CO.,
Purchaser's Attorneys.
(8345)

HIGH COURT OF BOMBAY.
INSOLVENCY NO. 129 OF 1938.

Re: (1) LALBHAI NANALAL SHAH, (2) CHANDULAL CHHANALAL SHAH and (3) KACHRABHAI CHHANALAL SHAH, Nos. 1 & 2 at present residing at Ahmedabad and No. 3 at present residing at Boru in Baroda State, all Hindu Inhabitants who carried on business under the name and style of L. Chandulal & Co., at Princess Street, Bombay. ... Debtors.

Ex parte: MESSRS HASSANALLI BROTHERS ..... Petitioning Creditors.

On the 6th day of April, 1938, an order was made by the High Court of Judicature at Bombay in its Insolvency Jurisdiction adjudging the abovenamed Debtors Insolvents.

Dated this 11th day of April, 1938.

S. J. RAHIMTOOLA,
Insolvency Registrar.
8336.

Public Notices

CAWNPORE MUNICIPALITY

OFFERS ARE INVITED for the sale of a brand new Green's Economiser of 60 C. I. Tubes in 10 rows of 6 each purchased by the Municipal Board, Cawnpore. It is in perfectly good condition in all respects.

'Offers for the purchase of the Economiser' should be written distinctly on the cover and addressed to the Chairman, Municipal Board, Cawnpore, and delivered at his Office at Couperganj not later than 20th of April, 1938, at 3 P.M.

S. N. TIWARY, R.B., D.P.H.,
Executive Officer,
Municipal Board, Cawnpore.
1-4--1938.
(8337)

THE "DECCAN QUEEN"

DURING the ensuing EASTER HOLIDAYS the 'DECCAN QUEEN' will run from Bombay V. T. on THURSDAY, the 14th April, leaving Victoria Terminus at 5-15 P.M. and arriving Poona at 8 P.M. and return from Poona on Tuesday the 19th April 1938, leaving Poona at 7-45 A.M. and arriving Bombay V. T. at 10-30 A.M.

G. I. P. RAILWAY.
(8303)

THE KOHINOOR MILLS COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE.

Issue of 5,000 Ordinary Shares of Rs. 100 each at Rs. 100 premium.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that for the purposes of the above issue of Shares the Transfer Books of the Company will be CLOSED from Friday, the 22nd April to Wednesday, 4th May 1938, both days inclusive.

By order of the Board,
KILLICK, NIXON & CO.,
Agents.

Home Street, Fort,
Bombay, 11th April, 1938.
8339.

Legal Notices

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that our client has contracted to purchase from BAI AIMAI LIMJIBHAI MISTRY, DHUNJISHAW LIMJIBHAI MISTRY, MANECKSHAW LIMJIBHAI MISTRY, DR. FRAMROZE SORABJI and JEHANGIR DOSSABHOY CHOKSI, Trustees of an Indenture of Settlement, dated the 11th day of October, 1934, the undermentioned property. All persons having any claims against the said property by way of Mortgage, sale, inheritance, gift, lease, lien, charge, use, trust or otherwise howsoever are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their Office at No. 95, Ash Lane, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the sale will be completed without regard to any such claims and the same if any, will be considered to have been waived.

DESCRIPTION OF PROPERTY.

ALL that piece or parcel of land or ground of Quit and Ground Rent tenure the cess whereof is redeemed by the Collector's Receipt No. 56, dated 27th July, 1923, situate on the East side of Khetwadi 6th Lane in the City of Bombay together with the messuage tenement or dwelling house standing thereon, containing by admeasurement 313 square yards or thereabouts and situated within the City of Bombay and within the Registration Sub-District of Bombay and registered in the books of the Collector of Land Revenue under Collector's Old No. 2405, New No. B/9451. Old Survey No. 754 and New Survey No. 2/5444 and Cadastral Survey No. 790 of Girgaum Division and assessed by the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under D Ward No. 1953 (1) and 1953 (2), Street No. 37 and 1 Khetwady 6th Lane and bounded as follows that is to say, on or towards the North by the property of Shaikh Haji Hoosein-bin Shaikh Bhawoodin Momim, on or towards the South by the property of Bai Roopabai, widow of Hormusji Limjibhai Mistri on or towards the West by the said Khetwadi 6th Lane and on or towards the East by the property of Haridas Premji.

Dated this 11th day of April, 1938.

MINOCHEHER MANCHERSHAH HIRALAL & CO.
Purchaser's Attorneys.
8344.

Public Notices

NOTICE TO JURYMEN.

GENTLEMEN of the Special Jury summoned for the current Criminal Sessions are required to attend at the High Court on Tuesday the 12th instant at 10-45 a.m. (S.T.)

M. I. ROWJEE,
Sheriff of Bombay.
Bombay, 11th April, 1938.
8346.

Legal Notices

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that our clients were the highest bidders and declared the purchasers of the undermentioned property at Sutar Chawl and Sheikh Memon Street outside the Fort at the auction sale held at the premises by Messrs. BENNETT & CO. Auctioneers, on the 2nd day of April, 1938, at the instance of Mr. Goculdas Vandravandas the owner of the said property.

ALL persons having any claim against or to the said property by way of inheritance, mortgage, sale, gift, lease, lien, charge, possession, trust, maintenance, easement, bequest or otherwise howsoever are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their Office at Cama Chambers, Medows Street, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the sale will be completed without reference to such claim and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.

THE SCHEDULE OF THE PROPERTY.

ALL that piece or parcel of land of the Pension and Tax tenure cess whereof is redeemed containing by admeasurement 209 square yards or thereabouts and registered in the Books of the Collector of Land Revenue under Old No. 747 and New No. 3375, Old Survey No. 3328, 3329, New Survey No. 1865 and Cadastral Survey No. 1214 of Bhuleshwar Division together with the dwelling house and all premises standing or lying thereon assessed by the Municipality of Bombay under C Ward No. 544 (1) and 142 and Street Nos. 79 to 83 Sutar Chawl and 275 Sheikh Memon Street and which said premises are situate at Sutar Chawl and Sheikh Memon Street in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay and bounded as follows, that is to say, on or towards the East by the property of Shivlal Motilal on or towards the West partly by the property of Chimanlal Moccamdas and partly by Sheikh Memon Street, on or towards the North by Sutar Chawl Street and on or towards the South by the Jumma Masjid.

Dated this 11th day of April, 1938.

HIRALAL M. MEHTA & CO.,
Purchasers' Attorneys.
8340.

Auction Sales

BENNETT & Co.

AUCTION SALE OF VERY VALUABLE PROPERTY (STABLES) AT MORELAND ROAD, BYCULLA.

Under instructions from the Court Receiver, Bombay, as Receiver in Suit Nos. 139 of 1927, 222 of 1928 and 224 of 1928, Messrs. BENNETT & CO. will on WEDNESDAY, the 27th April, 1938 at 4 P.M. (S.T.) sell by Public Auction on the premises:

All that piece of Foras freehold land at Moreland Road with buildings etc. admeasuring about 15496 sq. yards, Street Nos. 7, 8, 9, 9-A.

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to Messrs. Bhaishanker Kanga and Girdharlal, Solicitors at Albert Building, Hornby Road, Fort, or to the undersigned.

BENNETT & CO.

Great Opportunity To Bombayites

SEE

KASHMIR & THE HIMALAYAS in BOMBAY In

BHAVNANI PRODUCTIONS

DAUGHTER OF THE HIMALAYAS

Starring:—

ENAKSHI RAMARAO (M. A.), in CHIEF role

Lovely Scenery : Beautiful Songs! & Artistic Dances

A WADIA MOVIETONE PICTURE

KRISHNA

CINEMA: Dubash Theatre

Daily: 5-15, 8 & 10-45 p.m.

Stem Tide Of Reaction In Europe And Asia

Appeal To Observe May Day To End Exploitation

Prof. N. G. Ranga, President and Swami Sahajanand, Indulal Yagnik, Bedi, B. Mukherjee, Secretaries of the All-India Kisan Sabha have issued the following appeal:

May Day, the Jalsa Day of the exploited masses of the world, is fast approaching to give again an opportunity for all our peasants to ponder over their responsibilities towards other exploited classes of this and other countries, and prepare for the next year their schemes of co-operative effort for their mutual emancipation.

We are perfectly confident that the united, stentorian and unquenchable voice of the masses all over the world, raised in all its strength will give another fearful shock to the present system of exploitation of material resources of the world and weaken its stranglehold upon the State.

The only weapon that our masses still have as against the growing reactionary forces in Europe and Asia is their consciousness of class unity transceding national or religious affiliations and 'May Day' gives them the best known world wide Jalsa to march in their processions, meet in their meetings, shout their slogans and raise their revolutionary tempo.

We therefore, appeal to Kisan Sabhas all over India to observe 'May Day' and thus demonstrate our peasants' allegiance to India's revolutionary struggle and their determination to achieve the Kisan and Mazdoor Raj.

PANDEMONIUM IN HINDU SABHA MEETING

'Interference' Of Congressmen Criticised

NAGPUR, April 10.

The Hindu Sabha meeting at the Town Hall this evening which it was announced would discuss the communal riots during the recent Muharram festival and the reinstatement of the Muslim teacher who was involved in the kidnapping of a Hindu girl in the new Frontier Province, was captured by Congressmen who were present at the meeting in large numbers.

As the proceedings did not start at the scheduled hour by the Hindu Sabha conveners, and none occupied the chair, Mr. Pannalal, a pro-Congress Hindu proposed that Mr. V. S. Dandekar (Congressman) take the chair, which the latter did. Mr. J. P. Verma, a (Hindu Sabhaite) objected to Mr. Dandekar occupying the chair, declaring that the meeting had been convened by the Hindu Sabha, but Mr. Verma was elbowed and forced to sit down.

At this stage, in the audience, which numbered over two thousand, tussles began followed by exchange of blows between the rival groups. Scenes of disorder prevailed when Police intervened and attempted to pacify the audience. Mr. J. P. Verma Secretary of the Nagpur Hindu Sabha and other Hindu Sabhaites numbering over 200, left the meeting, escorted by the police, and held another meeting near by in the precincts of the Town Hall, a few spaces away.

Speakers took strong exception to Congressmen's attitude in what was described as interference at a meeting convened by the Hindu-Sabhaites.—A. P.

LATE MR. WRIGHT

That the late Mr. Wright commanded the esteem and respect not only of his brother officers but had endeared himself among the staff especially the Omnibus Department—was proved by the large gathering that was present at the Solemn Requiem Mass offered for the repose of his Soul at the Holy Name Church on Thursday the 7th instant.

Just before the commencement of the Mass, Mr. A. S. Trollip laid a floral wreath at the catafalque prepared at the front of the altar.

The most impressive sight was at the end of the Mass when the staff lined up at the catafalque—a silent tribute to the memory of the deceased—during the responses.

Mortuary Cards—a memento by the Motor Vehicles Department—were distributed in the Church.

Madras High Court . Acting Judge

In pursuance of the provisions of sub-section (2) of section 222 of the Government of India Act, 1935, the Governor-General has appointed Mr. K. S. Krishnaswami Ayyanger Government pleader, to act as a judge of the High Court at Madras for the period from the 19th April to the 12th May 1938, both days inclusive, during the absence on leave of the Honourable Mr. Justice Varadachariar.

Introduce Responsible Govt. Before Joining Federation

Mysore Congress Convention To Non-Co-operate With Govt.'s Constitutional Affair Committee Unless Conditions Are Accepted

BANGALORE: April 11.

The following resolutions on the attitude of the Mysore Congress towards the Political and Constitutional Affairs Committees recently announced by Government, passed at the meeting of the Working Committee of the Mysore Congress, held on April 7, have been issued to the Press by the Publicity Officer of the Mysore Congress. The resolutions will be placed before the open session of the Shivapura Convention to be held on the 11th and 12th instant.

"This Convention of the Mysore Congress expresses its profound dissatisfaction with the Committee on Constitutional Reforms appointed by the Government as regards its terms of reference and the personnel and declares that unless there is an authoritative assurance from the Government that it is open to the Committee to discuss the issue of responsible Government and to recommend the same and unless there is due recognition of the Mysore Congress as an organisation by the Government and unless the representation of the Mysore Congress on the Committee is by mutual understanding settled, it is not possible to co-operate with the Committee and calls upon the people to do likewise.

FEDERATION

"The Mysore Congress is not opposed to the idea of Federation, but the real Federation must, even apart from the question of responsibility, consist of free units enjoying more or less the same measure of freedom and civil liberty and representation by the democratic process of election.

"The Mysore state if it intends participating in the Federation, should approximate to the provinces in the establishment of representative institutions and responsible Government, civil liberties and method of election to the Federal Houses. Otherwise the Federation as it is now contemplated will, instead of building up Indian unity, encourage separatist tendencies and involve the state in internal and external conflict. So this Congress condemns not only the proposed Federal scheme which is forced from without but also the idea of Mysore joining the proposed Federation when no responsible Government is established within itself, and calls upon the Mysore Congress Committees and the people generally to prevent its inauguration.

"In case an attempt is made to impose such an unwarranted Federation the all Mysore Congress Committee is authorised and directed to determine the line of action to be pursued in this regard.

"Further, this Congress disapproves of the action of the Government of Mysore in appointing a committee to consider the scheme of Federation and decides to non-co-operate with the same.

DEPORTATION ORDER.

"This Convention of the Mysore Congress is of opinion that the deportation of Mr. B. N. Gupta from the State is a clear infringement of civil liberty and urges upon the Government to withdraw immediately the said order of deportation.—A. P.

National Week Celebration In Dohad

(From Our Correspondent).

DOHAD, (By Mail).

The National Week is being celebrated in Dohad and in all the villages of Dohad Taluka, under the auspices of Dohad Taluka Congress Committee. Mr. Sukhdev Trivedi, President of the Taluka Congress Committee addressed a meeting of peasants at Garbada and explained to them the work that Congress has done for peasants.

MINERVA

TALKIES: :LAMINGTON RD.

DAILY: 5-15, 8 & 10-45 P.M.

ZENANA SHOW: TO-MORROW: 1-30 P.M.

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Borneo ,,	7th Apr.	26th ,,
Taijin ,,	23rd ,,	8th May
Keisuku ,,	10th May	25th ,,
Italy ,,	25th ,,	9th June
London ,,	8th June	23rd ,,

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The prevailing evil of today

The pressure of life today imposes a tremendous strain on the system. Long days of hard work, hurried indigestible meals, too much entertainment and inadequate sleep—these are the handicaps to vigorous health with which most people have to contend. There is, too, the continual stress of adjustment to a difficult climate. Under such conditions, lassitude, headaches, indigestion, biliousness, depression—typical symptoms of Half-Health—all *inevitable, unless some form of effective Health Control is established.* Nature *must* have some assistance.

There is no wiser or more natural aid to vigorous health than the regular use of ENO'S "Fruit Salt". That daily glass of sparkling ENO is the pleasantest possible method of effective Health Control. Gently, yet efficiently, it eliminates stagnant waste matter, cleanses the system of dangerous toxins, purifies the blood, tones up the liver and stimulates the digestion to efficient action. ENO restores and maintains natural, buoyant health.

If you are a victim of Half-Health, take a teaspoonful of ENO's "Fruit Salt" in a glass of water first thing every morning for a week or ten days. Then note the difference.

ENO forms no habit and can never cease to be effective. It contains no harmful mineral salts and no sugar. Its pleasant refreshing taste needs no disguise.

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ENO'S "FRUIT SALT"

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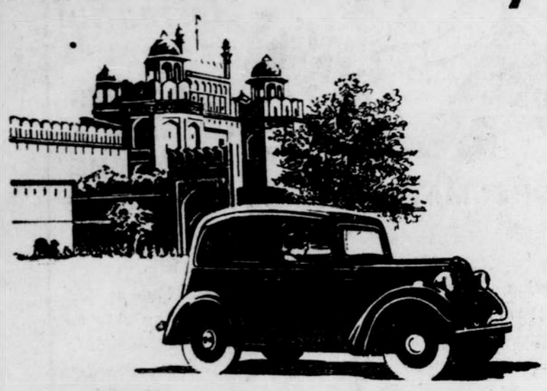

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B. Sc. Exam. Results.

The following are the successful candidates in the B.Sc. (Tech.) Examination held by the University of Bombay in March, 1938:

K. M. Gandhi, R. C. Gandhi, H. C. Khatiwala, M. G. Patel, J. G. Shah, G. V. Shirolkar, V. J. Vaishnav, S. H. Dave, V. K. Dikshit, V. S. Mehta, K. P. Paruck, H. S. Shaikh-Mahmud, S. I. Taraporewala, B. V. Telang.

Two Get Scholarship

The Byramji Ratanji Lentin Technological Scholarship has been awarded to Mangaldas Govindbhai Patel No. 6.

The Amelia Wife of Dr. A. G. Viegas Scholarship has been awarded to Vinaychandra Shantilal Mehta, No. 13.

Passed In Part I

The following candidates for the B. T. Examination, held under the University of Bombay in March, 1938, have passed in Part I only:—

D. H. Trivedi, S. N. Surve, K. G. Vyas, M. R. Desai, Anasuya Anant Pandit, T. K. Pawar, V. K. Javali, Susheela Narayan Pradhan, Sirin Sorab Boyce, Mehera Ardeshir Dastoor, Moti Munchershaw Nanavaty, Rama Shridhar Dandvate, Eligzabeth Mathai, B. K. Kale, D. S. Dingare, G. I. Mavinkurve, K. N. Jogalekar, H. L. Kalekar, P. L. Khadilkar, C. L. Nagarkar, J. A. Kundargi, V. A. Kavthekar, R. J. Samant, V. H. Gujarathi, K. S. Purohit, P. N. Tengshe, S. L. Mathu, B. A. Barigali.

Passed In Part II

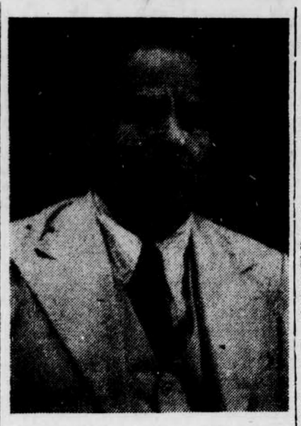
The following candidates for the B. T. Examination held under the Bombay University, in March, 1938, have passed in Part II only:—

Malini Vasantrao Javeri, M. R. Pinge, Malati Vinayak Navalkar, S. S. Chaugule, J. J. F. Dias, A. A. S. Sayed, U. F. Hulkoti, Sharada Raghavendrarao Mankekar, G. A. Jambagi, H. B. Raval, G. D. Kulkarni, B. S. Kasar, M. B. Shinde, K. V. Chitale, S. V. Done, R. S. Golsangi, G. G. Gurjar, M. G. Virkud, G. S. Nanadikar.

B. T. EXAMINATION RESULTS

The following are the successful candidates of the B. T. Examination, held under the University of Bombay in March 1938:

S. S. Kohojkar, Kumudini Kashinath Mitra, P. N. Valavade, V. T. Bharadwaja, G. S. Galgali, M. V Kashikar, V. K. Khare, Kashi Vaman Natu, N. K. Sangnalmath, V. R. Umarji, Dilshad Chari, Tara Waman Desai, P. G. Kale, G. C. Joshi, V. B. Karnik, G. K. Palande, B. G. Shimpi, G. J. Somvamshi, G. V. Tagare, P. L. Vaidya, R. K. Patel, C. N. Sheth, S. S. Thaker, P. O. Upadhyaya, C. D. Vyas, Mildred De Quadros, Louis Mascarenhas, T. M. Vasi, D. A. Ravetkar, Tara Parshotam Kher, D. K. Kulkarni, R. M. Kulkarni, R. V. Mehta, C. C. Parikh, Chandrika Pramodhchandra Pathakji H. B Hakim, N. P. Kuresni, N. G Moulvi, K. J. Khaskheli, J. M. A. Sumra, R. Banapurmath, M. M. H. Begg, A. G. Bhave, G. B. Bodwadkar, M. G. Chavan, V. V. Joglekar, P. M. Joshi, T. U. Kaladgi, R. C. Kher, K. N. Mangalvedker, L. P. Nazareth, H. P. Paigaonkar, Coomie Dhunjibhoy Petit, Shushila Savant B. B. Shaikh, M. P. Jali, P N. Sukheswala, I. C. Tambad, S. T. Aitiwadekar, Margaret Chambers, Jai Hormusji Dastur, A. H. Hemrajani, Dhanlaxmi Magaulal Mehta, B. L. Patel, J. R. Vaswani, O. P. Agarwal, S. V. Dhepe, S. G. Gavimath, A. K. Godse, K. G. Gurrani, D. A. Kulkarni, V. J. Modi, H. M. Parikh, Y. B. Patwardhan, S. S. Pavri, B. S. Shah, J. B. Talati, C. C. Patel, D. J Patel, Damayanti Dattatraya Gokhale, Sharada Krishnakant Paralikar, N. M. Padhye, K. G. Kurulkar, V. S. Gajendragadkar, T. D. Naik, V. J. David, M. A. Quoreshi, M. K. A, Siddiqi, G. M. Thakar, V. M. Thigale, V. D. Kabnuri, Tehmina Beram Sanjana, V. G. Sejpal, N. N. Bhagat, N. V. Desai, B. H. Joshi, D. M. Tatke, H. G. Joglekar, K. N. Mahishi, A. R. Tamhankar, G. V. Akolkar, D. R. Altekar, K. D. Apte, H. B. Bodas, S. R. Chougule, G. K. Deshmukh, S. G. Divan, K. J. Dixit, V. D. Gokhale, G. S. Huparikar, S. B. Kulkarna, R. M. Marathe, S. D. Nabar, R. M. Rishi, B. C. Bhide, P. N. Limkar, R. A. Ponkshe, S. A. Sabnis, Y. V. Salvekar, A. S. Saraph, R. D. Satam, K. M. Tambe, G. A. Karandikar, S. S. Nene, V. T. Yardi, Yamu Bhate, R. B. Bhurke, P. G. Biniwale, A. G. Chandrachood, Yugandhara Vinayak Ghate, D. G. Karmarkar K. G. Kulkarni, V. R. Ranade, D. P. Atre, N. N. Choudhari, D. B. Dadawala, Kusum Madhusudan Dalvi N. C. Desai, A. S. Joshi, K. B. Kasarekar, N. C. Lele, B. G. Mehta B. S. Naik, J. K. Parikh, M. D. Patil, S. P. Revadi, S. S. Sheth, P. S. Sontakke, A. T. Yadav, R. G. Mustikar, S. M. Joshi, C. K. Gadre G. D. Phadake, V. K. Bhagwat, V. K. Bhat, N. S. Bhave, K. N. Chokshi, J. D. Desai, V. V. Dikshit, G D. Gujar, S. V. Kurlekar, M. N. Naik, K. R. Palkar, B. R. Patil, S. S. Puranik, K. G. Shiralkar, T. G. Sohoni, P. K. Vakil V. D. Vasantgadkar, V. A. Dhekne D. D. Dongre, K. G. Shiva, S. V. Kalmath, D. S. Konnur, S. E. Kulkarni, G. G. Badarayani, A. S. Golandaz, S. R. Kulkarni, S. K. Shintre, G. N. Deole, G. K. Godbole, V. R. Mutalik, H. R. Nagarkar, M. S. Pandya, A. V. Patankar M. R. Walambe, V. J. Kher, B. S. Gajre, M. K. Joshi.



RAI SAHIB VIJAY SHANKAR MEHTA, FIRST CLASS MAGISTRATE AND DEPUTY REGISTRAR, HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE, NAGPUR, RETIRES AFTER 31 YEARS.

AROUND THE COURTS

Bombay, Monday.

Vithobai Mahadeo More (20), residing at Bandra was baking bread at the choola. Suddenly her sari caught fire and consequently she sustained burns all over her body. Later she was removed to the K. E. M. Hospital where she died afterwards.

An inquest was held on her body and a verdict of accidental death was recorded at the Bombay Coroner's Court to-day.

An interesting case of theft is the subject matter of an investigation by the Maharbouri Police. The victim of the theft is a Hakim named Syad Mohamad Yasuf practising at Bapu Khote Street.

The police are investigating.

The ingenious manner in which a rent-collector posed himself as C. I. D. officer and cheated a Moulvi of Bombay to the extent of Rs. 130 was related to-day before the Presidency Magistrate, Third Court, when Ali Hyder Gulam Nabi was placed on a remand application.

The magistrate directed the accused to be released on a bail of Rs. 200 with one surety, Rs. 100 to be deposited.

A sensational story of alleged cheating was unfolded to-day before the Presidency Magistrate, Third Court when Karsukharan Nathuran Vora, a supervisor of Co-operative Societies requested the court for the issue of summons against a woman whom he accused of cheating by false representations.

The accused's counsel informed the Court that the woman in question was introduced to him as a helpless widow in distress. She was willing to re-marry. The complainant agreed to marry her and a special permission was obtained under the Special Marriage Act. From Ahmedabad complainant and his financee came to Bombay for solemnising the marriage. The complainant then gave her ornaments valued at Rs. 700/- and clothes and cash. But the accused afterwards it was stated refused to marry him.

The Advocate further stated that ornaments and cash were given on the understanding that the woman would marry him. Now she refused to part with the ornaments and also refused to marry him. She had therefore misappropriated the ornaments.

The Magistrate directed the issue of summons against the woman concerned.

34 persons alleged to be gamblers were arrested by the city police during the week end in different parts of the city.

All the accused persons were put up before the Presidency Magistrate this morning, at the Mazagaon Police Court, when they were ordered to be released on bail.

Progress Of Western India Insurance Co., Ltd.

New Building Opened By Seth G. D. Birla Adds To City's Architectural Amenities

Phirozeshah Mehta Road popularly known as the "Insurance Avenue" has been enriched by another structure owned by a leading insurance compahy of Western India, viz., The Western India Insurance Company Ltd., of Satara.

The building was opened by Mr. G. D. Birla on Sunday evening with due pomp

Thousands of Maharashtrians gathered to witness the opening ceremony, besides several distinguished Insurance magnates and the elite of the town.

Mr. L. M. Apte, Chairman of the Company, welcoming the guests of the evening gave a history of the firm. He said:

"From the beginning, the history of the Company has been one of steady progress. In the early stages from 1914 to 1920 the Company had to pass through troubled times due to the un-stable financial conditions as a result of the break down of some of the Banking Concerns in India and also due to the great European War and its after effects. In spite of these upheavals the Company's progress has been always steady and growing all through. The following brief survey of the main figures will, I hope give you some idea, of the Company's progress in all directions.

SOUND INVESTMENTS

"Its volume of Business in force now amounts to about Rs. 365 lacs as at the end of 1937 and its assets amount to over Rs. 95 lacs which compares very favourably with the business in force. The Life Fund of the Company as at 31-12-1937 amounts to over Rs. 80 lacs. The annual premium income now amounts to about Rs. 18 lacs. The investments of the Company are very sound and yet the average interest yield has been very satisfactory as compared with the prevailing Market Rate of Interest. Not a pie has ever been invested against the personal security of any one including Directors or Officers of the Company. Consistent with safety and adequate interest yield, this Company has always been trying to find out suitable avenues for investment, by which the Company's funds can be used for Nation Building purposes. In this connection I am glad to refer to the recent advance of about Rs. 50,000, that the Company has made to the Nasik Education Society.

"The Market value of the Company's investments as at 31-12-37 amounted to Rs. 88,41,940-13-2 while the cost price amounted to Rs. 77,86,709-9-1. This means an appreciation of about Rs. 10,55,231 over the cost price. It will be interesting to note that the Company has, never so far, taken any portion of the appreciation into account, any time, either in the annual balance sheet or in the valuation. These important factors conclusively prove how safe and profitable have been the investments of the Company. There are also other Reserve Funds for special purposes amounting to over Rs 6 lacs."

COMPANY'S BUILDING.

"The 'Western India House' has been constructed on most modern lines and every attempt has been made to provide for all the necessary conveniences of the business class tenants. It has a frontage of about 77 feet with a depth of about 100 feet and a total floor area of about 860 Square Yards. The Building consists of a basement, the ground floor and five upper floors, all nicely ventilated. The main stair-case has entirely a separate access with a lift of a beautifully designed cage. A feature of the Building is the use of sculptural designs and the subjects treated there are Insurance, Banking, Agriculture and Cottage Industry."

Messrs. Govardhandas Morarji and Sir Homi Mehta expressed greetings on the occasion.

Mr. G. D. Birla performing the opening ceremony said:

"The Western India Life Insurance Company, Ltd., resembles a banyan-tree, the main stem of which is deep-rooted in Maharashtra and draws its nourishment from that soil, even though what we are witnessing to-day is but the achievement of one of its branches which has itself struck root elsewhere and shown such remarkable adaptability to its new environment.

RECORD OF SPLENDID WORK

While it is true that the first life office in this country was established more than a century ago, there was no development worth the name until much later; and it is only since the conclusion of the last woirld war that Indian companies have begun to function with some vigour. Bearing all this in mind, one must admit that they have on the whole acquitted themselves quite well, and their record inspired confidence in their being able to keep pace with the times and to establish themselves over the entire field which legitimately belongs to them. The total new business written by Indian Companies during the year 1920 was Rs. 5,17 lakhs. By 1935 it had come to be Rs. 32,81 lakhs, and the latest figure must be higher still.

In this as in so many other fields, success depends on service and Indian Companies must be guided by an ethical code which enjoins the rendering of the very best service possible to the public and which tolerates no deviation from the path of the utmost rectitude. I may refer here to the legislation recently passed to control insurance business the underlying principle of which has been officially said to be "minimum interference and maximum publication".

Concluding Seth Birla said: "I offer its management my sincere congratulations coupled with my hope and prayer that it will continue to be progressive and will prove that the history of Satara is not yet ended, and that if Maharashtra has added pages to India's political history, it has some pages to add to its economic history too. The House itself makes a notable addition to the architectural amenities of Bombay, and while I have very great pleasure in assisting to-day's function, and declaring it open, I should like to congratulate all those whose joint labour have given Bombay this building".

Seth G. D. Birla who opened the "Western House" on Sunday.

Aga Khan Hockey

LAHORE Y. M. C. A. WIN REPLAY

Lusitanians Lose To G. I. P. By Two Goals

Two matches were decided in the Aga Khan Hockey Tournament on Monday.

In the first match the Y.M.C.A., Lahore, the winners of the competition last year, earned promotion at the cost of the string representing the Kirkee Ordnance. The score here was two goals to one. Most critics however felt that a draw would have been a more correct result when the run of play was taken into account. It might have been so, had not Mascarenhas in the Lahore goal did some worthy keeping. When Lahore and the Ordnance met for the first time on Friday last the tally was one all, extra-time not separating the teams.

The next contest saw the G.I.P. Ry. clash with the Lusitanians first string. The Railway won deservedly by two clear goals. The 'Lusis" were a disappointing team on Monday.

The margin of victory should have been great, but for Leo Pinto in the losers goal, who once again proved he was very safe and clever. The shots that beat him, would have beaten any goalkeeper.

FIRST MATCH.

The Lahore Y.M.C.A. started very well and held their own in the initial half and rightly led at the break by a point scored by Bhatia. Things were considerably different in the later period and after the Ordnance had levelled things through Finn, for about ten minutes the losers were all over them and but for Mascarenhas, the goal-keeper, Pritam and Rajender, the two backs, another tale might have been told of the match. The Y.M.C.A. however, pulled themselves together and exchanges were level therafter. In this spell of play Asghar, who filled the outside-left position, scored a beautiful goal, to give the Northern India side the lead. The Ordnance though trying very hard failed to get on terms.

For the winners mention has already been made of Mascarenhas' great game in goal, and the stout defence put up by Pritam and Rajender. The others who played well were Caleb, the Lahore pivot, Brady his right-hand man. In the forward-line, Asghar and Burman, the extreme, men and Latif were always prominent.

Finn, the Ordnance centre-forward, again proved a hardworking and worthy leader of the attack. In the half-time H. Brewin and Christie never gave in and fought till the last minute, doing their part stoutly R. Brewin and Fonseca on the right of Finn were often the cause of much anxiety to the winners.

The Y.M.C.A. (Lahore) are over their first fence, but a stiffer barrier to honours faces them to-day (Tuesday) when they meet the Customs, this year's Bombay Provincial Champions. The contest is expected to be a duel the odds are even. The winners will be installed favourites for the Aga Khan trophy.

Result:—

Y.M.C.A. (Lahore) ... 2 Goals.
KIRKEE ORDNANCE ... 1 Goal.

TEAMS:—

Y.M.C.A.—Mascarennas; Rajinder and Pritam; Brady, Caleb and Mana Singh; Burman, Majid, Bhatia, Latif and Asghar.

KIRKEE ORDNANCE.—Ayres, Harris and Shanker; Christie; H. Brewin and Hari Singh; Fonseca; R. Brewin, Finn, Dharma and D'Souza.

UMPIRES: Messrs. L. Hibbert and C. D'Souza.

G. I. P. WINS

As mentioned the G. I. P. won worthily. For them Grostate, was outstanding. As left back, he was a pillar of strength, and if ever the Lusitanians had pretentions of scoring Grostate was there to spoil things. Once in the entire game was this defender round left half-back, to which a beaten man. He later proved a sound left half-back to which position he went up, when E. Bocarro had his ankle badly hurt. The last-named, before the injury, was a whit less brilliant than Grostate, he was the best man in the half-line, though Nills at the other end also did useful work. The Railway forward-line may be qualified as follows, Ismail, fast; Rashid and March, good; M. Bocarro and Tellis on the left, both fast and working with perfect understanding. They were repeatedly worrying dangerously the 'Lusis' defence. The two goals scored by the Railway were credited to Marsh and Tellis. The latter was a fine bit of scoring.

Pride of place on the Lusitanian side must go to Leo Pinto, in goal. Carvalho was the better of the two backs. N. Rodriques did his duty at centre-half correctly. The 'Lusis' forward-line fell below expectations. F. Fernandez, their inside-right man was perhaps an exception. He often got away nicely, but appeared to get flustered in the ring and bungled three likely opening. The game itself needs short discription. The G. I. P. pressed for 50 of the 60 minutes of play and scored once in the first half and again after half-time. The 'Lusis' were hot on the attack in the last minutes, but this awakening came too late. The G. I. P. fell back and defended and kept their advantage intact.

RESULT:

G. I. P. RAILWAY 2 goals
LUSITANIANS 'A' Nil.

TEAMS:

G. I. P. RAILWAY:—Norris; Smithers and Grostate; Mills, De Burgh and E. Bocarro; Ismail, Rashid, Marsh, M. Bocarro and Tellis.

LUSITANIANS 'A':—Leo Pinto; D. Fernandez and Carvalho; N. Fernandez, Rodriques and Borges; M. Fernandez, F. Fernandez, Extras, Almeida and W. Fernandez

UMPIRES:—Messrs. Otto Ernst and Mackenzie.

TO-DAY'S MATCHES:

POONA UNITED vs. BHAGWANT CLUB, Tikamgarh, at 4-15 p. m.

BOMBAY CUSTOMS vs. Y. M. C. A., Lahore 5-30 p. m.

BLANCO BEATS FATHAH HUSSAN

Egyptian Welter-Weight Champion Throws Sponge In Third Round

(From Our Correspondent).

CALCUTTA: April 8.

Last night at the Olympic Stadium, Luis Blanco, a young Filipino welter-weight boxer beat the Egyptian welter-weight champion Fathah Hussan, in the third round.

FIRST ROUND.

Fathah Hussan forced the pace with fierce two-handed attack to win the round.

SECOND-ROUND.

Blanco boxing cleverly punished the Egyptian champion with hard rights to the head and body.

THIIRD ROUND.

Blanco knocked his opponent to the board twice, first for a count of six and again for four seconds when Fathah Hussan threw in the sponge.

TO-DAY ON RADIO

Bombay I & II Programme

VUB 244 metres, 1,231 kc/s. Also 31.4 metres, 9,565 kc/s, for Transmission I and 90.9 metres, 3,305 kc/s. for Transmission II.

A.M.

11-30 Recorded Programme.

P.M.

1-0 Market Rates, Announcements. 1-5 Lunch Hour Music. 5-30 Shamsuddin. 5-45 Gururao Deshpande of Dharwar. 6-15 Gat Tora on Tabla. 6-20 Nagesh ute 6-30 To Bhumijan. 7-30 Stars in their Courses. Talk in Hindustani. 7-45 Gururao Deshpande. 8-10 Sridhar Parsekar. 8-15 Garbha Programme. 8-30 mercial News. 8-45 Garba Programme. 9-0 News (Hindustani). 9-15 Gururao Deshpande: Adana. 9-30 News. 9-45 Reminiscences of Literary Oxford. Talk by G. C. Banerjee. 10-0 Walter Kaufmann (Piano.) 10-20 Recorded Programme. 10-30 Million Airs, dance music.

Delhi—I Programme

VUD 340 metres, 886 kc/s.

TRANSMISSION I

A.M.

7-0 Katha from 'Ramayan'. 7-15 Jai Jagdish Hare. 7-25 Devotional Song. 7-45 Jogia. 8-5 Ramzan Khan. 8-30 Umriazia Begam. News. 8-40 In English. 8-50 ndustani.

TRANSMISSION II

Noon.

12-0 Devotional Ditties.

P.M.

1-0 Music Hall Medley.

TRANSMISSION III

P.M.

6-0 Evening Moods. 6-35 Nautch Gat on Sarinda. 6-40 Umrazia Begam. 7-0 For Villagers only. 8-0 Eastern Women. 8-15 Shri Mahavir Jayanti. 8-45 Naghm. News, Weather. 9-15 In Hindustani. 9-30 In English; 9-45 Dance music recorded. 10-0 Books. Review. 10-15 Dance music (recorded). 10-55 News.

Delhi—II Programme

TRANSMISSIONS I & II
31.3 metres, 9,575 kc/s
Programmes as in Delhi I
TRANSMISSION III
60 metres, 4,905 kc/s.

P.M.

6-0 to 7-0 Provrammes as in Delhi I. 7-0 Chhaya Nat. By AIR Orchestra. 7-10 Tarabai Gadag. 7-25 Ramzan Khan 7-45 Geets. 8-0 to 9-45 Programmes as in Delhi I. 9-45 Bhagyacha Udey Jhala. 10-0 to 10-15 Programme as in Delhi I. 10-15 Naghmi Shah. 10-55 News.

Calcutta Programme

VUC 370.4 m., 810 kc/s and 49.1 m., 6,109 kc/s. (Add 24 minutes for Calcutta time).

P.M.

12-36 Gilbert and Sullivan Vocal Excerpts. 1-6 Music of Ivor Novello. Weather. 1-36 Recorded Programme. 2-6 From Religious Books. In Bengali. 2-31 World in News. Review by Nanku. 2-36 Religious Music. 2-46 Parimal Kushari. 2-56 Latika Mukherjee. 5-31 Santona Bhattacharji Bengali Song. 5-6 Letters and their Replies. 5-21 From Speaker's Diary. 5-31 Santona Bhattacharji. 5-36 Agra Fort. Story of Johda Bai. Talk in Bengali by Monmohan Ghose. 5-51 Sahana Bhatacharji. 5-56 Naresh Chakravarty. 6-6 Gita Roy. 6-21 'Devdasi.' 7-51 Control over Nature. Talk in Bengali by M. L. Roy. 8-6 News, Weather Report (Bengali). 8-21 Bobby Daniel. Ghazal. 8-33 Bina Choudhury. 8-46 Lord Mahavir's Life and Philosophy. Talk in Hindustani. 9-1 Commercial News, Weather. 9-6 News. 9-21 Monologues. 9-36 Trip to Iceland. Talk by Ian Stephens. 9-51 Vocal and Pianoforte Recital.

Peshawar Programme

VUP 200 metres, 1,500 kc/s.

P.M.

5-30 An hour with villagers. 6-30 Munawwar Sultana. 6-50 Deen and Ummat. 6-55 G. A. Khan Gwaliori. 7-15 Khyber Orchestra. 7-25 Zubajda Begam. 7-45 Extract from 'Seerat-i-Nabvi'. By Maulana Shibli. 8-0 G. A. Khan Gwaliori. 8-20 Inayat Husain. 8-25 Zubaida Begam. 8-45 Zulfon ka Hala. 8-55 Munawwar Sultana. News, Weather. 9-15 In Hindustani. 9-30 In English. 9-45 Journalism. Talk by H. R. Vohra. 10-0 Munawwar Sultana. 10-15 G. A. Khan Gwaliori. 10-25 Listeners' Letters and their Replies. 10-45 Zubaida Begam.

Lahore Programme

VUL 276 metres, 1,036 kc/s.

P.M.

6-0 Classical Music. 6-15 Jagdish Narain Bhatnagar. 6-25 Babu Ram of Hoshiarpur. 6-35 Light Music. 6-50 Madan Lal. 7-0 For Countryside. 7-30 Classical Music. 7-40 Jagdish Narain Bhatnagar. A Sitar Recital. 7-50 Light Music. 8-15 Religious Music. 8-25 Babu Ram. 8-40 Light Music. 8-50 Madan Lal. 9-5 Malika Pukhraj. News, Weather. 9-15 in Hindustani. 9-30 In English. 9-45 Light Music. 10-0 Airvoice Orchestra. 10-10 Madan Lal. 10-25 Jagdish Narain Bhatnagar. 10-35 Malika Pukhraj.

Lucknow Programme

VUW 294 metres, 1,022 kc/s.

P.M.

6-30 V. N. Thakar of Allahabad. 7-5 Lucknow Orchestra. 7-15 Mahboob Jan of Sholapur. Ghazal. 7-45 The Urdu of Delhi. Talk in Hindustani by A.N. Mulla. 8-0 G.N. Goswami. 8-20 V. N. Thakar. 8-50 Durga Charan Datta and Gauri Bannerji. News, Weather. 9-15 In Hindustani. 9-30 In English. 9-45 Child and Parent. Talk by J. G. Taylor. 10-0 Durga Charan Dutta. 10-20 G. N. Goswami. 10-35 Mahboob Jan.

B. B. C. Programme

GSJ (to 9-0 p.m.) 21.53 Mc/s (13.93 m.). GSH 21.47 Mc/s (13.97 m.). GSG 17.79 Mc/s (16.86 m.). GSO (to 8-30 p.m.) 15.18 Mc/s (19.76) G.S.F. 15.14 Mc/s (19.82 m). GSD (from 9-15 p.m.) 11.75 Mc/s 25.53 m).

P.M.

7-27 Opening. 7-30 Microphone at Large. 8-0 Templars. 8-30 Stampede. 8-45 Hungarian Gipsy Party. 9-30 News. 9-50 Recital. 10-10 Waltzing Matilda.

Rajkumari Amrit Kaur, President, All-India Women's Conference, has sent a cheque of Rs. 150 as donation towards the All-India Manila Sammelan which will conclude on April 12 at Hardwar.

Freedom Of Association On Sufferance

A JAIPUR ORDINANCE

The following is a copy of Home Department Notification No. 1645-H/J-2-4803 published in an Extraordinary issue of the Jaipur Gazette, dated the 30th March, 1938:—

Whereas it is expedient for maintenance of order and public security to control the activities of public societies and their gatherings and meetings, so as to avoid any cause for friction among the subjects of His Highness, differing in creed or caste, and also between the public and administration, it is hereby enacted as follows:—

1. This Regulation shall be called the "Public Sccieties Regulation." It shall extend throughout the Jaipur territory, and come into force the date of its publication in the Jaipur Gazette.

2. No public society shall be established without the previous sanction of the Jaipur Government.

3. The organisers and promoters of such society shall apply, through the Inspector-General of Police, Jaipur, for the said sanction and the application shall contain the following particulars:—

(a) Aims and objects of the society,

(b) Name of its organiser and promoter, and if there be more than one, names of all of them, as well as of its office-bearers,

(c) The name of the place where its chief office is to be located, as well as the names of places where the opening of branches is contemplated, and the area within which it is to operate.

4. The society, as originally constituted shall, in no way, be changed without the previous sanction of the Jaipur Government to be obtained through the Inspector-General of Police.

5. If at any time, after permission has been granted, the activities of such society are found to be subversive of law and order or not for the good of the public, it shall be closed down by an order of the Council of State.

6. Any Police Officer, not below the rank of Sub-Inspector, may, with the previous sanction of the Inspector-General of Police, enter, without a warrant, any building or enclosure where the office of such a society is located, and, on demand for his inspection, all correspondence, books, accounts, etc., shall be produced immediately. Such Police Officer may further seize any or all such documents as are considered by him objectionable, or relating to some conspiracy or crime, according to the procedure laid down in Section 103 Cr. P. C.

7. Any breach of these orders on the part of any member or servant of the society shall be a cognizable offence and shall be triable by a Magistrate of the 1st Class and shall be punishable with imprisonment for a term which may extend to 2 years R. I., or fine up to Rs. 1,000 or both.

8. The Council of State may expel the person so convicted from the State and order the forfeiture of all property movable or immovable, documents, funds, etc., belonging to the said society.

9. The Prime Minister may ban the entry into the Jaipur State of any person, who is likely to create or foment, by his words or actions, such friction as this Regulation ' ks to avoid.

10. Any Police Officer, not below the rank of a Sub-Inspector, may disperse all meetings of the members of the society, which has been ordered to be closed under Rule 5 and such assemblies or meetings shall be considered as an unlawful assembly as defined in Section 141 J. P. C.

11. The Regulation shall equally apply to all existing societies and they shall, within a period of three months of the publication of this regulation, apply, under Section (2), for the sanction of the Jaipur Government for their continuance.

"CONGRESS DETERMINED TO FIGHT FOR INDIA'S FREEDOM"

Mrs. Captain's Appeal

A well-attended public meeting was held under the auspices of the Girgaum Dist. Congress Committee on Thursday at J. K. Building, Gamdevi in connection with the National Week.

Mrs. Perinben Captain, who presided, made a fervent appeal to all people to enrol themselves as Congress members and thus strengthen the Congress which was determined to fight for the Freedom of the Country. She explained the significance of the National Week and the tragedy that happened at Jallanwala Baug 19 years ago which shocked the whole civilized world.

Such outrages happened she added because the people were not united and there was no organisation which was capable of fighting the Government. But now the situation has very much changed. The Congress which was small body then now had grown in strength. She finally appealed to all to follow the political events intelligently.

Congress Meeting At Gandhi Maidan

The first public meeting of the "G" Ward District for celebrating National Week was held in Gandhi Maidan April 7 at 8-30 p.m. In the absence of Sjt. Nagindas Master, Sjt. Shitalaprasad N. Sharma presided.

Sjt. B. J. Mhatre, Secretary Labour Committee B.P.C.C. addressing the meeting appealed to the audience to strengthen the Congress organisation by uniting as one man under the Tri-coloured flag of the Indian National Congress, so that the goal of Independence could be soon achieved. Sjt. Shitalaprasad the President of the meeting requested the audience to wear Khadi.

Cricket Tournament In Bandra

(From A Correspondent)

The Shield Tournament which is being played at St. Andrew's School Ground, Bandra, is now in its final stages between the Callina Athletic Club and the Bandra Sea Birds and has not yet been decided though the game has passed fourth Sunday of its play.

Mr. Orry Gonsalves the Pentangular Cricketer and Captain of the Bandra Sea Birds has now to count upon his last two players to make up 96 runs for the victory on his side over the C. A. who have replied with 372 runs in their second venture against 321 runs in the first innings of the B.S.B.

THE SCORES

Callina Athletic	1st Innings	147
" "	2nd	372
Bandra Sea Birds	1st Innings	321
" 7 Out	2nd "	102

Harijan-Hindu Love Tragedy

NAGPUR, April 11.

A Harijan youth and a caste Hindu girl of a village near Hinganghat in the Wardha District, who fell in love, have committed suicide, drowning themselves in a village well.

Their bodies were taken out and were found clasped together. The bodies were cremated side by side.

The youth was 22 years old and the girl was 18 years.

It is believed that they have ended their lives as restrictions of caste precluded their living together.—United Press.

KATHIAWAR DONATIONS FOR T. B. FUND

RAJKOT, April 11.

The total donations to the King Emperor's Anti-Tuberculosis Fund from the States of Western India, during the week ending April 2 came to Rs. 37,459-9-1.

Amalkara taluka contributed Rs. 150, the Hon. Secretary, Indian Red Cross Society, Western India States Agency Branch Rs. 250. Kasam and Staff and Takhatsinhji and staff respectively contributed Rs. 212 and Rs. 91.—A. P.

Police Break Proja Conference; Prof. Kabir Taken In Custody

FARIDPUR, April 10

Professor Humayun Kabir, M. L. C., President-elect of the Sadar Krisak Proja Conference, the Secretary of the local Muslims Students Federation and a volunteer were arrested this evening.

When the Conference just commenced there were signs of imminent trouble and apprehending a breach of peace the Sub-Divisional Officer and the Superintendent of Police who were present on the spot declared the meeting illegal.

After serving an order under Section 144 Cr. P. C. arrested above men and dispersed the meeting.

The arrested persons were, however, released later and the conference was held in some other place.

The conference adopted certain resolutions condemning Huq Ministry and urging the Krisak Projas to organise themselves.—A. P.

NASIK.—A conference of the Nasik District Co-operative Field Workers was held under the auspices of Nasik District Co-operative Institute on the 7th instant, at Nasik, Mr. M. D. Bhansali, the Registrar C.S.B.P. Poona, presiding.

Bombay Women To Protest Against Mansa Excesses

To protest against the treatment meted out to women peasants at Mansa, a public meeting of women will be held on Wednesday (13th April) at 3 p.m. at Hira Bag, under the presidency of Smti. Lilavati Munshi. Among the speakers will be: Smti. Gangabehen Patel, Smti Jaishri Rayji, Smti. Kusumbehen Munshi, Smti. Bachubehen Thakker, and Smti. Ruttonbehen Mehta.

BOMBAY AYURVEDIC HOMOEOPATHIC, UNANI MEDICAL ASSOCIATION.

Under the auspices of the above Association a public meeting of those practising in Ayurvedic, Homoeopathic and Unani systems will be held on Thursday at 9 p.m. at the residence of the Secretary of the Association Mr. B. L. Shah, Bhivandiwalla Building, G. I. P. Rly. Matunga.

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SEASON DEPOSITS

in sums of Rs. 10,000/- and above at 2¼ % p. a. for 3 to 4 months at 2½ % p. a. for deposits falling due for payment on 30th Sept. 1938.

KNEE STIFF AS A POKER

Middle-aged Man Who Could Hardly Walk

TAKES KRUSCHEN—AND DOES 14 MILES A DAY

He thought he had injured his knee in some way and that it needed massage and treatment, but he got no relief. The truth was that he was suffering from uric acid in the joint. Now he tells how Kruschen Salts have made him walk as well as ever, although he is already middle-aged:—

"A few years ago I developed a very sore knee joint and it stiffened up. I had treatment for about 3 months. I could hardly walk, it was so sore and painful. I also had it X-rayed but there appeared to be nothing wrong with the knee. I heard of Kruschen Salts so I got a bottle. After I had taken a portion of the bottle the stiffness left me, so I now take Kruschen every morning, and can walk 12 or 14 miles a day. I am middle-aged."—A.M.

Kruschen Salts clear your blood of the mischievous uric acid which settles in your joints and muscles, causing them to swell, grow stiff and unbearably painful. And when poisonous uric acid goes, there is no doubt about these old rheumatic aches going, too! The most stubborn cases of rheumatism have shown astonishingly quick improvement with this Kruschen treatment.

Kruschen Salts is obtainable at all Chemists, Stores and Bazars.

I Must Tell Master To Get This!

If you own a dog you should *also* own Sherley's 164 Page Dog Book.
Not only is this a complete and invaluable health reference but nothing so helpful towards understanding the 'doggy nature' has ever been written.
Right from A to Z the author a leading Veterinary Surgeon, tells you what is best for your dog. How to feed him, how to house him, how to train him, how to care for him in sickness and above all, how to make him the lively, happy and healthy fellow he should be.

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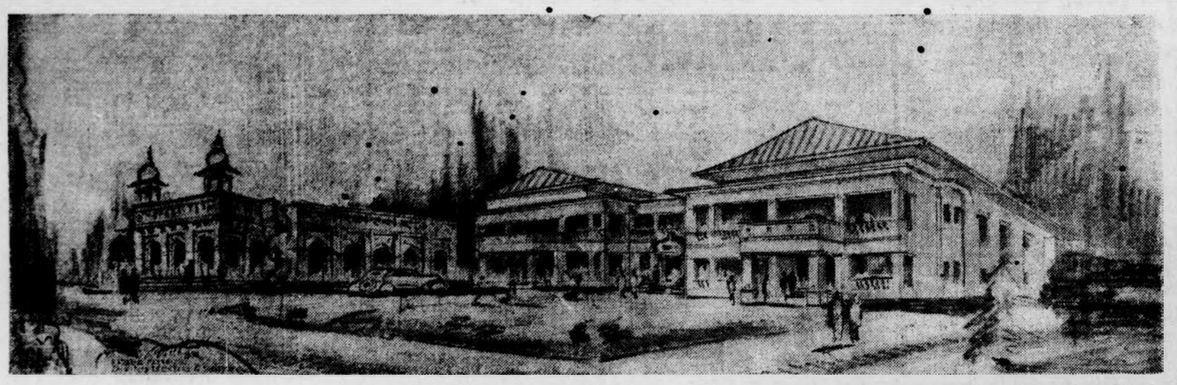
SNOW WHITE AND THE SEVEN DWARFS
IN TECHNICOLOR
Distributed by RKO-RADIO Pictures

Beware Kidney Germs If Tired, Nervous, Aching

Are you Run Down, Nervy, suffer Aching, Swollen joints? Do you Get Up Nights or suffer from Burning, Itching Passages, Dizziness, Rheumatism, Circles Under Eyes, Puffy Ankles, Frequent Headaches and Colds, Loss of Appetite and Energy? These symptoms show germs are attacking the 9 million tiny tubes in your kidneys and you cannot be well till germs are killed and banished from your system. Ordinary medicines can't help much because they do not kill the germs responsible for your trouble. Cystex—an eminent Doctor's formula—brings death to all kidney germs. So powerful are its germ-destroying properties that within 2 hours pain is lessened, yet these antiseptics are harmless to the most delicate human tissue. In 24 hours there is marked improvement; in 8 days you are fit and well—more youthful in every way than you have been for years. Cystex has already brought health to over 5,000,000 persons, so, go to your chemist for an 8-day treatment. Don't suffer a moment longer! Cystex is guaranteed to put you right or money back. Get Cystex today. The guarantee protects you.



Proposed renovation of Saboo Baug premises at Bellasis Road for the Anjuma n-i-Islam Girls' School which will be declared open by Lady Lumley to-day.

City & Suburbs

LOCAL ENGAGEMENTS

To-day.

Hindu: Chaitra Sud 13, 1994
Muslim: Safar 10, 1357
Parsi: Avan 9, 1307
Hightide: 10-26; 22-39
Lowtide: 4-16; 16-28
Sunrise: 6h. 24m.
Sunset: 6h. 55m.

Haj Committee meeting, 5 p.m.
Bombay Presidency Released Prisoners' Aid Society, Annual General Meeting, Corporation Hall, 6 p.m. The Hon. Mr. K. M. Munshi, presides.
Anjuman-i-Islam Girls' School: New premises to be opened at Saboo Bagh, Bellasis Road, by Lady Lumley, 6 p.m.

Domestic Occurrence

ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

Mr. and Mrs. Narotam Vithal Purshotam gratefully acknowledge the kind messages of sympathy from a large number of firends in their recent bereavements and regret their inability to reply to them individually.

AIR SERVICES TO KATHIAWAR

Their scheduled 'plane arrived on Monday at 11-30 a.m. from Kathiawar.

"S. I. STATES"

Mr. K. F. Nariman will address a public meeting at Nappo Hall Garden on Thursday at 8-30 p.m. on "South Indian States."

ENGLISH MAILS

The outward P and O Mail Steamer "Strathnaver" with the Mails from London of 31st ultimo arrived at Aden at 5 p.m. on the 10th instant and left there at 9 a.m. the same day.

In ordinary course she should arrive in Bombay at noon on Thursday the 14th instant.

AIR MAILS

The Bombay-Trivandrum-Trichinopoly air mail service will cease operation with the South-bound flight leaving Bombay on the 13th April 1938 and the North-bound flight leaving Trivandrum on the 15th April 1938. Air Mails for and from places served by this service will be diverted to Karachi-Madras Colombo Service. The service will be reopened after Monsoon on a date to be notified later.

POSTAL HOLIDAY

Friday (15th inst.) will be a Post Office holiday on account of "Good Friday". All Departments of Bombay G.P.O. and Town Sub-Office including the telegraph branches will observe on that day the same working hours as on Sundays.

SIR CHIMANLAL SETALVAD'S PORTRAIT

Sir John Beaumont, the Chief Justice of Bombay, will unveil the portrait of Sir Chimanlal Setalvad in the High Court Bar Library at 5 p.m. to-day (Tuesday).

RAMANA SATCHIDANANDA SAMAJ

In connection with the Sree Rama Navami Festival, there will be a musical entertainment to-day (Tuesday), by Kothamangalam Vidwan V. S. Sreenivasan (vocal) Mr. S. Krishnaswamy (violin) Mr. V. A. Money (Mridangam), at 8-30 p.m. at the specially erected Pandal between Krishna Buildings Nos. 1 and 2, Parel.

A. I. HUMANITARIAN DAY

A public meeting will be held under the auspices of the Bombay Humanitarian League and other Associations to-day (Tuesday) at Madhav Bag at 7 p.m. (S.T.) under the presidentship of Mr. Jamnadas M. Mehta, M.L.A., to celebrate the All-India Humanitarian Day, when Messrs. Lallubhai Dipchand Jhaveri, Harijan Valji, F. K. Ginwalla, Sakalchand M. Ghadiali and Jayantilal N. Manker and others will speak.

GHATKOPAR JAIN YUVAK SANGH

Under the auspices of the Ghatkopar Jain Yuvak Sangh, Shree Mahavir Jayanti will be celebrated to-day (Tuesday) at 8-30 p.m. Hon. Mr. A.B. Lathe, will preside. Messrs. Shantilal Shah, C. Shah, and Parmanand K. Kapadia will speak.

MAHAVIR ANNIVERSARY

A meeting will be held at Jawahar Chowk, Mulund to-day (Tuesday), under the auspices of Mulund Divya Jivan Sabha to celebrate the birth anniversary of Mahavir on which occasion Prof. Harbanslal Koholi Punjali of Ghatkopar will entertain the public with his music and also speak on Non-Violence Mr. Haridas Mulji will speak on the subject of cow protection.

AMUSEMENTS OF THE DAY

APOLLO—"Chandrarao More". Daily at 5, 7-45 and 10-30 p.m.
BROADWAY—"Prince and the Pauper." Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
CAPITOL—"Snow White and Seven Dwarfs". Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
CENTRAL—"Kunku". Daily at 5, 8 and 11 p. m.
EROS—"Life Begins With Love." Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m.
EXCELSIOR—"I Met My Love Again." Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
IMPERIAL—"New Searchlight". Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-30 p.m.
KRISHNA—"Daughter of Himalayas." Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m.
LAMINGTON—"Lutaroo Lalna". Daily at 5, 7-45 and 10-45 p.m.
MAJESTIC—"Soungadi". Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-30 p.m.
MINERVA—"Mitha Zahar". Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m.
OPERA HOUSE—"Jwala." Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m.
PLAZA—"Chandrarao More." Daily at 5, 7-45 and 10-30 p.m.
PATHE—"Bring Up Baby." Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p. m.
REGAL—"Second Honeymoon". Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
WEST END—"300 Days and After." Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m.

SPECIAL FLIGHTS TO KATHIAWAR FOR EASTER HOLIDAYS.

The 'Planes of the Air Services of India Ltd. will leave Juhu Aerodrome on 14th, 15th, 16th and 18th at 7-15 a.m. for Kathiawar and will return back the same evenings from Kathiawar for facilitating for the public the enjoyment of Easter Holidays.

DISCOURSES BY EUROPEAN MAZDASNANS

To-day (Tuesday), at 6-0 p.m. at Sir C. J. Hall. Reception to Mazdasnan friends and discourses by them on Mazdasnan movement in Europe and its significance. Sir Hormuzdiyar P. Dastur will preside.

"SOUTH INDIAN BHAJANA SAMAJ"

In connection with the Sri Ramanavami celebrations there will be a Harikatha Kalakshepam on "Vatsala Kalyanam" to-day (Tuesday), at 8-30 p.m

RUKMINI DEVI'S "TALK"

Mrs. Rukmini Devi will give a Talk to the Young Theosophists at the Blavatsky Lodge Terrace to-day (Tuesday) at 6-30 p.m. (S.T.)

EXHIBITION HOCKEY

An exibition hockey match will be played to-morrow (Wednesday), between City Police and 'Varsity Old Boys, Lahore at 4-15 p.m.

NOTICE TO JURYMEN

Special Jurors' attention is drawn to the notice appearing in the Public Notifications Column

MIMICRY BY PROF. NIAZI

Under the auspices of B.E.S.T. Employees' Association, Prof. Niazi of Lahore is giving an hour's entertainment to-day (Tuesday), at 5-45 p.m. (S.T.) in B.E.S&T. Conference Room.

Mr. and Mrs. A. S. Trollip will be present.

M. V. RAJADHYAKSHA SCHOLARSHIPS AND CHARITY FUND

The Honorary Secretary of the above Fund invites applications on prescribed form not later than May 31, 1938 from poor and deserving students of both the sexes of the Gowd Saraswat Brahman Community studying in Government and recognised colleges, schools or Technical Institutions for scholarships for 1938-39. Destitute persons from the community should also apply, should they stand in need of maintenance allowance. Those already on the list of the Fund must also submit fresh applications. Printed application forms can be had from the Honorary Secretary at Mangesh Building, New Bhatwadi, Girgaon, Bombay, 4.

"G" WARD TENANTS LEAGUE

The Hon. Secretary, 'G' Ward Tenants League writes:—

An informal meeting of the Executive Committee members of the above League and tenants residing at Shri Nath Bldg., Madgaonker's Chawl, etc. Matunga, was held on Sunday last, to consider the necessity of the Rent Control Bill. Accordingly a local Committee was appointed to collect the information regarding the necessity of the Rent Control Bill in particular and to fecilitate the work of the League in general. Messrs. R. S. Sule and G. K. Deshmukh were elected as the Chairman and the Secretary of Matunga Tenants Committee.

Those tenants who have grievances are requested to see the Secretary, Madgaonker's Chawl, Lady Hardinge Road, Matunga.

Sir Maurice Brayshay (right), retiring Agent and Mr. G. C. Laughton, new Agent of B. B. & C. I. Rly. photographed together at Ballard Pier before the former's departure to England by Mail-boat on Saturday.

GOVERNMENT SERVANTS AND KHADDAR

Mr. Purushottam Kanji Hon. Secretary A.I.S.A. Bombay Branch writes:—

The Government of Bombay have issued a circular to all Heads of Department and offices informing them that as Government are anxious to develop and encourage indigenous and particularly cottage industries, there is not, nor has there been any prohibition against Government servants using Khadi cloth for personal apparel including caps, if they so desire.

Khadi is sold at concession rates during the National Week upto the 13th instant.

NATIONAL WEEK IN CITY AND SUBURBS

Public meeting at Jogeshwari, near Natwar Hall, under auspices of 'G' Ward and Subarban Dist. J. E. Committee, Mr. N. Y. Nurie, Minister of Public Department to speak.

AT SANTA CRUZ

Lecture with magic lantern slides, at Chuna Bhathi, 9 p.m.

BY VILE PARLE KHADI MANDIR

Hawking of khadi in Vile Parle.

AT MAHIM

A public meeting will be held to-day (Tuesday), at 8-30 p.m. at Mahim Bazar, Mahim, when Messrs. I. S. Patel, D. N. Wandrekar, Lala Mangalsing (Khudai Khitmatgar), Khan Abdulgafarkhan (Thekedar) and others will speak.

PUBLIC RECEPTION CONGRESS MINISTRY

A public meeting will be held to-day (Tuesday), at 6 p.m. on the grounds of the New Rangari Blocks, Old Ghodbundar Road, Bandra, when Hon. Mr. Morarjibhoy Desai, the Revenue Minister, and the Hon. Mr. Nurie, the Minister of Public Works, will speak A public reception will also be given

Purchase Khadi During National Week

The Hon Secretary, A.I.S.A. Bombay Branch, writes:—

The best method of focussing public opinion on the intensity of any particular problem is by organising a particular week, for the spreading of a certain propaganda.

We have thus Baby weeks, Health weeks, Prohibition weeks, etc.

That does not, however, mean that the observance of those rules is restricted to that particular period alone. It is only meant to emphasise a particular view point.

This being the National week, even if you are a habitual wearer of Khaddar, you must make some purchase of Khadi during this week.

KHADI AT CHEAP RATES

Khadi Printing and Dyeing Works write:—

To observe the National Week the Khadi varieties are sold at reduced rates.

These cheap rate sales are in force upto the last day of the National Week i.e. Wednesday the 13th inst.

The following are the departments for Khadi Sales at the Khadi Printing and Dyeing Works, Khadi shop, Vithalbhai Patel Road, Girgaon.

Coating, shirting, dhoties, towels etc. Ready made clothes, printed saries chintz etc. Woollen khadi, silk varieties.

One more sale department is arranged in which the varieties are offered at the special reduced rates of 25 per cent to 50 per cent. The following articles can be had at this special reduction.

Cotton varieties—Saries, Chintz, Blouses, Junpers etc. Silk Varieties—Saries, Chintz, Jumpers, Blouses etc., Table cloths, Bedsheets, Shawls, Sofa clothes etc., Woollen—Tweel Suitings, Namdas Gowns, Baskets etc.

VOLUNTEERS CARRY THE DAY

Persuasion Tells On Move For Breach Of Clove Boycott

Although "outsiders" were brought at the Victoria Docks by the clove merchants with the apparent intention of bringing physical pressure to bear on Congress volunteers, the peaceful persuasion of the latter had ultimately the desired effect on Monday morning.

Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel and Mr. Nagindas T. Master, Vice-President of the B.P.C.C., visited the "Lakda Bunder", where more than 1,500 bags of cloves are lying idle.

OFFICE ACCEPTANCE, A TACTICAL MOVE

Hon. Mr. Morarji Desai's Call To Join Congress To Achieve Freedom

Addressing a meeting held in connection with the "National Week" at Tambakanta on Sunday night, the Hon. Mr. Morarji Desai, Revenue Minister, to the Government of Bombay, observed that the acceptance of office should not be construed to mean that the fight for Swaraj was at an end. Mr. Motichand G. Kapadia presided.

Mr. Desai said that offices were accepted as a tactical move to meet present circumstances of the country and the needs and conditions of her people. The moment they felt they were helpless to do all that they were expected to do or as soon as they were called upon to enter the fight, they would not remain in offices for a minute.

Referring to the aspect of his resignation from the post of a Deputy Collector, which was regarded by some persons as a sense of sacrifice, the Minister said that he did not regard it to be so. But it was more true to say that he had resigned his job the moment he had realised his duties towards his Motherland.

JOIN CONGRESS

He appealed to the people to join the Congress and remember that Swaraj had not yet been attained. The time had come to put a new complexion and a new value to the outlook and the object of life, and he thought that the people of India would not lag behind in their struggle for independence.

Messrs. Sunderdas Morarji, Umashanker Dixit and Manilal Seth also spoke.

PT. RAMKINKERJI SHUKLA.

Pandit Ramkinkerji Shukla of Mirzapur, who is an astrologer and palmist is now in Bombay, and is staying at Chander Mahal (second floor, room No. 25), Thakurdwar.

ANJUMAN-I-ISLAM GIRLS' SCHOOL

Lady Lumley will perform the opening ceremony of the new premises of the Anjuman-i-Islam Girls' School at Saboo Baugh, Bellasis Road, Bombay, to-day (Tuesday) at 6 p.m. (S.T.).

PUBLIC MEETING AT PANJARAPOLE

Under the auspices of Bhuleshwar Congress Committee in order to celebrate the National Week a public meeting will be held to-day (Tuesday), at 9 p.m. (S.T.) at Panjarapole Lane near Post Office. Mr. Motichand G. Kapadia will preside and Messrs. Laxmikant Shreekant M. L. A. Vamanrav Mukadam M.L.A., Maneklal Gandhi M.L.A. Sunderdas Morarji Manilal Sheth, Sarjuprasad Banka will address meeting.

Loud speakers have been arranged.

ELGIN CLUB TENNIS TOURNAMENT

GWALIOR (By Mail).

The following are the results of the Elgin Club Tennis Tournament:—

Ingle beat Hazaratji 6-0, 4-6, 6-3, Kelkar beat Sinha 8-6, 6-2, Datta vs. Chandorkar 4-6, 4-2 (Datta retired), Bhagwat beat R. N. Haksar 7-5, 6-1, Kaul beat Jatar 6-2, 5-7, 6-1, Kunzru beat Algiwale 6-3, 6-1, Bodhraj beat Mehta 6-1, 6-0, Kelkar beat Ingle 9-7, 6-2, Koraishy beat Baijal 6-1, 6-0, Banerji beat Kapoor 6-2, 6-2, Bhagwat beat Chincninikar 6-1, 6-2, Banerji beat Chauhan 6-3, 3-6, 6-4, Kaul w.o Kelkar.

In the chess tournament organised under the auspices of the Gwalior Sports Association Mushtaq Husain beat Mukat Rao by 3 games to nil in the final match.

V. J. T. INSTITUTE

Results Of Final Sessional Examinations (1937-38)

Licentiate In Mechanical Engineering— (L.M.E.)

FIRST CLASS (HONS.) DIPLOMA
Dunbar P. A., Bedi Chunilal, Karkal N. G., Patel S. J. Borwankar D. K., Muzumdar M.P., Mody R. H., Mugaseth S. B., Padhye K. K., Fernandez P. G.

SECOND CLASS DIPLOMA
Iyer D. R., Bhagwat J. P., Date V. L., Menezes E. C., Krishna S. M., Vartak M. B., D'Cruz A. P., Daver R. B.

THIRD CLASS DIPLOMA
Sawant D. S., Mehta H. F. D., Madan H. P., Giara J. P., Simon P. M., Kubal A. D., Rath D. V., Pagadiwala H. S., Sabawala B. R., Juneja D. P., Varghese M. C., Fonseca A. J., Tipnis S. V., Kati N. M., Merchant R. S., Lobo P. A., Khan M. S., Iyengar B. R. V., Shahane B. R., Amritanathan K., Toorkey N. N., Vartak A. D.

Licentiate in E'ectrical Engineering—(L.E.E.)

FIRST CLASS (HONS.) DIPLOMA
Kamat G. S., Subaratnam T. V., Jungalwala D. D., Irani D. K., Dotiwala H. D., Nadkarni P. S., Seervai H. P., Machhina S. D., Menty B.M.

SECOND CLASS DIPLOMA
Vaidya M. K., Dhume B. S. Bhagwat S. R., Parikh A. F. Gupte R. Y., Desai T. I., Wagh G. M., Fegde R. S., Vibhandik R. N., Khandekar S. K., Mehta H P., Wadia A. B.

THIRD CLASS DIPLOMA
Velati R. A., Potdar S. V., Joshi D. A., Antia K. F., Gondhalekar S. A., Desai Y. N., Manohar D D., Chitnis P. D. Kale K G., Bal M. L., Vaidya V. S., Bal D. V., Desai B. R., Wadhankar K. G., Motashapur R J., Patell D. A., Patel M. C.

Licentiate in Textile Manufactures—(L.T.M.)

FIRST CLASS (HONS.) DIPLOMA
Raghunath C. R., Sengupta H. N., Ramniklal C Meh a Chevli M. B., Venkatesalu K., Rozario C., Goswami K. K.

SECOND CLASS DIPLOMA
Shroff J. R. Kapadia G. K., Kamat J. G., Gujar M. C. (Mehta), Adhiya D. D, Abdullabhai, Avasti S. D., Kapadia M. D., Natu S. G., Bhairi S. D., Sheth G. A., Kapadia M. C., Bodaji J. N. (Patel).

THIRD CLASS DIPLOMA
Walavalkar M. H., Nadkarni D. R., Singhi M. T., Jhaveri R. J., Joshi P. N., Muzumdar G. M., Rasiklal C. Mehta, Neogy M. K., Karkhanis S. M. Nargund S G., Sambhare C. D., Patel P. M., Valand M J., Gham Y. P., Nariani G. T., Mudkhavi M. B.

Licentiate in Technical and Applied Chemistry (L.T.C.)

SECOND CLASS DIPLOMA
Mehendaley V. G.

THIRD CLASS DIPLOMA
Bhansali S. N., Patkar V. N., Patel B. B., Shah K. K., Manohar B. V. Surti K. T., Patil S. V., Mody D. D., Vinekar G. S., Chawala B. R.

Licentiate In Sanitary Engineering and Plumping (L.S.E.)

FIRST CLASS (HONS.) DIPLOMA
Gopalkrishna V.

THIRD CLASS DIPLOMA
Dalal M. C., Thathey A. K., Pastakia R. B., Alkonde E. V., Taraporewala A. V., Balsara F. J.

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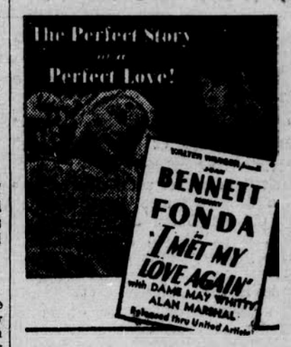

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The Bombay Chronicle

BOMBAY: TUESDAY, APRIL 12, 1938

TECHNIQUE OF NON-VIOLENCE

Gandhiji, to whom non-violence is the very breath of his life, is naturally uncompromising in the pursuit of his ideal. Shaken by the recent communal riots in U. P. and the necessity of summoning the police and the military, he declared that "the Congress has not yet become fit to substitute the British authority." And he suggested the immediate formation of "a non-violent army of volunteers for the purpose of bringing warring communities together," carrying on constructive propaganda in peace times and dealing with disturbances in an absolutely non-violent manner. While questioning the suggestion, if there was any, that we were yet unfit for Swaraj, we wholeheartedly supported the plan of non-violent volunteers. Replying to his critics, Gandhiji makes it clear that his main specific contention is that "Swaraj cannot be obtained through non-violent means unless our non-violence is of the brave and such as to be able to deal effectively with violence." He accordingly suggests that if Congresmen have no "living faith" in complete non-violence, "the sooner non-violence is removed from the Congress vocabulary, the better it is for the Congress and the nation."

Use Of Police

We do not think there is any occasion for reconsidering the Congress creed of non-violence. Congressmen put faith in non-violence either out of conviction or through faith in leaders like Gandhiji. They would not knowingly compromise their creed. But honest differences of opinion arise on questions like whether it is against their creed of non-violence for Congress Ministers to use the police, all agreeing that it is best to do without it in dealing with communal disturbances. In any case, the use by Congress Ministers of the police for such a purpose in the absence of army of non-violent volunteers need not throw any doubt on the quality of Congressmen's non-violence. It rather calls for a clarification of the technique of non-violence and for more strenuous efforts to rely more on non-violent methods in dealing with disorders.

Gandhiji's Suggestions

However, we shall here concern ourselves more with the narrow but not the less important issue of how to cope with communal disorders in a thoroughly non-violent manner. Gandhiji himself suggests the following ways:—(1) "We must discover a solution for the Hindu Muslim tension. I use that expression deliberately instead or 'communal'—for if we find this, the other will follow as a matter of course. (2). There must be a purging of the Congress registers so as to make them proof against bogus voters. From all accounts I receive, our registers contain too many bogus names to be called at all accurate. (3) Congressmen must not be afraid to find themselves in a minority (4). Without delay every Provincial Congress Committee should raise a proper corps of volunteers pledged to non-violence in thought, word and deed. And there should be a manual of instructions as to training etc. prepared for universal use." Each one of these suggestions deserves to be most carefully considered. We are very happy, indeed, that Gandhiji gives pre-eminence to the urgent need for solving the Hindu-Muslim problem. It is literally true that if this problem is solved all the rest follows as a matter of course. To quote Gandhiji's own words, used on another occasion, Swaraj will come running towards us when a Hindu-Muslim settlement is reached. This, however, is a task more for Gandhiji himself and the Congress Working Committee than for any other body. And we trust the Congress Working Committee is as much alive to the problem as is Gandhiji and that the latter will devote himself to the earliest possible accomplishment of this task as soon as he has settled the question of the release of Bengal detenus. The second and the third suggestions deserve to be carried out even apart from the question of communal disturbances. But what can be done with members who actually register themselves as such but have their subscriptions paid by certain individuals or parties seeking their votes at Congress elections? We have already supported the suggestion about volunteers pledged to, and trained in, non-violence. But we fear that Congress Committees, if left to themselves, will be too slow in working out the plan. We must repeat our view that Gandhiji himself should, as soon as he is well enough for the task, draw up the scheme in some detail, and submit it to the Constitution Committee appointed by the All-India Congress Committee for immediate action to be taken thereon.

Village Panchayats

The Bombay Government's Bill to amend the Bombay Village Panchayats Act of 1933, the main provisions of which were summarised in our columns last week, is a decided improvement upon the old Act from every point of view, especially in democratising these primary units of local self-Government. The main changes made in the Bill are: (1) the compulsory establishment of panchayats for every local area having a population of 2,000 or more, Government reserving power to establish panchayats in smaller villages; (2) the abolition of the system of nomination and ex-officio members and the constitution of panchayats only through election, seats being reserved for Muslims and Harijans on a population basis; (3) the establishment of village benches for every panchayat for the purpose of exercising judicial powers; (4) the compulsory levy of a house tax in village areas; and (5) providing for appeals and revision to District Courts and District Magistrates in cases decided by village benches.

These sound provisions speak for themselves. But to serve their purpose fully the panchayats need to be better educated generally and with reference to their special responsibilities. Manuals of instructions should be provided by Government. In any case the task of educating the panchayats should be seriously considered by local Congress Committees. Indeed, every village with a panchayat should also have a Congress Committee, some members being in all probability common to both bodies. Both bodies should strive to foster in every village a strong sense of personal and national liberty.

Ninety-Nine Per Cent!

The results of the so-called plebiscite in Germany and Austria for the endorsement of Hitler's proclamation of "Anschluss" provide no surprise. Indeed ninety-nine per cent. is short by one per cent of the expected. It is a real wonder how even this infinitesimal minority managed to say "no" to the Fuehrer. With all the Jews, debarred from voting, Socialists and Communists in jails and concentration camps, the trade unions and all left parties suppressed and the rest of the population living under a veritable martial law with a complete absence of civil liberties it is a marvel, indeed, how this one per cent. defied Nazi persecution and voted against the "Anschluss". The love for liberty cannot be completely dead in "Greater Germany" if two lakhs of people can risk persecution to express their free opinion. But it does seem strange that Nazi authorities should be so scrupulous about publishing the exact figures of votes cast against them—unless, of course, it is to create the illusion that it was a free and unfettered plebiscite. Those who know something about the Nazi technique of holding elections will not be so easily fooled.

DEATH IN TUNIS

Sidelight On French Colonial Situation

(BY: "OBSERVATEUR.")

The disturbances at Tunis which "Reuter" reports, on the 11th inst. although they become rather conspicuous at the present moment when France is passing through a period of crises, are practically a normal feature of the French colonial administration in Syria, Morocco and Indo-China, in fact, "in our colonies, protectorates and countries under mandate" where "a whole series of tragic and bloody events" have taken place, as M. Robert-Jean Longvet says in a recent article in the Paris anti-fascist monthly "Clarte".

Propaganda.

Newspaper publicity is rarely extended to these events, not because more clossally tragic or bloodier ones taking place in Europe and the Far East eclipse their intrinsic importance, but because a successful system is in operation with the exception of the liberal and Left Free Press, to suppress all news that is likely to compromise the position of European colonial Powers or disturb world self-complacensy regarding colonial affairs generally. On the contrary, French and other imperialist powers are reacting to the pressure of the propaganda of the Fascist International by launching active propaganda, some of it quite naive and stupid:

France's attitude with regard to the colonial problem is a utilitarian one and there is no use in denying it. The risk, the expenditure in men and material demanded by any sort of colonization involves development for profit. But this must be attained not through short-sighted oppression, but through moderation and humanity with, consequently, the finest prospects of renumeration for the colonizing country, and benefit for the colonized territory.

This is how France's lofty and, of course, remunerative mission of civilization is defined in the pamphlets "France and the Colonial Problem" (Centre Informations Documentaries. 31 Rue de Naples, Paris, 1s. or 25 cents) and the colonial achievement is advertised with a display of statistical tables dealing with the invariable aspects of advancement and progress of the "indigenous" population bartered for the worst and most revolting not to say degrading, political and economic slavery of that population. We are perhaps in a much better position to imagine the methods of colonization employed by the European Powers because we have had a good taste of them ourselves.

Imperialis, New and Old

But we need hardly imagine things when plain and simple facts about them expose the hypocrisy of the colonial and civilizing "mission" much more effectively. The history of the last two decades of the French colonial mission—imposition of military rule, massacres of civilian population, punitive expeditions led against the revolts of the victims of colonial rule and wholesale exploitation—is certainly eloquent of the idea of colonization and the methods employed to translate it and one is forced to accept the conclusion that imperialism, in its essential character, has continued in its course of barbaric aggression, conquest and subjection of one race by another, of the weak by the strong in animal warfare. To-day the fascists are the only persons who have discarded the finery of phrase, the cruelty of self-conscious missionary zeal, who openly glory in blood. They are realistic in their moments of primitive lucidity, in their war-dance. At least their actual or would-be victims know where and how they stand.

"Down With Bolshevism"

As regards this Tunisian affair, M. Longvet throws clear light on the situation which several other Frenchmen including delegates of the C. G. T. (French Labour organization) have carefully studied. At Metaloni in Tunisia, he says for instance, the powerful Gafsa Mines Company owns everything—the railway, the station, the village, the school, the hospital, the stores controlling all articles of food, even water rationed to the workers. The workers go on strike because they want a slight rise in their wage and more water. A situation arises in which the company, instead of negotiating peaceful settlement, requisitions troops, gendarmerie. The Senegalese arrive, but the captain, a sensible fellow, does not order the men to shoulder their rifles. But the gendarmes are ordered to fire by an officer who belongs to the "Croix de Feu" organisation. The usual sequel takes place—the unarmed strikers die or are wounded. "Le grand presse, immediatement" says M. Longvet "denonea le danger rouge, bolchevique et syndical" The finale of course. The Red bogey. Down with Bolshevism!

MUSLIMS IN CHINA

Mobilised Against Japan

(Contributed)

The millions of Chinese Mahomedans, like their fellow-believers elsewhere, are most devout followers of the Prophet. They face Mecca five times a day according to their laws but their thoughts, linked with their fellow-countrymen in China, are now set eastward towards the Japanese disturbers of Asiatic peace.

Their Early History

The Chinese Mahomedans have seldom been other than a dormant factor in China's national politics. These virile people, of whom there are more than 48,000,000 in China, have been living a life very much unto themselves, preserving intact their customs, traditions and rituals which their ancestors brought with them from the Near East 1,300 years ago. Mahomedanism made its advent in China in 651 A.D., when the Government of the Islam nation began to pay tribute to the Emperor Kao Tsung of the Tang Dynasty, following the visit of Wahb-Abi-Kabha, an uncle of Mahomed. By 690 A.D. tens of thousands of Mussulmans resided in China. Some came by the water route: others journeyed through Persia, and Afghanistan into Sin-Kiang, (Chinese Turkestan). In 755 the Caliph Abu Jaffar sent 4,000 Arabian soldiers to China at the request of the Chinese Government to help quell a rebellion and many of China's present-day Mahomedans are the direct descendants of those warriors.

A New China Wall

To-day, with the fire of armed resistance burning brilliantly throughout the land, the Mahomedans have caught the day's spirit. Settled in the North-Western Provinces, especially in Kansu, Minghsia and Sinkiang, their geographical position has given them a highly important role along one of China's lifelines.

Renowned for their fighting ability, these Mahomedans to-day form a new Great Wall in China's North-West, which the Japanese will find well nigh insurmountable if they attempt to drive a wedge between China and Soviet Russia from the Amur River to the Western border of Sinkiang.

"Moslem Empire"

It is an open secret that for many years Japanese conspirators had marked off China's North-Western Provinces as a "Muslim Empire". It was not for nothing that they helped General Ma Chung-Ying, leader of a Muslim uprising in Sinkiang, in 1931-1934. Their plan, however, died with General Ma's defeat and his subsequent flight into Soviet Russia, where he was interned.

In this connection, it is noteworthy that since their occupation of Paotow, the Chinese railhead in Western Suiyuan, the Japanese have not tried to push further westward. There might be numerous reasons, but at least one of them is the unpleasant thought of coming into conflict with these fierce fighters—Chinese Mahomedans.

Their Loyalty

Through an enlightened and benevolent policy, the Chinese Government in the past few years has succeeded in drawing these 48,000,000 citizens of Muslim faith closer. Many an object-lesson has been afforded the Mahomedans that while union means strength, division spells ruin. The choice with them is clear. And they have chosen to stand by the National Government in the existing crisis.

These Mahomedans, to be found mostly in Kansu, Ninghsia and Chinghai (Kokonor) are well-trained and organised for fighting purposes. In Ninghsia, their commander is General Ma Hung-Kwai, a devoted Mahomedan and a skilled soldier. Over in Chinghai is General Ma Ling, Governor of the Province, with General Ma Pu-Fang in active charge of the troops.

Their Solidarity

Ma is a common surname with the Chinese Mahomedans. Literally translated, the word means "steed". The Ma clan is the dominating clan in China's Muslim North-West. They are with the Chinese Government. That fact alone speaks well for the solidarity between the 48,000,000 Mahomedans, who represent roughly one-tenth of China's total population, and the rest of the nation, which is now up in arms against the Japanese invaders.

Kansu, another province with more than a sprinkling of Mahomedan population, has now as its Governor-General Chu Shao-Liang, one of Generalissimo Chiang Kai-Shek's trusted lieutenants, who distinguished himself a long time ago as a good soldier and able administrator. His role in Kansu, which is sandwiched geographically by Ninghsia in the North and Chinghai in the South, with Sinkiang fencing off its Western frontier, is to co-ordinate the Chinese Government troops in the North-West with due regard for their religious differences.

A Popular Leader

It is noteworthy that General Pai Chung-Hsi, Deputy Commander of the Kwangsi troops who has been Generalissimo Chiang Kai-Shek's right hand man in military affairs since the outbreak of the war, is a staunch Mahomedan. He is a popular figure with the vast majority of the Chinese Mahomedans in the North-West, who generally look up to him as their leader.

If Japanese troops now in Western Suiyvan one of these days think themselves strong enough to move from the railway line into the immense hinterland to the West they will be opposed by men who have in their veins some of the fiercest fighting blood the world has ever known.

FRANKLY SPEAKING

CLOVE BOYCOTT.

The clove boycott in Bombay City is admitted even by the severest critics of the Congress to have been a complete success. But to serve fully the purpose for which the boycott has been started, namely, to compel the Government of Zanzibar to arrive at a settlement with the local Indian dealers in cloves, the boycott needs to be a success all over India, the largest market for Zanzibar cloves. For this purpose it is necessary, as Sardar Vallabhbhai suggested in his address at Mandvi on Sunday night, that the Indian public as well as merchants should impose a ban on the use of cloves till the desired settlement is effected. The boycott has already begun to tell on the Zanzibar Government who have started fresh negotiations with Indians, and Mr. G. Bozman, Deputy Secretary to the Education Department of Government of India, who is at present in England, will fly to Zanzibar shortly in order to negotiate a final settlement. A stiff all-India boycott of cloves at this time will only strengthen his hands and expedite a settlement.

CLOSING THE RANKS

The news that Congressmen in Bengal have decided to close up their ranks will be received with great relief and jubilation not only in the province but also throughout the country. The dissensions that have been rampant in Bengal politics, since the lamented death of Mr. C. R. Das, have been most deplorable, particularly in view of the great role played by Bengal in the history of the Indian national movement. The harm done by those fissiparous tendencies has been well-nigh incalculable and the ignominy of a non-Congress administration in one of the most Congress-minded provinces in India can be traced to the internal jealousies and internecine squabbles which have defied a solution so long.

MASS CONTACT.

The credit olf the present rapprochement goes entirely to President Subhas Chandra Bose, whose appeal for unity at the annual general meeting of the Bengal Provincial Congress Committee has evoked a unanimous response. The meeting has endorsed without a dissentient vote the list of the Executive Committee presented by Mr. Bose and has promised loyally to follow his programme. Rightly enough, the President has placed the mass contact movement—specially among the Muslims and Scheduled Castes—in the forefront of his programme and its success would by itself prove the solvent of the present communal differences in the country. We have no doubt that the new solidarity among the Congress rank and file will speedily make itself felt on the political complexion of the province and that Bengal will soon have the honour of a Congress Ministry to guide its destinies.

REPRESSION IN JAIPUR

Aping Hitler is becoming common among Indian Princes, and the Congress resolution on non-intervention in the States seems to have led some of them to believe that they have at last a licence from the Congress as well as the Government to play the autocrat without any let or hindrance. Repression in Jaipur is only typical. The latest from this State is the enactment of a regulation which makes short work of civil liberties in the State. It lays down, among other things, that (1) "no public society shall be established without the previous sanction of the Government," that (2) at any time at the sweet will of the Government the Society "may be closed down by an order of the Council of State", and that (3) "the Prime Minister may ban the entry into the State of any person who is likely to create or foment, by his words or actions, such friction as this Regulation seeks to avoid." It is of interest to know in this connection that Seth Jamnalal Bajaj is to preside over the annual session of the Jaipur Raj Praja Mandal in the first week of May. The State authorities will do well not to play any pranks with the session or with the civil liberties of the State people in general.

Indians And Matheran Rugby Hotel

To The Editor of "The Chronicle".

Sir,—During the hot summer days one's attention is naturally drawn towards the cool air of the hill station. Matheran being the nearest and most easily accessible, one is tempted to go there very often; but at the Rugby Hotel conditions are such that any self-respecting Indian would feel degraded to go and stay there. No Indians are allowed in the main lounge. They are neither given permission to take their breakfast, lunch, tea or dinner in the main dining room nor are they allowed to use or occupy any of the rooms situated at a higher level which are exclusively reserved for Europeans and Englishmen. How long, I wonder, are the public going to tolerate such a state of affairs as exist to-day in an Indian hotel, managed and owned by Indians, at Matheran, their favourite hill resort.

It is, indeed, surprising that hotel proprietors of Indian Nationality should get away with such degrading and humiliating distinction between Indians and Europeans in these days of "national consciousness."

I may here mention that to the best of my knowledge neither in India nor in any part of Europe or Great Britain has an Indian to encounter handicaps similar to those that are being enforced to-day on Indians at the Rugby Hotel at Matheran.

I trust your paper will enlighten the public fully of these conditions prevailing at the Rugby Hotel, and I sincerely hope that the public will boycott this hotel completely as long as this injustice to Indian continues.—Yours, etc.,

NATIONALIST INDIAN.

Bombay, April 11.

WITHOUT COMMENT—

SURAT, April 19.

The decision of the Congress to capture 38 out the 40 seats in the newly-constituted Surat District Local Board has kept out of the contest almost all the veteran members who have served on it for a number of years. Among them, is Sardar Rao Bahadur Bhimbhai R. Naik who has occupied the presidential chair for several years and Sardar Khan Bahadur Bhiladwala who has for several terms been vice-president."
—Anglo-Indian Report.

* * *

The visit to India of the Lancashire Trade Delegation is likely to take place in the autumn.
How symbolical for India.

* * *

"India", says Anglo-India, "will soon have the nucleus of a home-grown economic research advisory bureau."
Yes. "Home"-grown by Professor T. E. Gregory.

* * *

"Politics was a dirty game but they must endeavour to raise it to an ethical plane, if possible."
Thus said Sir Md. Usman formerly Minister, Executive Councillor and even acting Governor of Madras and now Leader of the Opposition in the Madras Council.

* * *

UPROAR AND BLOWS AT NAGPUR MEETING!

Congressmen V. Sabhaites
—Headlines

Nothing of the kind. It was all stage managed under instructions from the Congress Working Committee wilfully to deceive Mr. Jinnah and party.

* * *

It is reported that Sir Sikandar Hayat and his Muslim Honourable colleagues will attend the All-India Muslim League Session at Calcutta.
We can bet you Mr. Jinnah's implacable opposition to Federation and his twenty-one points as also Maulana Zafar Ali's hitherto unchanged views on Shahidgani that the Muslim League leader and the Punjab Premier will cordially agree with each other.

* * *

To mark his disapproval, so it is reported from Karachi, of the policy of the Congress party in the Sind Assembly, a Muslim leader has resigned (a) his ordinary membership of the Congress and (b) his Presidentship of the Sind Provincial Khilafat Committee.
We heartily congratulate him.

* * *

PRIZE HOWLERS
(Perpetrated By The Junior Colleague)

(1) In view of Justice Thom's report, the statutory provisions in the Government of India Act in regard to the appointment, personnel, nationality, authority, etc. of the Railway Board will be drastically changed by an amending Act of Parliament.

(2) In view of what has happened in Europe and what may happen hereafter, the Zionist Congress and the British Government have jointly agreed to establish a supplementary Jewish National Home in Egypt.

* * *

A report refers to an Anglo-Italian agreement being "on the verge of signature."
And then down, down the realistic precipice

* * *

M. Blum having resigned M. Daladier has duly formed the new French Cabinet, says a report.
Good. Now the stage is set for publicists and journalists to speculate about the next one.

* * *

"I proclaim the day of Greater Germany and the Reich. Hoist the flag."
—Herr Hitler.
Oh wind, if "the day" comes, "Der Tag" is not very far behind.

Income-Tax Bill In Assembly

Govt. Accept Bhulabhai Desai's Suggestions

NO INTENTION TO RUSH MEASURE, ASSURES GRIGG

NEW DELHI, April 11.

Before resuming discussion on Income-Tax Bill the Central Assembly adopted a motion moved by Sir Thomas Stewart adding the names of Mr. A. C. Datta and Mr. S. N. Roy to the Select Committee on the Bill, to consolidate and amend the law relating to motor vehicles.

He said that at the time when the motion was made, it was not known that the Law Member and himself would not be available to serve on the Select Committee. Mr. Datta will be on the Panel of Chairman of the Committee and Mr. Roy would be appointed to the committee in his place. The Select Committee will meet in the first week of July.

Mr. Bhulabhai Desai, leader of the Congress Party, made a statement arising out of his conversations with the Finance Member, so that the discussions of the Income-tax Bill might be largely confined to specific programme to be followed with regard to further progress of the Bill. He made it clear that in moving for the circulation of the Bill, their intention and object was that they should get some time after the sitting of the Simla session was over, to study the opinions received on the Bill, in order that they might be well prepared for work on Select Committee. The Select Committee, now appointed, would not be called upon to meet till middle of October, and after that assurance by the Government, the Congress Party was agreeable for referring the bill to Select Committee. So far as discussion was concerned, in view of large number of members who want to participate in it, it will continue till to-morrow afternoon when he would wind up the debate.

Sir James Grigg said that the outline of procedure chalked out by Mr. Desai was acceptable to Government. He also assured the House that the Government had no intention to rush the bill through without adequate opportunity of expression being given for all shades of opinion.

He fully appreciated the desire of Honourable Members to have opportunity to studying the opinions before the Select Committee actually met. He wished to make it plain that the Select Committee should conclude its work so as to enable the special session of the Assembly to meet in the first half of November in Delhi.

He was glad to say that the leader of the opposition had assured him that the meeting of the Select Committee should not be unduly prolonged and had further assured him of every possibility of the Committee finishing work within the time allowed for the special session to meet in November. The Finance Member was grateful to all the parties of the House for their co-operation and he was glad that the Bill was now assured of consideration with maximum amount of co-operation and with minimum amount of controversy.—A.P.

Mr. A. Ayyangar resuming his unfinished speech on the Income-Tax Bill pointed out that Double Taxation Relief Convention was operating unfairly to India, which had to refund one crore sixteen lakhs to foreign companies. He criticised the provision regarding the aggregation of the income of husband and wife, as in his opinion, it would discourage independent earning by women in a country where women were just trying to come out of their seclusion and where divorce was rare.

MOTION WITHDRAWN.

Mr. A. C. Datta in view of the statements made by the Leader of the Opposition and the Finance Member asked leave to withdraw his motion for circulation.

The House agreed to his request.

"A COMPLICATED BILL."

Mr. L. C. Buss, Leader of the European Group, proceeded to deal with the Bill in general terms and congratulated the Finance Member and his Department on the speed with which they had produced a very complicated bill. He also recalled that the European Group had consistently urged that if by tightening up the administration of existing taxation, fresh taxation could be avoided That was obviously the right policy to pursue and in so far as the Bill had that object, it had the group's general support But it would not be right to impose a large number of additional restrictions and limitations on the general body of tax-payers just because there might be one or two cases of evasion here or there. He stressed the importance of the principle that taxation, particularly income-tax, should not make too great an inroad on the margin over expenditure in commerce and industry.

Mr. Buss supported the compromise suggested by Mr. Jinnah the other day and accepted by the Finance Member and to-day by the Leader of the Opposition.

Mr. G. B. Rairang addressed his remarks mainly to the proposal to aggregate the incomes of husband and wife and pointed out that it had led the Income-tax Enquiry Committee from one absurdity to another.

FOREIGN CAPITAL.

Mr. N. M. Joshi referred to the recommendations of the Taxation Enquiry Committee in 1926 and said many of the provisions of the Bill were suggested by that Committee. Government, he declared, had been very indifferent on the subject of income-tax and very slow in giving effect to the suggestions of the Taxation Enquiry Committee. He refuted the argument that income-tax would prevent entry of foreign capital.

If there were avenues of profitable investment in India foreign capital was bound to come in spite of income tax but he was not very anxious that foreign capital should come to India.

As regard the argument that heavy income tax would adversely affect trade and industry, he referred to the condition in England where trade in industry flourished in spite of the incidence of income-tax being heavier there.

Mr. B. N. Chaudhury contended that agricultural income had been left out because tax on agriculture would involve the planting community whom it was government's intention to save. But, he declared, at least 60 per cent of the income of planters thus went untaxed resulting in a loss to his province of Assam, for instance, of some thirty lakhs a year. He urged that retrenchment should go hand in hand with taxation.

Mr. Abdul Rashid Chaudhury examined the Bill at length, and referred to the failure to amend the exemption clauses of the act. He argued that British investments in India were producing an income of Rs. 65 crores a year and this amount was escaping taxation, it would have brought Rs. 6—1/2 crores if taxed.

Seth Bhagchand Soni objected to the provision empowering an incometax collector to enter the premises of an assesse for inspection. This, he declared, would lead to harassment. He contended that the inclusion of foreign income when it was neither brought nor received in British India would be a great hardship and entail numerous difficulties.

WHY EXEMPTION SECTIONS?

Mr. Avinashlingam Chettiar urged the deletion of the exemption sections. Section 60 which empowered the Governor-General to exempt various classes of income from income-tax was iniquitous and unheard of anywhere except in India. The Income Tax Enquiry Committee had held that the power given by this section was inconsistent with the Government of India Act 1935. He wanted to know why the Finance Member who had included most other recommendations of the Committee in the Bill had left out this particular recommendation.

PLEA FOR CIRCULATION.

Mr. Walchand Navalrai said he would have preferred regular circulation instead of circulation by executive order but now that circulation by executive order had been agreed to he hoped that the Finance Member would ask the Provincial Government's to give as wide a circulation as possible. He pointed out that since the act was passed in 1922 over twenty small amending bills had been enacted and instead of such complicated bill which had been brought forward by the Finance Member he ought to have framed one consolidated measure to replace the entire act.—A.P.

INDIA PAYS ABOUT 10 LACS TO LEAGUE

NEW DELHI, April 11.

Government do not propose either to withdraw from the League of Nations nor to default in the payment of the contribution, said Sir Nripendranath Sircar replying to Mr. Manu Subedar in the Central Assembly to-day.

The revised estimate of India's contribution to the League for the year 1937 was Rs. 9,89,000, while the estimate for 1938 was Rs. 9,69,000.

Question: Have Government made any representation in order to get this contribution reduced?

Answer:—Yes, on numerous occasions and with some measure of success.

ABSOLUTE ALCOHOL.

Sir G. S. Bajpai informed the same member that so far as Government are aware no experiments have been made in British India for the production of absolute alcohol except on a laboratory scale. The whole question is under investigation by a joint committee of Bihar and United Provinces whose report is awaited. —A. P.

THERE'S A LADY ALSO IN THE HOUSE

NEW DELHI, April 11.

Mrs. Subbaroyan, the first woman member of the Central Assembly, took her seat to-day amid enthusiastic cheers in the Assembly.

Some amusement was caused when as the President entered at 11, the Marshal's ringing voice announced: "Gentlemen, the Honourable the President." Members on the Congress benches as they stood up humourously remarked: "There is a lady also in the House, not only gentlemen."

Mrs. Subbaroyan sat on the front bench between the Leader and the Deputy Leader of the Opposition.—A. P

INCOME-TAX BILL

NEW DELHI, April 11.

An agreement with regard to the future progress of the Income-Tax Bill was announced in the Assembly by the Leader of the Opposition and the Finance Member. The agreed procedure will be as follows:—

The Finance Member will circulate the Bill by executive order up to 15th August.

The Select Committee will meet by about the middle of October, and a special session of the Assembly will be held in Delhi early in November.—A. P.

ADJOURNMENTS ON BIHTA REPORT WITHDRAWN

NEW DELHI, April 11.

Two notices of adjournment motion in the Assembly on Sir John Thom's report on the Bihta disaster were withdrawn on the Communications Member's assurance that a day will be alloted early in the Simla session for a full and free discussion of the document.—A. P.

UNION JACK IN ASSEMBLY

NEW DELHI, April 11.

During the question hour to-day Mr. Manu Subedar asked: "What is the Union Jack?"

Sir Zafrullah Khan: "The honourable member knows it himself".

Prof. Ranga: "Under what rule this House is bound by the practice in Parliament?"

Sir Zafrullah: "There is no question of this House being bound by a practice elsewhere."

Prof. Ranga: "Is it then permissible for any member to remove the flag?"

Sir Zafrullah: "No. The members do not possess this House."

Mr. Anantasayanam Ayyengar asked: "Under whose authority was this flag put up?"

Mr. Satyamurthi: "Will the Honourable President remove this flag if we, members, do not want it? Will you, Sir, examine the matter whether flags and emblems can be flown without the Speaker's knowledge? I would submit that you should consult us as to whether we should have this sign of slavery flying over us when we are fighting for freedom."

The Chair: "The honourable member cannot put any question to me."—United Press.

"CHRONICLE" JUBILEE NUMBER

"O Independente" of Nova Goa writes:—

"On the 3rd inst., this much read Indian daily newspaper "The Bombay Chronicle", completed 25 years of its existence and this event was celebrated with Silver Jubilee number of 130 pages with beautiful decorated cover bearing on the centre the photo of its founder".

"The special number, which has a select collaboration of the several Indian leaders, contains messages, congratulations, and other articles of public interest, including one of its able editor, Mr. Syed A. Brelvi, in which he shows the various phases through which the "Chronicle" passed from its foundation, when it was under the editorship of the great journalist, Mr. Horniman, till the present. The number contains also nice illustrations."

MAN BURNT TO DEATH

Six Seriously Injured In Calcutta Cotton Factory Fire

CALCUTTA, April 11.

One man was burnt to death and half a dozen seriously injured as a result of a big fire that broke out at a cotton factory situated at Ghusury in Howrah, this afternoon.

Five fire engines and one fire boat fought with the flames for nearly two hours and brought the fire under control after strenuous efforts.

A number of cotton bales were destroyed by the fire.

The injured persons were removed to the Hospital.—United Press.

HUNGER-STRIKE IN DACCA JAIL

Plea For Classification As Politicals

DACCA, April 10.

Bhutnath Manna and Suresh Chandra Bagh, who have been convicted in connection with the Daspur Sub-Inspector Murder Case and are now lodged in the Dacca Central Jail, are on hunger-strike on the ground that they should be included in the classification of political prisoners, so that they may have the advantages of such classification.

Bhutnath Manna was sentenced to six months' rigorous imprisonment on a charge of resorting to hungerstrike in sympathy with the political prisoners about a month ago.—A.P.

JALLIANWALLA BAUG'S LESSON TO NATION

"Close Up Your Ranks & Fight For Freedom"

"For Gandhiji the whole world is a mill and he works in it for 18 hours, whereas you work in your mill for eight hours," declared Mrs. Laxmibai Thuse, M.L.A., speaking at a Labour meeting at DeLisle Road, on Monday, held in connection with the "National Week." Mr. Dagdu Palse presided.

Mrs. Thuse remarked that the study of the life Gandhiji did not admit of antagonistic feelings between castes, creeds and classes.

Mr. Mhatre thought that the only reply to a reign of repression and injustice was the organisation of a non-violent army, holding courage, patience and truth as primary articles of faith. Gandhiji, he added, had taught them those virtues.

The tragedy of Jallianwalla Baug had taught the people of India to close up their ranks and stand as one man for the complete attainment of freedom.

The meeting then terminated.

Hitler's Role As "Despatch Rider Of God"

Austro-German Union Is "Justification Of All Efforts", Says Fuehrer

VIENNA: April 11.

The result of the plebiscite in Austria was announced by Dr. Seyss-Inquart in the Concert Hall, after which Herr Buerckel in a broadcast speech referred to Herr Hitler's war services as a despatch rider and said that Herr Hitler to-day was a despatch rider of the Almighty delivering his message to the German people.

Herr Hitler replying by wireless from the Chancellery in Berlin said that the result of the plebiscite had surpassed everything he could possibly have hoped for. He was so happy over this final expression of German-Austria's true will and the confidence placed in him by the whole of the German people that he could not find words to express his feelings.

Herr Hitler added: "In this irrevocable unification of the German people I see the justification of all my efforts and in this historic hour I offer from the depth of my heart my sincerest thanks to the whole of the German people, particularly those of my native country."—Reuter.

99.75 P. C. AUSTRIAN VOTE FOR ANSCHLUSS

VIENNA, April 11.

The total number of votes cast in Austria was 4,283,712 of which 4,273,884 were "yes" making a percentage of 99.75.—Reuter.

Election On Board Ship

LONDON, April 10.

A Reuter correspondent aboard the "Wilhelmgustoff" states the result of the plebiscite of the Austro-Germans living in England, who voted aboard the "Wilhelmgustoff", was that 1167 Germans and 801 Austrians voted "yes" and five Germans and five Austrians "no".—Reuter.

ELECTION RESULTS FROM RHENISH TOWNS

BERLIN April 11.

The first result to be known was of the Austrians in Rhenish towns where 90 persons voted "yes" and one "no". The first German result was of Neuss Westdusseldorf 38175 "yes" 145 "no" and 19 invalid.

Similar results are now coming in from all over the country.—Reuter.

PARIS PRESS FEARS PLEBISCITE RESULT

PARIS, April 11.

The results of the German Plebiscite have caused renewed apprehensions in the Paris Press of further German expansion.

The "Epoque" declares that the balance of power in Europe has been completely modified. If we allow the German flood to extend further the day will come when we shall find ourselves submerged.

The "Petit Parisien" says all the peoples threatened by the German expansion must group together for the salvation of Europe at stake.

"Homme Libre" declares that we must be able to say "Hitler, thus far and no further" and be in a position to back our words by deeds.—Reuter.

Sweeping Majority For Anschluss

BERLIN, April 10.

Of the votes counted hitherto 9,589,045 are "yes" and 91,429 are "no" while 15,231 are invalid.—Reuter.

FINAL RESULT OF PLEBISCITE.

BERLIN, April 11.

The unofficial final result of the plebiscite in Germany and Austria:—

Votes cast	49,326,791
Yes	48,799,269
No	452,180
Invalid	75,342
Percentage	99.08.

—Reuter.

TRAGEDY OF STAMPEDE IN CINEMA

DIO DE JANEIRO, April 11.

Thirty children were killed and 100 were injured in San Paulo in a stampede from a Cinema which was started, by an unfounded cry of fire.—Reuter's Special.

STRIKE NOTICE TO BE WITHDRAWN

Madras Tramway Workers' Executive Issues Lengthy Statement

MADRAS, April 11.

As a result of the Government's communique issued on April 9 advising the Tramway and Electric Supply Workers' Association to withdraw the strike notice served by them on Mr. Burkinshaw, the Agent, the Executive Committee of the Madras Tramway and Electric Supply Workers' Association have at their meeting held to-day resolved to withdraw the notice of strike without prejudice to the fundamental importance that has been raised by the Association, namely, no victimisation of workers for their Trade Union activities.

In the course of a lengthy statement in this connection, the Executive Committee say that they could not agree with the Government that the issue involved is such a simple one as not to justify strike. The issue involved in the dispute is one of deliberate victimisation of prominent office-bearers of the Workers' Organisation for Trade Union activities.

In view, however, of the fact that Government "still hope to succeed in bringing about an internal settlement of the dispute, failing which they hope to induce the other party to agree to the reference of the dispute to an impartial tribunal", the Executive Committee withdraw the strike notice.

In conclusion the Executive Committee say, since Congressmen of long-standing public service alone can create necessary confidence in the public and workers, they hope Government will bear this fact in mind when appointing an umpire. —United Press.

Mahatma's Message For Midnapore

ROUSING RECEPTION TO SUBHAS.

Congress Organisations Revived After Lifting Of Ban.

MIDNAPORE, April 11.

"I hope that Midnapore will show that it stands for unadulterated non-violence. In my opinion that is our greatest need." says Mahatma Gandhi in the course of his message to the people of Midnapore sent through Mr. Subhas Bose, Congress President, who arrived at Tamluk in the Midnapore district this morning in connection with reviving the Congress organisations in this district, the ban on which was recently lifted by the Bengal Government.

ROUSING RECEPTION

Mr. Subhas Bose was accorded a rousing reception at the station by Mr. Mahendra Maity, President of the Midnapore District Congress Committee and other Congressmen. He was taken in procession through the main streets of the town on which two dozen gates were erected. The Congress President addressed a huge public meeting at Jorapukur. In the course of his speech he urged the people of Midnapore to join the Congress.

Mr. Bose travelled in a third class compartment.—United Press.

SENIOR ADVOCATES OF FEDERAL COURT

NEW DELHI, April 11.

The following persons have been enrolled as senior advocates of the Federal Court:—

Diwan Bahadur S. Aravamuda Aiyangar (Madras), Rao Bahadur Tribhabahrai D. Rana (Bombay), Mr Narayana Keshav-Rajguru (Bombay), Mr. Lakahman Balwant Bhopatkar (Bombay), Mr. Anant Narayana Aiyar (Madras).—A. P.

Bhopatkar Also Enrols Himself

POONA, April 11.

Mr. L. B. Bhopatkar, Vice-Principal of the Law College, Poona, and President of the Democratic Swarajya Party, has been enrolled as a Senior Advocate of the Supreme Federal Court, New Delhi.—United Press.

HANDCUFFS FOR VIBHUTE?

BOMBAY, April 11.

Mr. R. A. Khedgikar, M.L.A., has received a telegram to-day from Sholapur stating that Mr. Vibhute (one of the local workers, who was recently convicted and sentenced to a term of imprisonment by the Sholapur Magistrate) has been handcuffed for the last two days for failure to do chakki work of grinding 35 pounds per day.

The message adds that he is also threatened by the Jail authorities that if he fails to do the task, he would be produced before the Magistrate for standing his trial for refusal to do the necessary jail work.—United Press.

VICEROY GIVES ASSENT

B. Das' Child Marriage Restraint Act Becomes Law

NEW DELHI, April 11.

The Governor General has given assent to Mr. B. Das' Bill to amend Child Marriage Restraint Act, which was passed in the Central Legislature last week. It now becomes Act XIX of 1938 and is in force from April 9 and will be published in the Gazette of India dated 16th April.—A.P.

Thakore Saheb Madarsinhji Dies Of Heart Failure

RAJKOT, April 11.

Thakore Saheb Madarsinhji of Sayla State expired last night at Sayla by heart-failure at the age of 68. His heir-apparent being major, Throne will be handed over to him. It is learnt that the deceased returned from pilgrimage yesterday.

Oxford Beat Lyons

CANNES, April 11.

The Boat race crew of the Oxford defeated Lyons easily, while Cambridge beat Toulouse by six lengths. The races were rowed over 1,500 metres in the open sea.—Reuter.

GOOD SUPPORT FOR DELADIER

New Feature Of French Govt.

PARIS, April 11.

One of the features of the new Government is an Inner Committee of six members, M. Deladier, M. Chautemps, M. Reynaud, M. Sarraut, M. Bonnet, M. Marchandeau, who will meet daily.

M. Deladier can rely on 207 supporters in the Chamber against 222 potential opponents, but he is certain to receive large measure of support from the minority groups, numbering 185. So he should find a sufficient majority.—Reuter.

DALADIER TO FACE CHAMBER

To Ask For Plenary Powers For Definite Objects

PARIS, April 11.

Although the Cabinet, particularly the Finance Minister, M. Marchandeau, is busy unravelling the skeins of office, M. Daladier has decided to face the Chamber to-morrow, probably to ask plenary powers for a limited period for definite objects.

If he is supported by the Chamber and the Senate, the Parliament may suspend sittings until the middle of May.—Reuter.

BRITAIN, LEAGUE AND ABYSSINIA

GENEVA, April 11.

The British Government have sent a note to the League asking that the question of Abyssinia be settled at the next meeting of the Council on May 1.—Reuter.

For Military Defence Of Australia

SYDNEY, April 11.

The Minister for Defence announced that the Commonwealth Government will shortly be appointing a British Army officer as Inspector-General for the Military Defence of Australia.—Reuter.

EGYPT RAISES TARIFF WALLS.

CAIRO, April 11.

Increased customs tariffs on cotton piecegoods and yarns ranging up to hundred per cent. are being enforced immediately in Egypt.—Reuter's Special.

READ IT FREE

The contributions of Prof. Gambers to the science of sex are well-known. Of the three dozen books written by him, his book "Ideal Marriage" (280 pages, 32 Illustrations, Rs. 2|4|-) has been acclaimed to be the best. To acquaint you with the author WE LEND OUT THIS BOOK FOR READING FREE OF ANY CHARGE OR OBLIGATION. Do come to our office any day between 10 A.M. and 7 P.M. and take loan of a copy. You are sure to benefit from its study.

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Corporation And Tobacco Duty

Representation To Bombay Govt. Not To Appropriate Rs. Five Lakhs

Mr. Sultan M. Chinoy, the Mayor presided for the first time on Monday over the meeting of the Municipal Corporation and within a few minutes impressed upon the Councillors the need of abstaining from repeating the same arguments over again, as were advanced by other Councillors and thus save time of the House. He also used his gavel several times, calling the Councillors to observe silence and to attend to the debate.

Demand For Tobacco Duty Share

A very important item was discussed by the Municipal Corporation and though it was marked "confidential," the House wanted to treat it as public. This was in regard to the attempt of the Government of Bombay to appropriate municipal revenue to the extent of Rs. 5 lakhs from the Tobacco Duty.

A representation was drafted to be forwarded to the Government of Bombay through the Mayor and Mr. A. P. Sabawala, Chairman of the Standing Committee, moved for its approval. "Inter alia" it stated:

"Government have been giving the entire proceeds from the tobacco duty at the old rate less expenses of collection to the Municipality since 1st May 1856 as compensation for the expenses of maintaining the Fire Brigade and the Police force in the city. The latter liability however was exchanged for an equivalent liability in regard to Medical Relief, Primary Education, etc., in 1907. They contemplated the repeal of the Tobacco Act in 1909 and the amendment of the Municipal Act so as to enable the Municipality to include tobacco in the Schedule of articles liable to Town Duty and to leave the collection of the duty to Municipal agency on the ground that they had to incur all the odium of collecting the tax while the Municipality took the net proceeds thereof. However the proposal was dropped at the request of the Corporation in view of the difficulties involved in the collection of the duty and the probable loss that might result to the Corporation by the proposed change. Subsequently on three occasions viz: in 1914, 1919 and 1923 Government proposed to abolish the duty and to give to the Municipality alternative sources of revenue to compensate them for the loss resulting thereby, but as no agreement on these alternative sources could be reached the proposal was abandoned each time. At the time of the amalgamation of the City Improvement Trust with the Municipality the Tobacco Duty Act was amended and the rate of duty was increased from Rs. 7-8-0 to Rs. 30 per maund. Government then directed that the net receipts from the duty after deduction of the whole expenses of collection should be paid 1/4th to the Municipality and 3/4ths to the City Improvement Trust. It will be evident from this that the tobacco duty has all along been levied as a local tax and Government had no intention to withdraw it. This will be further evident from the fact that when the Tobacco Duty Amendment Bill was under discussion in the Legislative Council in 1932, Sir Rustom Vakil the then Minister for Local Self-Government who introduced the Bill said that ..."for the last 75 years this (payment of the collections from tobacco duty to the Bombay Municipality) is being done and it is not the intention of Government to withdraw it.

TRUST BUDGET.

"Having referred to the deficits in the past Trust Budgets. I will now dwell in brief on its present financial position. The Trust had to borrow large sums for their activities. The total borrowing of the Trust on 31st March 1938 stood at Rs. 16,70,86,000 and out of the total expenditure of Rs. 1,01,84,000 as much as Rs. 81,38,000 is absorbed by interest and sinking fund charges. The expenditure cannot therefore be reduced except to a very small extent. Further I am desired to point out that the income of the Trust cannot be increased at will as they have no powers to levy rates and taxes. Moreover its sources of income are not flexible. They mainly consist of receipts from its properties, contribution from the Municipality and the grant from Government out of the tobacco duty. The Municipal contribution which at 2 per cent. amounted to Rs. 23,52,000 in the year 1932-33 is estimated at 3 per cent. at Rs. 34,21,000 for the year 1938-39 whereas on 3 per cent. basis it would have amounted to Rs. 35,28,000 in the year 1932-33. Similarly the receipts from the tobacco duty which came to Rs. 11,43,000 in the year 1933-34 (year of amalgamation) are estimated at Rs. 11,74,000 for the year 1938-39. There is therefore a fall in the receipts from Municipal contribution and only a very slight increase in the receipts from the Tobacco Duty. It is rather unfortunate that the Bombay Improvement Trust has not so far received from the Government of Bombay the same generous treatment as has been received by the Calcutta Improvement Trust from the Government of Bengal as pointed out in Municipal Commissioner's letter No. SR/6986 of 20th November 1937 addressed to Government in reply to their Confidential Memorandum referred to above. The revenue surpluses of the latter body upto 1936-37 aggregated Rs. 5,39,81,629 and its surplus for the year 1936-37 came to Rs. 11,69,342 and still the Government of Bengal in spite of their own financial difficulties have been giving them a grant of Rs. 1,50,000 per annum.

CITY THE LOSER.

I am to observe that if the Government grant is reduced by Rs. 5 lakhs, the Trust Budget for 1938-39 which is estimated to result in a surplus of about Rs. 24,000 will show at deficit if Rs. 4,76,000 and the Trust will have to postpone their schemes for the clearance of slums and the improvement of the City. The Corporation therefore submit that so far from effecting a cut in the grant from the tobacco duty Government should consider the question of giving in due course additional sources of revenue to the Trust so that the clearance of slums, provision of housing accommodation and the improvement of communications can be expedited."

Mr. A. P. Sabawala in moving the adoption of the draft representation regretted that the popular government of Bombay, whose regard for the poor of the City was wellknown were attempting to take away Rs. 5 lakhs from the Bombay Municipality. If this amount was not given to the Municipality, many amenities which the Municipality wished to give to the City, such as slum clearance and so forth, will have to be withheld.

Prof. Y. G. Rao seconded the proposition.

Mr. Mathradas Tricumji wanted to know why the Municipal Commissioner did not place this matter before the Standing Committee or the Municipal Corporation although it was communicated to him as far as September last. Besides the cut is to be distributed between the Municipality and the Improvement Trust, but it is referred to the Trust Budget only.

DEMAND FOR FAIR SHARE

Mr. B. N. Karanjia said if the licence fees were increased by the Government, the Municipality should have a fair share of it.

Sir J. B. Boman Behram said if the bureaucratic government had taken away Rs. 5 lakhs, they would have been abused but this was a popular Government and he ws surprised that they had attempted to take Rs. 5 lakhs from the Municipality instead of helping it.

Mr. K. F. Nariman complimented the Municipal Commissioner for standing by the Bombay Municipality although nominated by the bureaucratic government. The Bombay Municipality had enjoyed the right of Tobacco Duty for the last 75 years, and the Government had attempted to encroach upon it. He urged the House to stand as one man and support the proposition.

The proposition was put to vote and carried "nem con."

MATERNITY HOMES

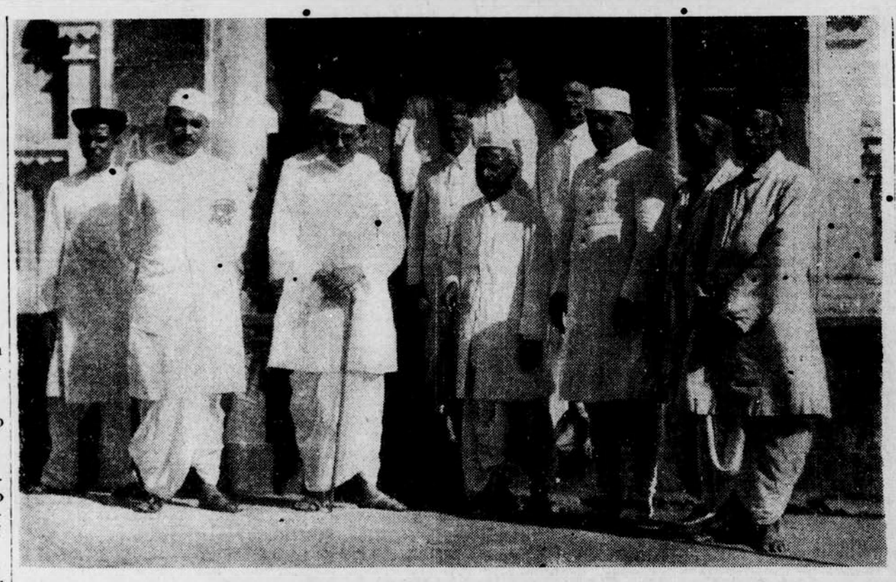
The Corporation then agreed to the following proposition of Dr. Sir Mangaldas V. Mehta.

"That the Corporation are of opinion that in view of the great popularity of the several Municipal Maternity Homes, it is highly desirable to increase accommodation and provide additional beds in those Homes and to, provide new Homes wherever possible to meet the growing demand of the public therefor.

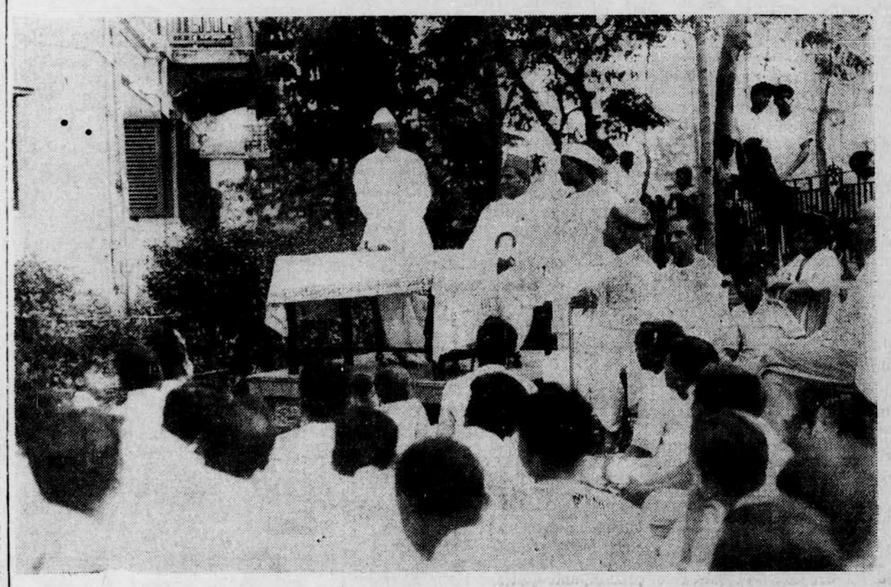
NO INCREASE

The Municipal Commissioner had proposed to increase the licence fee of a butcher's shop in a private market from Rs. 10 to Rs. 25 per annum. On the motion of Dr. J. N. Choksy the House agreed to continue it as at present, viz Rs. 10 per annum.

The House then adjourned till Thursday week.



The Marathi Grantha Sangrahalaya gave a reception to the Bombay Ministry on Sunday at Thakurdwar. Photo taken on the occasion.



Mr. K. M. Munshi performed the opening ceremony of the Khadi Sales Depot at Matunga on Saturday evening. Mr. Munshi is seen addressing the gathering.

LANCASHIRE DELEGATION

Indo-British Trade Talks At Simla In May

CALCUTTA, April 10.

Private advices received here from the commercial circles in Bombay indicate that Sir Purshottamdas Thakurdas and Seth Kasturbhai Lalbhai have agreed to meet the Lancashire Textile Delegation to evolve a settlement of the conflicting views between the British and Indian textile interests.

It is definitely learnt that the British delegation will reach India by the end of April, and direct form of negotiations between Indian unofficial advisers and the Lancashire delegates on the question of the Indo-British trade will commence at Simla early in May.—United Press.

ADDRESS OF WELCOME TO VICEROY

LAHORE: April 10.

At an emergent meeting of the Peshawar District Congress Committee, at which Khan Abdul Ghaffar Khan was present by special invitation, a resolution was passed demanding the Peshawar District Board not to present an address of welcome to the Viceroy when His Excellency visits Peshawar, and requesting the Ministry not to participate in festivities in connection with the visit.

At a meeting of the District Board, which body has a Congress majority, a resolution was adopted favouring the presentation of an address of welcome to the Viceroy.

Although no official statement has been made, it is believed in Peshawar that the Ministry is inclined to favour the resolution passed by the District Board.—A. P.

SUPPORT CONGRESS MINISTRY

Jhabvala On Method Of Securing Redress For Daily Grievances

At a public meeting held under the auspices of the 'A' Ward District Congress Committee, on Sunday last Mr. Jhabwala, M.L.A., appealed to the people to join the Congress in large numbers and strengthen it, so, that the Ministers, who are at the helm of 7 (seven) provinces may be enabled to take necessary measures for relief of daily grievances of the masses.

Mr. Pinto while detailing the cause and consequences of the Jallanwalla Baug incident exhorted the people to take a lesson from it and not to help Imperialism in any way.

Mr. Madan Shetty, who followed next pointed out to the audience the strength the Congress has gathered after acceptance of office. The people should not rest at that and they had to call a Constituent Assembly on adult franchise to win real freedom.

Mr. Joachim Alwa, compared the Jalianwalla Baug tragedy with the Eastern Rebellion of Ireland, and opined that such incidents were necessary to inspire them to carry on our fights for political emancipation. The non-co-operation movements of 1919 and 1930 were the outcome of such incidents and unless thousands were prepared to lay down their lives. India would not be free.

Speaking about the Congress Ministry, he said that the real powers was not transferred to the people of India, and the province of Punjab, where the Jalianwalla Baug incident took place had not had even a Congress Ministry today.

Sirdar Thammansingh, and Mr. Ambaram Talakchand also spoke.

Allahabad D. C. C.

ALLAHABAD, April 11.

At a meeting of the District Congress Committee held yesterday, Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru proposed the name of Sardar Narbada Prasad Singh for presidentship of the Committee. The Sardar Saheb was accordingly elected president.—United Press.

DEPUTATION TO CONGRESS PROVINCES

Bengal Scheduled Castes M.L.A.'s Move

CALCUTTA, April 11.

At a conference between some Congress leaders and representatives of the Scheduled Caste members of the Bengal Legislature held to-day it was decided to depute a few Scheduled Castes members to the Congress administered Provinces to study what is being done in those Provinces in the interest of Scheduled Classes.

The idea behind this move is to enlighten the Scheduled Castes people of the Province as to the progressive work done by the Congress in other Provinces for the amelioration of the condition of Scheduled Castes people.—United Press.

PROVINCIAL LIBERAL CONFERENCE

V. N. Chandavarkar Elected President

(From The Secretaries.)

In the meeting of the Reception Committee of the Bombay Provincial Liberal Conference held on Sunday last the name of Mr. V. N. Chandavarkar, Vice-Chancellor of the Bombay University, was unanimously adopted for the Presidentship of the ensuing session, which is fixed to meet at Satara on April 30 and May 1. In the same meeting Dr. G. S. Mahajani who hails from Satara, was unanimously elected Chairman of the Reception Committee.

The open session will begin on April 30 at 3 p.m. in the Shrikrishna Theatre and will be continued on May 1 in the morning and afternoon. Delegates must reach Satara before the 29th evening.

Arrangements for the boarding and lodging of the delegates will be made on payment of Re. 1 per day; and free boarding and lodging will be provided for the bonafide agriculturists and Harijan delegates. The delegates are requested to communicate in advance.

Observe Sunday, April 24 As "All-India Clove Boycott Day"

SARDAR PATEL'S APPEAL TO PROVINCIAL CONGRESS COMMITTEES

Sardar Patel, President of the All-India Clove Boycott Committee in the course of a circulation letter to All Provincial Congress Committees says:

Dear Sirs,—You are well aware that the All-India Clove Boycott Committee has been carrying on the boycott since September 1937. The resolution of the boycott of cloves was again confirmed by the Haripura Congress. The import of cloves was mainly confined to Bombay, Madras and Calcutta. The Committee had therefore organised the boycott through the businessmen of these three centres. The effect of this boycott has been very considerable. It has resulted in the accumulation of almost all the produce of the last year in Zanzibar.

A critical stage has now been reached in this boycott. Persistent efforts are being made to break the boycott by importing the cloves through other ports where it would not be possible for the Congress to put effective check. Large quantities of cloves are also being imported through Calcutta, Madras, Aden and Marmagoa, the last port being a Portuguese territory.

PICKETING IN BOMBAY.

In Bombay similar efforts were made but the vigorous action taken by the B.P.C.C. has brought the situation under control. A number of volunteers have been picketing this stuff in the Customs warehouses at the Carnac Bunder since several days. The merchants who were responsible for the import of cloves in Bombay have come to realise their mistake.

The Bombay merchants are getting nervous. They feel that their trade is being diverted to other centres.

In Calcutta our President is trying to stiffen the boycott through the Bengal Provincial Congress Committee. But from the information available to the Clove Boycott Committee, it has come to the conclusion that time has come when the range of the boycott should be widened and a country-wide agitation should be started. The boycott can no longer be maintained effectively if it is confined to the cloves merchants. The general public should also now be made to realise that the use of cloves must be completely abandoned. For this purpose a country-wide agitation must be immediately started through the Provincial, District and Taluka Congress Committees.

"A. I. CLOVE BOYCOTT DAY."

The Committee has decided to observe Sunday, the 24th April 1938, as the "All-India Clove Boycott Day," on which day processions should be taken out in all the cities, towns and villages in India and public meetings should be held in the evening where resolutions for the boycott of the trade as well as the use of cloves in any shape or form should be passed. Distribution of leaflets explaining the necessity and the importance of the boycott should be undertaken on an extensive scale. Mahajans, Panchayats, caste leaders should be approached and should be persuaded to pass resolutions for the boycott. Panwallas who generally use these cloves and the retail sellers should be persuaded to sign a special pledge of boycott prepared for the purpose. Shops and warehouses where cloves are sold are kept should be picketed. Cloves in stock wherever found should be sealed by the Congress organisations.

APPEAL TO PUBLIC

On behalf of the All-India Clove Boycott Committee, I earnestly appeal to you to arrange for the execution of the above programme through all the district, tahsil, village and other Congress organisations in your Province. I also request you to arrange for a vigorous, persistent and continuous propaganda through the press as well as through the platform, for bringing about a continued, prolonged and effective boycott. The failure of this clove boycott through any laxity on the part of the nation will not only jeopardise the interests of our Indian settlers in Zanzibar but will result in lowering the prestige of the nation as a whole throughout the world. It is therefore the sacred duty of all Congressmen and women to do their level best to see that this boycott succeeds.

Sleepless - Tired - No appetite?

Here is THE UNDERLYING CAUSE IS: WEAK NERVES

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Weakness of the nerves may result in any of a number of complaints sleeplessness, fatigue, lack of appetite, lack of energy, etc.

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Bombay Council

Nemesis Overtakes Emergency Powers

Congress Govt. Carries Repeal Of Measure Forged To Suppress Congress Movement!

MUSLIMS STAGE WALK-OUT ON OPTION CAUSE

Within a record time of three minutes, the Bill to repeal the Bombay (Special) Emergency Powers Act, passed through all the stages in the Bombay Legislative Council on Monday. There were no speeches as such, excepting a few remarks both by the Home Member, who sponsored the Bill and Mr. Joshi, who gave a qualified compliment.

Usual Walk-out

Earlier, the House passed the Bill to amend the Bombay District Municipal Act and the Municipal Boroughs Act through all the three readings. As in the Lower House, so in the Upper House, the Muslim Members walked out as a protest against the retention of the option clause, giving the right to Muslim electorate to decide in favour of Joint Electorates.

Consideration of the Bill to amend the Bombay District Municipal Act and the Bombay Municipal Boroughs Act, as passed by the Assembly, was taken up by the Bombay Legislative Council (Upper House) on Monday with Mr. Mangaldas Pakvasa the President in the Chair.

The President at the outset referred to Mr. J. R. Dhurandhar, who till recently was the Secretary of the Council. The President stated Mr. J. R. Dhurandhar had been raised to the high office of Legal Remembrancer to the Government of Bombay since April 1. Mr. Dhurandhar richly deserved the place that he now occupied in view of his great legal attainments.

Mr. H. K. Chainani, the Secretary of the Assembly till recently, had been made the Secretary of the Upper House and the President hoped that he would give the same loyal co-operation which he gave to the Speaker of the Assembly.

Mr. L. M. Patil, Minister for Local Self-Government moved for the first reading of the Bill to amend the District Municipal Act and the Municipal Boroughs Act. This measure seeks to abolish nominations to local bodies, provides for representation through reservation of seats to Harijans, backward classes and women and gives option to the Muslim electorates to decide in favour of Joint Electorates.

Sir Currimbhoy Ebrahim, (League) Leader of the Opposition opposed the first reading.

Mr. D. N. Deodhekar supported the Bill on general principle.

Dr. P. G. Solanki said that he knew the opinion and aspirations of the Muslims of the Presidency as he had closely moved among them. He felt that the Muslim community was justified in its apprehension about the fate of Mussalmans, if Joint Electorate was to be introduced.

Mr. A. A. Khan opposed the first reading of the Bill, said that the Muslims, as it was, had the option to decide in favour of Joint Electorates and asked where was the necessity for an option clause in the Bill. He felt that this option clause was a camouflage and Government had something up their sleeve.

EXAMPLE OF PARSIS.

Prof. S. R. Davar said that Parsis though a minority community threw in their lot with the majority and agreed to Joint Electorates and they had not felt sorry for it. That was due to their intense sense of patriotism. Muslims somehow entertained some fears regarding the option clause. He for one was in favour of Joint Electorates for all, but nobody should be forced into it. They should be allowed to come in of their own accord. He felt that it was the duty of the majority community to win over the confidence of the minorities by their behaviour and love.

Prof. S. G. Mahajani supporting the Bill, was in favour of the suggestion made by Mr. Khan that he would be in favour of Joint Electorates provided it was decided that any Muslim, who was elected in a Joint Electorate should receive a minimum number of Muslim votes. That is a Muslim candidate getting more Muslim votes than another Muslim in a Joint Electorates should be declared elected. There was something to be said in favour of this suggestion and he wanted Government to consider this suggestion.

MAHAJANI'S GRIEVANCE.

Continuing Prof. Mahajani said that the members of the Upper House had not been included in any of the Committees of enquiry that the Government had appointed. No Joint Session of both the Houses had been summoned. He agreed that many parties in the country were against the constitution of Upper Houses. He would be the first to support a resolution in favour of abolition of the Upper House. But so long as the House was there, members should be given opportunities to render what service they could in serving on Committees. For example there was the Select Committee on Primary Education Bill. No member from the Council had been included in that Committee.

Mr. M. G. Bhosle supported the Bill and said that this was a very good opportunity to bring together the two great communities. An attempt was being made and members should not come in the way of achieving the objective.

Dr. K. A. Hamied refuted the statements that the Muslim electorates or the mass of Muslim opinion were against Joint Electorates. He knew that the Mussalmans as a whole in the Province were in favour of Joint Electorates and it was only a group of few people, who were opposed to Joint Electorates. That was because, they felt that under Joint Electorates, they would not be elected to any bodies.

MERE CAMOUFLAGE.

It had been claimed, added Dr. Hamied, that the Muslim League represented the entire Muslim community's views. He contested this claim. There were thousands of Mussalmans, on whom the Muslim League had no hold whatever. He felt that the Muslim League had no hold whatever on three-fourths of the Muslim community and the claim of the Muslim League was a mere camouflage.

The constitution of the Central and the Provincial Legislatures at present, he went on, were not based on true democratic principles. It would be truly democratic only when Hindus voted for Muslims and 'vice versa.' That was the fundamental principle of democracy. He felt that the question of Joint Electorates was so important that on it depended India's becoming a great nation of the world.

Mr. Dadubhai Desai supported the motion for the first reading of the Bill.

NO ENCROACHMENT.

Hon. Mr. L. M. Patil, the Minister-in-Charge, replying to the debate stated that it was surprising that members stated that the option clause was an encroachment on the rights of the Muslims. That was not so. Nothing was being foisted on Mussalmans. They were given the option to decide in favour of Joint Electorates. If they wanted they could do so. If they did not want Joint Electorates, they could continue to have separate electorates. Hence he did not see any reason why so much fuss should have been made. He admitted that Joint Electorates should be preceded by goodwill and co-operation and that was what the option clause was intended for. Hindus through service and self-sacrifice would have to gain the confidence of the Muslim community. The option clause would be put into force only when there was a genuine desire in favour of a referendum. The Congress since it took office had tried its best to satisfy all the communities

A CURSE.

Continuing Mr. Patil said that separate electorates were a curse. People without any programme and without saying what they would do when they were elected to bodies, appealed to the religious feelings of voters and got elected. Many got elected because they appealed to the particular community they belonged to vote for them for the simple reason that they belonged to that community.

Leaders had failed so far to achieve unity. Leaders might come and go but the masses were there. Why not allow them to decide what they want? Under Joint Electorates, there would be no scop for hypocrisy and fraud and he thought that it was the duty of every patriotic Indian to combat these two evils.

The motion was put to vote and carried. A division was called for and resulted in 17 voting in favour of the motion and 5 against.

USUAL PROTEST.

Immediately after the result was announced, Sir Currimbhoy Ebrahim Leader of the Opposition made a statement and said that the motion had been carried by the sheer force of majority. The views of the Muslim League members, who represented the majority of Muslims in the Presidency had not been heeded. And as a protest, he walked out. Three other Muslims followed him.

Prof. G. S. Mahajani moved that the Bill be referred to a Select Committee of nine members to report on Wednesday. He would have liked a Select Committee of both the Houses, but it appeared that that could not be done. The details of the Bill could be discussed so that as far as possible an understanding could be arrived at.

Prof Davar supported the motion.

Mr. Shantilal Shah and Hon. Mr. L.M. Patil opposed the motion.

The motion for reference to Select Committee was voted upon and lost. A division resulted in 6 voting for and 11 against.

The Second and third readings of the Bill were passed without any discussion or division.

EMERGENCY POWERS GO.

Hon. Mr. K. M. Munshi then moved the Bill seeking the repeal of the Bombay Emergency (Special) Powers Act. He adduced the same arguments as he did in the Lower House in support of the motion for the first reading of the Bill. He said that it was a curious coincidence that the forerunner of this should have been enacted to suppress the Congress movement and the Congress Government should come forward for its repeal.

Mr. S. C. Joshi congratulated Government on their move. He, however, felt that Government ought to have repealed the Act much earlier, instead of coming forward for its repeal, after the Labour situation in Bombay and Ahmedabad had subsided and the Labour leaders had congratulated Government on the Textile Committee's recommendations.

Hon. Mr. Munshi said that Mr Joshi was like Oliver Twist wanting more and still more. He assured the member that the Congress Government had not passed any order under that Act. This ought to satisfy even him.

Hon. Mr. Pakvasa: This reminds one of the remark that Sir James Grigg made in the Assembly about Mr. Joshi there.

The House passed the Bill through all the stages within three minutes.

The House adjourned till Wednesday.

OUR READERS' VIEWS

Schools Committee Chairman Election

To The Editor of "The Chronicle"

Sir,—I have read with interest the report appearing in the issue of the "Times" for to-day (7th April) about the election of the Chairman of the Schools Committee. I should like to understand how Mr. Killedar, the retiring Chairman, at all presided at this meeting, when he was not elected to fill the chair for the meeting. Under Sec. 39 30 (a) of the Municipal Act, the Chairman of the Schools Committee functions only "until the first meeting of the said Committee in the next following official year". This clearly means that he can be Chairman only for the last meeting of the previous financial year; he then becomes "functus officio." For the first meeting of the next financial year, a Chairman has to be elected for the meeting, and this procedure has been followed invariably all these years. It would, therefore, appear that Mr. Killedar was not the proper person to act as the Chairman of this meeting, as he was not elected a Chairman for the meeting. Thus, this meeting being without a validly elected Chairman, was an illegal meeting, and all the proceedings of the meeting, including the election of Mr. Karaniawalla as the Chairman for the present financial year, are void and illegal. Thus the Schools Committee at the moment seems to be without a Chairman, for the current financial year duly elected.

Mr. Killedar is reported to have said that under Sec. 39 (3) (b) "the term of office of the retiring Chairman shall continue until such time as a new Chairman shall have been appointed and shall have taken over charge of his duties." But he seems to ignore the following words in that section, namely, "first after the commencement of the City of Bombay Municipal (Amendment) Act 1930," which appear after the word "Chairman". It is quite clear that Sec. 39 (3) (b) applies 'only' to the case of the Chairman "retiring first after the commencement of the City of Bombay Municipal (Amendment) Act, and not to every Chairman in the subsequent years.

In any case, it is quite clear that the election of Mr. Karanjawalla to act as the Chairman of the Schools Committee for the current official year is void, and of no effect, and that a fresh election at a meeting, with an elected Chairman for the meeting, is necessary.—Yours, etc.

J. P. LOBO.

POINTS FROM LETTERS

Ratnagiri School Board

M. B. DESAI draws the attention of the Minister of Education to the wholesale transfer of primary teachers which has been ordered by a special committee of the Ratnagiri School Board. The pay of the teachers also is in arrears. The correspondent adds that this state of things will bear out that drastic changes are immediately called for in the Primary Education Act

"Voyage Of Komagata-maru"

The President of the Gurudwara Sikh Sangat writes that arrangements have been made to sell the above-named book by Baba Gurudit Singh at (1) The Indian Book Depot, 55 Medows St., Fort; (2) Nelson Book Depot, 100, Medows St., Fort and (3) The Bombay Students' Union Booth at the Indian Industries Exhibition at Azad Maidan.

B. B. & C. I. Rly. Grievance

"JUSTICE" draws the attention of the Agent of the B.B. & C.I. Railway to the alleged supersession of some senior employees while filling certain higher post of clerical staff in the Controller of Stores office, and requests him to redress the grievance by suitable redistribution of grades.

Wakf & Dawoodi Bohras

"YAHYA" pleads for the exemption of the Dawoodi Bohra community from the operation of the Wakf Act.

Inter Commerce Exam.

"A GUARDIAN" supports the plea made by Pro Bono Publico that students who appeared for the recent Inter Commerce Exam. ought to be shown special consideration in view of the non-textual nature of many of the questions asked.

Broach Contract

To The Editor of "The Chronicle"

Sir,—Broach cotton contract has proved defective. It is neither a hedge contract nor a delivery contract.

In order to stop corners or squeezes Broach contract was widened by making other growths like Navsari, Surat, Rajpipla, Jagadia, Dholleras, Kalagin, Cutch, Saw-ginned Dharwar and Sind Punjab Americans tenderable under this hedge contract.

Originally it was a contract of about 400,000|- bales. Now it has become of more than 12,00,000 bales. The load is more than the Bombay market can bear. It keeps the market heavily depressed when crop is arriving. The remedy has proved worse than the disease.

It is a question whether cotton corners are desirable in the interests of a producing country. Some say they are necessary and beneficial to the country since they maintain the prices at their proper level. While others argue that they are harmful to the textile industry.

But bear raids are positively harmful to the country and ruinous to the growers and Merchants. Anyhow Indian cotton now-a-days is constantly sold at a wider parity with American cotton than before and the loss to the country runs into crores of rupees.

Other growths made tenderable against Broach contract are of 'on' and 'off' value and the differences in price are fixed by the Daily Rates Committee, subject to appeal to the Board. The differences are often changed by the Rates Committee during the delivery period.

The position remains quite favourable to the seller. The buyer has purchased Broach and he has to take delivery, at the option of the seller, of other growths at differences fixed by the Rates Committee without the least guarantee that they will not be changed the next day. This scares away investors in cotton who have to take the risk of the changes in the differences besides market fluctuations.

The differences in price of other growths with Broach are said to be fixed on the basis of spot sales of these growths. But a stray sale of couple of hundred bales cannot establish the price of the whole stock. In the year of 1936-37 Navsari started selling at about Rs. 40|- 'on' and reached Rs. 90|- on Broach hedge contract. At the commencement of the delivery period of July|August it was quoted or sold in small lots at Rs. 72|- 'on' and the rates committee fixed that difference for all tenders of that growth. By the end of August this difference was reduced to Rs. 66- 'on'. Similarly differences of Surats and other similar growths were reduced. Thus the buyers suffered a net loss of Rs. 6|- per candy on the Navsari Tenders which they weighed over in the beginning of the month by a stroke of the pen of the Rates Committee.

I believe the remedy lies in the narrowing of the contract by eliminating all growths with 'off' differences to Broach such as Dholleras and Kalagins, which are tenderable under the Contract and making higher styles tenderable at the option of the seller.

The Contract is further sought to be spoiled by adding to it "Compta" and "Uplands" at tenderable growths in accordance with the resolution passed at meeting held on 28th March 1933. It was argued that we must not go against the wishes of the Government, who desire us to do this much in the interests of the farmers of the southern districts. But we have already got Contract No. V. called Southerns in our By-laws under which all these growths can be tendered. This contract is not working and is dormant. But nobody can be blamed for it. The Trade cannot afford to weaken its main working contract. It was admitted that Broach contract will be depressed a little but still a trial must be given to the addition of these growths.

But genuine farmers never hedge their growths. They are not yet producing cotton on a big scale to need hedges. It is some vested interests who desire this addition in the name of farmers. If anybody is going to suffer by a depressed contract it will be the farmers and the loss will run into crores of rupees. Congress Government will be the last body to desire this addition if it depresses the contract and hits the farmers.—Yours, etc.

HANSRAJ HARJI.

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(CONTAINS 8 PILLS)

AT a cost of only 2 annas and without any discomfort whatever you can rid yourself of Constipation.

Constipation is the underlying cause of many distressing ailments which cannot be remedied *in any other way* than by cleansing the system of the poisons arising from bowel irregularity. Aches and pains, fatigue, headaches and lack of energy disappear quickly when the bowel is cleansed and emptied. Ask your dealer for a box of BEECHAM'S PILLS — the most effective vegetable laxative known. Buy a box of BEECHAM'S PILLS to-day! You will never spend 2 annas to better advantage.

Remember—regular cleansing of the system is the first rule of health. It necessarily precedes any measures for revitalizing or rejuvenating the body.

Trial size can now be obtained for annas 2.
Agents: JAMES WRIGHT, LTD., 6-11, Lalgir Chambers, Tamarind Lane, BOMBAY.
Also at Calcutta, Madras & Karachi.

EUTHERIA

ANODYNE STIMULATING CREAM

A boon to SPORTSMAN, ATHLETES AND SCOUTS

For ALL MUSCULAR PAINS, SPRAINS, LUMBAGO, SCIATICA, RHEUMATISM, HEADACHE, Etc. Etc.

CALCUTTA BENGAL CHEMICAL BOMBAY

Agents: ORIENT DRUG AGENCY, Princess Street, Bombay, 2

FIRST FRUITS OF PROHIBITION

Danda Women Feel Happier Since Country Liquor Shop Was Closed

The Suburban Abkari Vigilance Committee Secretary writes:—

Those who are doubting the success of prohibition will do well to visit Danda Village, where the only Country Liquor shop is closed since April 1.

When our representative visited the village to ascertain the sentiment of the village folks on the enforced prohibition in their village, a large number of women surrounded him and requested him with folded hands to see that the shop remains closed for ever as they said they were much more happier and prosperous ever since the closing of the shop.

This amply justifies the policy of prohibition and if the Liquor and toddy shops were removed from their midst the poor people will live in peace, prosperity and happiness.

LATEST

Commercial News

NEW YORK COTTON TWO POINTS UP

Cheerful Tone On Stock Exchange

FRANC IMPROVES

Bombay, April 11.

NEW YORK COTTON

There was some activity promoted by improved French political outlook and encouraging Liverpool advices.

LONDON EXCHANGE

Sterling-dollar opened at 4.96.37 and appreciated to 4.97.34 on continued good support.

Franc opened at 161.12. On good covering demand influenced by formation of new Cabinet it improved to 106.06.

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

The Stock Exchange was more cheerful following a sharp Wall Street rally. Industrials attracted the most attention.

COTTON

LATEST NEW YORK COTTON PRICES

MAY 1938

New York, April 11.

Previous closing	8.58
To-day's opening	8.62
Difference	+.04
To-day's closing	8.60
Difference	+.02

LIVERPOOL COTTON

MAY 1938.

Liverpool, April 11.

Previous closing	4.70
To-day's opening	4.75
Difference	+.05
To-day's closing	4.74
Difference	+.04

BROACH EXPECTATION

April May	Rs. 159-0
July Augus	Rs. 162-8

N. Y. COTTON MARKET

New York, April 11.

New York cotton showed some activity prompted by improved French political outlook and encouraging Liverpool, but prospect of Bombay Straddle reversing militated against appreciable rise. Subsequently movements confined to narrow margins.

Trading in May commenced at Rs. 8.62 i.e. four points higher than previous closing. Prices advanced on higher Liverpool cable, and better trade demand. But later prices gave way partially on Bombay straddle selling, which brought rate down to 8.59 at which level trading became rather listless.

NEW YORK COTTON

New York, April 11.

The following were the opening ranges:—

May (8.54/8.54) 8.62/8.62
July (8.62/8.61) 8.69/8.68
October (8.69/8.69) 8.80/8.78

LIVERPOOL COTTON

Liverpool, April 11.

May (4.70) 4.77
July (4.79) 4.86
May (6.65) 6.69
July (6.71) 6.77

BOMBAY COTTON

Bombay, April 11.

Trading in Broach commenced at Rs. 161/8. Prices at first declined on scattered selling but soon after prices rallied on good speculative support and covering influenced by steadiness of Liverpool and better New York cables. Closed steady at Rs. 162/12.

COMMODITIES

LONDON MARKETS

London, April 11.

The rates at 2-30 p.m. were as follows:—

TEA

Indian Pekoe (1-0 3/4) 1-0 3/4
Indian Pekoe higher (1-8 1/2) 1-8 1/2
Ceylon Pekoe (1-2) 1-2
Ceylon Pekoe higher (2-0) 2-0

JUTE

First marks, C.I.F. Continent New Crop (£17 9/16 sellers) £17 9/16 paid
Dunlop April (£20) £20
Lightning April (£19) £19

RUBBER

Spot (5 7/8 buyers) 5 7/8 buyers
Forward July September (6 paid and buyers) 6 paid and value.

LINSEED

Castorseed Bombay April May (£11 3/4 sellers) £11 5/8 seller
Linseed Calcutta April (£13 1/16 sellers) £13 1/16 sellers
Linseed La Plata April (£12 sellers) £12 1/16 sellers.
Groundnuts Coromandal May (£10 3/16 paid) £10 3/16 sellers

METALS

LONDON METALS

London, April 11.

Tin (£169 1/2 buyers £169 3/4 sellers. Very steady) £173 1/2 buyers £174 sellers. Firm.

Lead (£15 7/16 buyers £15 1/2 sellers. Very steady) £16 1/8 buyers £16 3/16 sellers. Firm

Electrolytic Copper (£43 3/4 to £44 3/4) £42 1/2 to £42 1/2

Iron (112) 112

EXCHANGES

CROSS RATES

T. T. New York On London

New York, April 11.

Previous closing	4.96 5/16
To-day's opening	4.96 3/4
At the time of New York cotton closing	4.97 3/8

T. T. LONDON ON NEW YORK

London, April 11.

Previous closing	4.96.34
To-day's opening	4.96.37
To-day's closing	4.97.34

FRANC RATE

London, April 11.

Previous closing	161.12
To-day's opening	161.12
To-day's closing	160.06

LONDON EXCHANGES

London, April 11.

London exchanges opened with sterling dollar at 4.96.37 and then improved to 4.96.62 subsequently further appreciating to 4.96.81 on continued good support.

Franc opened at 161.12 and then quickly rose to 160.50 on good covering demand influenced by formation of new cabinet subsequently, it improved to 160.25.

CROSS RATES

London on Bombay (1-6 1/8) 1-6 1/8
Paris on Bombay (12.164) 12.072
New York on Bombay (37.49) 37.50
Berlin on Bombay (0.93 3/8) 0.93 3/8
London on Milan (94.36) 94.38
London on Shanghai (1-1 nominal) 1-1 3/16 nominal.
London on Kobe (1-2) 1-2

DISCOUNTS

3 months (9/16 per cent to 9/16 per cent) 9/16 per cent to 9/16 per cent.
4 months (9/16 per cent to 5/8 per cent) 9/16 per cent to 9/16 per cent.
6 months (5/8 per cent to 5/8 per cent) 5/8 per cent to 5/8 per cent.

BULLION

SILVER CABLES

Bombay, April 11.

The following cable information was received from London:—

"India bought. Sellers were reserved. Market is quietly steady."

LONDON SILVER

London, April 11.

Spot	(18 3/4d.) 18 7/8d.
Forward	(18 7/16d.) 18 9/16d.

LONDON GOLD

London, April 11.

London Gold Fine per ounce (£7-0-1 1/2) £7-0-0 1/2

BOMBAY BULLION

Bombay, April 11.

Silver ready	48 13 6
Silver Chaitra	48 13 6
Silver Vaishakh	48 12 6
Gold ready	34 14 9
Gold Chaitra	34 14 6
Gold Vaishakh	34 12 6
Sovereign	22 13 6

WHEAT

LIVERPOOL WHEAT

Liverpool, April 11.

Liverpool wheat opened steady May 82 and July 82. Market was moderately active on scattered buying with weekend discouraging cables from overseas counterbalanced by small world shipments. Subsequently, sentiment improved on good milling enquiry.

Chicago Wheat

Chicago, April 11.

Chicago wheat opened steady with May at 0.85 1/2. Prices advanced on local buying and improved foreign enquiry influenced by higher overseas cables with price later rising to 0.85 5/8.

WHEAT AND LINSEED

Closing Quotation

Bombay, April 11.

Wheat May	4 7 0
Wheat September	4 7 9
Linseed May	7 5 6
Linseed September	7 7 6

INDIAN STERLING LOAN

London, April 11.

The 3 1/2 per cent Indian Sterling Loan closed to-day at 92 1/8

3½ P. C. GOVT. PAPER CLOSING QUOTATION

Bombay, April 11.

The 3 1/2 per cent Government paper closed finally at Rs. 98-9-0 at 5 p.m.

INDIAN LOANS

London, April 11. 2-30 p.m

3 per cent Indian (£99 1/2) £99 1/2
3 1/2 per cent Indian Stock (£92) £92 1/4
4 1/2 per cent Indian Stock 1950-55 (£113) £113 1/4
4 1/2 per cent Indian 1958-68 (£116 1/2) £116 1/2
4 per cent Indian 1948-68 (£109) £109
5 per cent Indian 1942-47 (£111 1/2) £111 1/2
3 1/2 per cent New Indian 1954-59 (£103 3/4) £104

AUSTRALIAN LOANS

5 per cent Australian Loan 1945/70 (£107 3/4) £106 3/4

BRITISH FUNDS

2 1/2 per cent Consols (£74 5/8) £74 7/8
3 1/2 per cent Conversion Loan (£101 5/8) £101 7/8
4 1/2 per cent Conversion Loan (£106 3/8) £106 3/8
5 per cent Funding Loan (£112 3/8) £112 3/4
3 1/2 per cent War Loan (£102 5/8) £102 7/8
4 per cent Victory Bonds (£113 1/2) £113 3/4

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

London, April 11.

London Stock Exchange after displaying fairly good activity, demand slowed down.

Giltedged securities were in good request. Three and half quoted at 92 1/4 i.e. five shillings higher than last closing.

INDUSTRIALS

Standard Motors (13-1 1/2) 13-4 1/2
Marks and Spencer Ordinary (52-6) 55-7 1/2
Hydro Electric (dol 3 5/8) dol 4 1/4
Elec Music Industry (12-6) 12-10 1/2
Princhin Johnson (29) 30-1 1/2
Imperial Chemical (30-9) 31-6
Woolsworth New Ordinary (63-7 1/2) 64-7 1/2
San Paulo 7 per cent Coffee Rates 1930 (£76 1/2) £26
Dunlop Rubber (28-6) 29-6
Unllever Ordinary (36-7 1/2) 37-4 1/2
Ford Motors (29) 20-3
Cables and Wireless New Ordinary (£67 3/4) £62 3/4
British American Tobacco Ordinary (102-6) 104-4 1/2
Carreas A (£7) £7
Imperial Tobacco Ordinary (136-3) 136-10 1/2
P. and O. S. N. Company Deferred (21-3) 22-3
Distillers (95-3) 96-3
Bredfords Dyers (4-6) 4-6
British Celanese (3-9) 3-9
J. and P Coates Ordinary (36-6) 36-9
Courtaulds Ordinary (41-3) 41-6
Fine Cotton Spinners (4-1 1/2) 4-1 1/2
Vickers Limited Ordinary (22-7 1/2) 23-4 1/2
Inter Nickels (dol 47 1/2) dol 46
Indian Iron and Steel Ordinary (42-6) 43-9
Tata Steel Debenture (£104) £104

TEA SHARES

Assam Company (18-6) 18-9
Donaro Tea (40) 40
Empire of India (26-3) 26-6

RUBBER SHARES

Anglo Dutch Rubber (22-9) 24
Gule Kelampong (20) 20
Rubber Plant Inv Trust (22-3) 23-3

JUTE SHARES

Barnagore (£9) £9

MINING SHARES

Nandydrug (40-7 1/2) 40-7 1/2
Burma Corporation (9-7 1/2) 10-1 1/2
Rio Tintos (£14 3/4) £15
East Rand Proprietors (53-9) 55
Rand Mines (£8 1/4) £8 3/8

MINE SHARES

Crown Mines (£15 1/8) £15 3/8
Associated Portland (79-4 1/2) 81-3
Trinidad Leaseholds (93-9) 96-3
Sub Nigel (£9 3/8) £9 1/2
Spring Mines Split Shares (26-3) 26-10 1/2
Union Corporation (£7 1/2) £7 1/2

OIL SHARES

Venezuela Persian (23-9) 23-9
Anglo Iranian (74-4 1/2) 75
Burma Oil (105-6) 107-6
Mexican Eagle (5-3) 4-9
Shell Transport (81-3) 83-1 1/2
Royal Dutch (£34 1/2) £35 7/8

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

New York, April 11.

To-day's opening rates were as follows:—

U S Steel Common (dol 45 3/8) dol 45 7/8
General Motors (dol 33) dol 33 5/8
Anaconda Copper Mining (dol 27 1/2) dol 27 5/8
U S Steel Preference (dol 104) unquoted.

LIVERPOOL WHEAT

Closing Quotation

Liverpool, April 11.

Liverpool wheat market closed to-day at May 83

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

Commodities Open Better

(SPECIAL CABLE.)

LONDON, April 11.

The Stock Exchange was more cheerful following a sharp week-end Wall-Street rally, together with calmer European, especially French, political atmosphere.

Industrials attracted most attention, chiefly Heavies, Breweries and Cable—and wireless ordinary exceptionally fell by five to 62 and half following profitting on the publication of the Rate Reorganisation scheme.

Commodities—generally opened better but reacted finally owing to disappointing opening of New York.

Wall Street opened irregularly

DECLINE IN JUTE SHARES

Calcutta Weekly Review

Messrs. Bhagwanlal Nanavati and Co. have issued the following report dated Calcutta April 8.—

The period under review is characterised by a woeful decline in prices especially Jute Shares. The effects of the adverse influence resulting from a demoralization of Wall Street coupled with the silver debacle have not been wiped out. The latest encouraging news from America about the attempt to revive U. S. business failed to have any good effect upon the market. The Jute section developed a sagging tendency because any hopes that the market had of a quick solution to the difficulties of the Jute industry seem to have been shattered. The Indian Iron and Steel shares following the wheel of fortune of the Tata Deferreds kept steady around 27/12 though the price at one time was pulled down to Rs. 27/2. Burma Corporation remained steadily unaltered round 6/5 and Indian Copper round 2/4. An almost apathetic attitude was noticeable in the Coal section and whatever business was effected the prices showed a little easiness. The decline in the volume of business and the insufficiency of the rearmament programme to counterbalance the falling away in new business of a more normal kind reflect the deterioration in world economic activity.

JUTE.

The speculative counter Howrah came in for special attack from the bear side. A decline of about Rs. 3 has to be recorded 44 and 41 being the high and low limits. The closing price was a shade better at 41/6. The undertone is weak. There was little going in investment scrips. Quiet conditions continued with very little business passing. Anglo-India were marked at 273, Bally at 157, Kamarhatty 420, Kanknarrah 335, India changed hands at 262, National were done at 19/14, Clive at 20/4, Birla at 15/12, Nuddea were done at 31 Presidency at 3/3, Hukumchand at 6/6, Northbrook were crossed at 30, Champdany were taken at 138, Orient at 137/8, Lansdowne at 138, Reliance found buyers at 56.

COTTON.

Hardly anything of special interest to record, Rates were more or less unchanged. Bengal Nagpur cotton were marked at 11/6, Cawnpore Textiles at 3/14, Basanti Cotton 7/4, Elgin Mills ord. done at 123. Kesoram hovered round 6/15. Mohini mills were priced at Rs. 10/12, New Victoria ord. at Re. 1, Benares Cotton and Silk done at As. 13.

COAL.

A dull and easier feeling pervaded in this section. Bengal were good at 300, Equitable at 34/4, West Jamuira at 25, New Beerbhoom at 17, New Manbhoom at 25, Rewa done at 22, East Indian at 21/12, Hurriladih at 12/4, Burrakar at 13/4, Bokaro Ramgarh at 16, Amalgamated at 23, Katras Jherriah at 20, Talchar at 1/1, Mundalpore at 7/6, North Damuda at 5/8.

MISCELLANEOUS.

The Engineering group was rather a dull market. Indian Iron closed at 27/14, Steel Corporation ord. were marked at 5/8, Pref. at 77, Indian Galvanizing were done at 17/8, Burn and Co. ord. at 234, Indian Standard Wagon were quoted at 43 Indian Steel and Wire Products Deferred were taken at, 270, Ordinary at 365. In Minings Burma Corporation were steady at 6/5, Consolidated Tin done at 4/14. B.I.C. ord. were priced at 3/3 Ex Div. Dunlop Rubber ord. at 13/6, Indian cables at 11/4, Indian Wood Products at 18/8 Ex Div. Titaghur Paper "B" ord. were recorded at 16/6, "A" ord. at 16/12. Amongst shipping issues, Indian General Navigation changed hands at Rs. 100, Calcutta Landing and Shipping at 16/8. Amongst sugar shares, Murray Brewery were marked 12/6, Buland at 10/4, Balrampur 9/8, South Behar at 18. B. B. Petroleum were steady at 3/6, Indo-Burma Petroleum Pref. were crossed at 124, Ord. were taken at 103 Ex Div. Dalmia Cement ord. ranged round 9/10, Deferred 2/7. Reserve Bank were a shade easier at 114/8.

WARDHA TRAINING SCHOOL

Mahatma To Open New Education Institution

NAGPUR, April 11.

Mahatma Gandhi is expected to open the Training School at Wardha on April 21 for teachers, whose services, after completion of the training course will be utilised in the 166 Vidya Mandirs (two in each tahsil) of the Province. A striking testimony to the encouraging response to the Education Minister's appeal is reflected in the large number of applicants willing to offer their services as teachers in the Vidya Mandirs, which will impart primary education in rural and urban areas. The new syllabus framed on the basis of the Haripura Congress resolution relating to national education and the Wardha Education Committee's report (of which Dr. Zakir Hussain was Chairman) and the Education Minister's Vidya Mandir scheme will be given effect to.

More than 5,000 applications have been received till yesterday, the last day, for 166 posts of teachers in these primary schools.

Applicants include ten law graduates, one M. A. (Oxford) and 240 matriculates.—A. P.

SUBURBAN D. L. B. ELECTION

Candidates' Chances: Jabirali Returned Unopposed

(From Our Correspondent)

VILE PARLE, Monday.

The Suburban District Local Board Elections are fast approaching, and the decision of the Congress to contest the election has narrowed down the plethora of applications for candidature. There are ten seats allotted to the District for which, as to-day's final scrutiny reveals there are 17 contestants, three of whom only are standing on non-Congress tickets. Whilst out of the 14 Congress candidates, four candidates are likely to withdraw.

The District is divided into three constituencies — Malad, Versova and Chembur and the contest is expected to be stronger only in Malad, where Mr. Shantaram Patil is opposing the Congress nominees.

The candidates in each of the constituencies are:—

MALAD:— Messrs. Keshubhai Patel, Dwarkadas Dalal, Laxmanrao Mhatre, I. P. Parekh (Congress Nominees) and Shantaram Patil (non-Congress).

VERSOVA:—Dr. Mrs. Sumitrabai Wagle (Ladies reserved), Mr. Chunilal D. Barfiwalla, Congress Nominees, Antony Pereira and G. M. DeMello are Christian contestants. Mrs. Wagh will be returned unopposed as there is no other lady candidate. Whilst for Harijan reserved seat, Mr. P. Baloo is the only candidate and as such is returned unopposed.

CHEMBUR:— Messrs. Vrajlal Astik, R. Chemburkar, V. N. Purao, (Congress Candidates) and Balaram Thakur, (non-Congress).

It is anticipated that the Congress will secure at least nine out of the ten seats. The Mohamedan reserved seat goes to Mr. Jabirali of Chembur (Congress Nominee), who is returned unopposed.

The Suburban District Congress Executive meets on the 15th instant to consider the planning of policy and campaign in this connection.

It is also reported that some of the rival candidates may withdraw and the scope of contest may be restricted in any one of the two constituencies.

St. JOHN AMBULANCE ASSOCIATION

Governor Presents Insignia Of Honours To Workers

The Governor of Bombay addressing the annual meeting of the St. John Ambulance Association on Monday said:

Sir Gilbert, Ladies and Gentlemen, I have just presented to a number of your honorary workers the Insignia of Honours recently awarded, and I am glad of this opportunity of meeting so many of the members of the Association.

The annual report shows that during the past year a great deal of valuable work has been done both by way of increasing the number of Branches and in the amount of teaching imparted. I find that some 261 classes were held, at which 4164 candidates were present. This is no mean achievement, though I regret to observe that the number of certificates granted shows a falling off as compared with the preceding year. On the other hand, as Sir Gilbert Wiles has shown, there has been a very satisfactory increase in the award of medallions, lables and pendants.

This Association is concerned with imparting knowledge on subjects on which instruction is not readily available in the Districts, and I am glad to know that efforts are being made to increase the number of centres outside Bombay City. I trust that the new Headquarters building, which is expected to be ready this year, will prove a material help in this respect.

VICE-PRESIDENTS

I now announce that I have nominated the following as Vice-Presidents for the coming year: Dr. Miss Meherbai Todiwalla, Sir Kikabhai Premchand, Sir Phiroze Sethna, Sir Hormusji Mehta, Sir Suleman Cassum Mitha, Sir Ness Wadia, Sir Jehangir Bomon-Behram, Sir Cowasji Jehangir, Mr. V. N. Chandavarkar, Mr. Behram Karanjia, Mr. Sultan Chinoy, Dr. D'Monte, Sir Hormasji Cawasji Dinshaw.

SHIPPING NEWS

ARRIEVD

Bombay, April 11.

B I S N Coys S S Homefield of 3228 Rg. tons Capt F Kerr arrived from Bassein via Rangoon, Colombo, Tuticorin, Alleppey, Cochin and Ponani with Rice and General Cargo.

B I S N Coy's S S Gazana of 3191 Reg. tons Capt. E G Kingcome arrived from Calcutta with Cargo of Coal.

B I S N Coys S S Naringa of 4118 Reg tons Capt C E Parkes arrived from Mombasa with Passengers and General Cargo.

Turner Morrison and Coys S S Nawab of 4324 Reg tons Capt W N Dyett arrived from Moulmein via Rangoon, Colombo, Malabar Coast Ports and Cannanore with Rice and General Cargo.

Scindia Steam Nvg Coys S S Jalarashmi of 2681 Reg tons Capt S Stone, arived from Rangooon via Gelle Colombo, Tuticorin and Mangalore with Rice and General Cargo.

B I S N Coys S S Cranfield of 3213 Reg tons Capt P A C James arrived from Calcutta via Cannanore with Cargo of Coal.

B I S N Coys S S Bandra of 1893 Reg tons Capt T K Murphy arrived from Basra via Persian Gulf Ports, Karachi, Mangrol and Verawal with Passengers and General Cargo.

P and O S N Coys S S Bangalore of 2874 Reg tons Capt M G Symons arrived from Atran via Hakodate, Nagoya Osaka, Kobe, Shanghai, Hongkong, Singapore and Colombo with General Cargo

Turner Morrison and Coys S S Alawi of 2161 Reg tons Capt T. Lod arrived from Jeddah via Aden and Karachi with Pilgrims and General Cargo.

P and O S N Coys S S Mirzapore of 4135 Reg tons Capt J F Waldrum arrived from Karachi with Cotton and General Cargo.

SAILED

B I S N Coys S S Homefield of 3228 Reg tons Capt F Kerr sailed for Moulmein in Water Ballast.

O S Kaisha's S S Borneo Maru of 4262 Reg tons Capt K Matsuoka sailed for Karachi via Marmagoa with same Bottom Cargo.

James Finlay and Coys S S City of Barcelona of 3524 Reg tons Capt W Hill sailed for Manchester and Liverpool via Bedi Bunder and Karachi with Local and same Bottom Cargo.

Scindia Steam Navigation Coys S S Jalayamuna of 3080 Reg tons Capt. P L Matches sailed for Bassein in Water Ballast.

LOADING

The followng vessels booked for Loading on 11-4-1938:—

S S Naringa (M M and Co.) for Mangalore and Malabar Coast Ports.

STEAMERS IN DOCKS

Alexandra Dock

Bombay, April 11.

1 Kenya 4646 Durban 13-4 M M
3 C/O Barcelona 3524 Karachi 11-4 K Nixon
(4) Mirzapore 44135 Japan 14-4 M M and Co.
5 Ryuyo Maru 4737 Yokahama 14-4 N Y K
9 Naples Maru 4225 Yokohama 11-4 O. S. K. Kaisha
12 Circassia 6597 Karachi 14-4 Anchor Line
(15) Benkabs 4056 Singapore 12-4 Volcart Bros.
16 Dalgoma 3571 U K 13-4 M.M.

Victoria Dock

(1) Homefield 3228 Moulmein 11-4 M M and Co.
(3) Bandra 1895 P. Gulf 13-4 M M and Co.
(4) Varila 1926 Busra 14-91 M. M and Co.
(6) Sophie Marie 677 M Coast 11-4 Merchant S N Co.
7 Jalayamuna 3080 Bessein 11-4 Scindia S N
10/11 Barneo Maru 4264 Karachi 11-4 O S K

PRINCE'S DOCK

A Unicol 3667 Madras 15-4 L Edwards
(B) Jalarashmi 2681 Rangon 15-4 Scindia S N Co.
(5) Alavi 2161 Jeddah 14-4 T Morrison and Co.
M El Madina 1628 Jeddah N F Scindia S N
Mirzapore 14-4 M M
(N/6) Nawab 3424 Akyab 14-4 T Morrison and Co.

Steamers Expected

FROM LONDON

Comoria 5-5-38 P and O S N
Strathnaver 14-4-38 P and O S N
Cathay 21-4-38 P and O S N
Carthage 28-4-38 P and O S N
Nalgora 13-4-38 M M
Stratheden 28-4-38 P and O S N

FROM LIVERPOOL

City of Canterbury 18-4-38 K Nixon and Co.

FROM HAMBURG

Ehrenfels 11-4-38 L Edwards
Marken 23-4-38 L Edwards

FROM GOTHENBURG

Tijuca 20-4-38 L Edwards

FROM NEW YORK

Pres Polk 14-4-38 F F Campbell
Pres. Pierce 28-4-38 F F Campbell
Hoegh Silverstar 13-4-38 Volkart Bros

FROM TRIESTE

Conte Verde 20-4-38 L Triestino
Riv 11-4-38 L Triestino
Arabia 12-4-38 L Triestino

FROM GENOA

Conte Biancamano 2-5-38 L Triestino

FROM CHINA AND JAPAN

Conte Rosso 14-4-38 L Triestino
Victoria 28-4-38 L Triestino
Toyama Maru 13-4-38 N Y Kaisha
Kunishima Maru 23-4-38 N Y Kaisha
Bangalore 10-4-38 P and O S N
Taijin Maru 23-4-38 O S Kaisha

FROM BASRA

Varela 9-4-38 M M
Dondolo 14-4-38 L Triestino.

FROM SYDNEY

Narkunda 23-4-38 P and O S N

FROM DURBAN

Tairea 16-4-38 M M
Karanja 30-4-38 M M

FROM RANGOON

Nowshera 15-4-38 M M and Co.

FROM JEDDAH

Englistan 13-4-38 Scindia S N

FROM KARACHI

Vita 11-4-38 M M

FROM CALCUTTA

Cheybassa 26-4-38 M M and Co.
Kybfels 15-4-48 Lionel Edwards.

Sailing Dates

FOR LONDON

Stratnairo 7-5-38 P and O S N
Viceroy of India 14-5-38 P and O S N
Dalgoma 13-3-38 M M
Bengalore 12-4-38 M M
Strathnave. 16-4-38 P and O S N
Narkunda 23-4-38 P and O S N
Stratheden 30-4-38 P and O S N

FOR LIVERPOOL

Elysia 15-4-38 Anchor Line
City of Hongkong 21-4-38 K Nixon
Circassia 22-4-38 Anchor Line

FOR HAMBURG

Goldenfels 10-4-38 L Edwards

FOR NEW YORK

Pres Pierce 29-4-38 F F Campbell
Pres Polk 15-4-38 F F Campbell

FOR LOS ANGELES

Bingkalis 11-4-38 Volkart Bros

FOR TRIESTE

Conte Rosso 14-4-38 L Triestino
Dondolo 15-4-48 L Triestino

FOR GENOA

Victoria 28-4-38 L Triestino

FOR CHINA AND JAPAN

Toyama Maru 1-5-38 N Y Kaisha
Conte Verde 20-4-38 L Triestino
Napfi Maru 11-4-38 O S Kaisha
Mirzapore 14-4 M M
Ryuyo Maru 15-4-38 N Y Kaisha
Carthage 28-4-38 P and O S N
Borneo Maru 23-4-38 O S Kaisha
Conte Biancamano 2-5-38 L Triestino
Arabia 14-4-38 L Triestino

FOR SYDNEY

Cathay 21-4-38 P and O S N

FOR RANGOON

Jalarashmi 15-4 Scindia S N

FOR AKYAB

Nawab 14-4 T Morrison.

FOR SYDNEY

Cathay 21-4-38 P and O S N

FOR BASRA

Bandra 13-4-38 M M
Riv 13-4-38 L Triestino
Varela 14-4-38 M M

FOR DURBAN

Kenya 13-4-38 M M
Tairea 27-4-38 M M

FOR JEDDAH

Alavi 14-4-38 T Morrison.
El Madina 14-4 Scindia S N

FOR CALCUTTA

Cheybassa 3-5 M M

FOR KARACHI

Vita 16-4-38 M M
Circassia 14-4-38 Anchor Line

B P I GENERAL LANDING DATES

S S Rajuyo Maru 8-4-38
S S Goldenfels 8-4-38
S S Borneo Maru 9-4-38
S S Jalayamuna 9-4-38
S S Cambay Star 9-4-38
S S Netravati 9-4-38
S S Strathmore (boat) 9-4-38
S S Homefield 11-4-38

EXPORTS

Bombay, April 11.

S S Mirzapore for Kobe: 500 bales raw cotton I M Kaisha; 1980 bales raw cotton G K Kaisha; 200 bales raw cotton K Devchand; 649 bales raw cotton Japan Cotton Trading; 600 bales raw cotton N Futehally; 230 bales raw cotton Khimji Poonji; 250 bales raw cotton A Khimji.

For Brisbane: 62 bags myrabollams P Mathradas.

For Sydney: 27 bags crushed myrabollam P Mathradas

For Moji: 500 bales raw cotton T M Kaisha.

For Melbourne: 25 bales cotton twist waste M Narotamdas.

For Yokkaichi: 1000 bales raw cotton G K Kaisha.

For Osaka: 1160 bales raw cotton K Devchand; 1605 bales raw cotton Japan Cotton Trading.

S S Dalgoma for Houre: 220 bales raw cotton Bombay.

For London: 51 bales cotton rags Jani.

S S Ryuyo Maru for Osaka: 500 bales raw cotton K Devchand; 500 bales raw cotton Japan Cotton Trading.

For Nagasaki: 500 bales raw cotton T M Kaisha.

For Shanghai: 500 bales raw cotton Japan Cotton Trading.

IMPORTS.

S S Birkenfels Agent Lionel Edwards from Hamburg: 81 caess herricane lanterns; 132 dms caustic soda; 114 cases gablony goods; 305 cases tiles; 51 cases beer 66 cases medicines; 250 cases dry dyes; 147 cases sewing machines; 205 pkgs iron buckets galvd.; 60 cases sardine; 63 bdls round brass table; 119 coils stl hoops; 72 cases iron chains; 60 pcs earthenware; 230 cases school slates 167 pcs stl tyres; 140 pcs stl plates; 40 cases unexposed films; 489 cases y m sheets; 396 cases y m circles.

From Bremen: 515 bdls round brass rods; 230 cases beer; 100 bdls galvd strand wire; 70 cases motor covers; 150 cases tiles; 100 d/bags sulphate of magnesia; 101 cases empty glass bottles; 400 pcs aspenwood; 60 bags cochineal.

HAHNEMANN BIRTH-DAY CELEBRATION

Dr. R. R. Thakkar made a speech at the meeting held for the Hahnemann Birthday celebration on 10th April at Shripant Bhuvan, Chaupatty, underth e auspices of the Western India Medical Association on Sunday. He referred to Samuel Christian Frederich Hahnemann, the late German Physician, the founder of the homeopathic system of medicine, and said that his discovery of Homeopathy is as great as the promulgation of such religious systems like Buddhism, Christianity, Islam, Vaishnavism and so on. He (the German doctor) showed that if the Medicines are meant for men, experiments must be made on healthy normal bodies of men and not on animals like horses, cat, Hare and frogs, as the Allopaths are to-day doing. The speaker gave a warning to those who have long neglected their own bodies entrusting themselves to the care of allopathic treatment.

Defeat Of U. S. Reorganisation Bill To Restore Confidence

RISE IN N. Y. COTTON AND SHARE VALUES

Unfavourable Weather Over U. S. Cotton Belt

BOMBAY: April 11.

Defeat of the U. S. Reorganisation Bill will have far-reaching effect and it is believed that it would restore general confidence.

NEW YORK COTTON PRICES ADVANCED 7 TO 8 POINTS AND WALL-STREET WAS ACTIVE AND STRONG ON A GENERAL BUYING. U. S. STEEL COMMONS GAINING DOLLARS 3 AND ANACONDA COPPERS IMPROVED DOL. 1-3/4. MARCH STEEL EXPORTS WERE HIGHER.

However, there exists a cross section which argues that U. S. Textile position is worse. Important Mills are closing indefinitely despite proposed spending programme.

On Saturday the New York cotton market was steady on the strength of the Stock market and the bullish interpretation of the defeat of the Reorganisation Bill.

The market opened steady and advanced on higher Liverpool cables, light southern offerings and local and Wall Street readily absorbing liquidation and Bombay selling on wider differences. Improved textile sales for the week although at reduced prices aided the advance. There is continued cold wave in the Western belt, light rains in the Central belt and heavy rains on the Atlantic Coast. The session was very steady.

WEEKLY REVIEW

Prices were irregularly lower reflecting principally Bombay Straddle reversing on wider differences and Liverpool selling and liquidation of May prior to the notice day on April 26th support was limited to routine trade price fixing, local buying and covering. While prices eased below 8.50 cents for May, pressure failed to increase perceptibly owing to small outstanding speculative long interest and the continued stabilising influence of the loan programme. Fresh speculative interest was withheld awaiting clarification of the Administration's Policies. However it is opined that an improvement in general business conditions, especially in cotton goods demand is needed to lift prices. In the meanwhile despite light Southern offerings, some believe that the market can experience further pressure from foreign straddle operations with others feeling that the New Crop will soon become a market influence and doubt whether last year's almost perfect growing conditions can be duplicated.

NEW YORK MARKET

The New York cotton market opened at about the lowest level of the day at a rise of 3 points with May 8.54. Under improved buying prices advanced to 8.61 which was the highest level and the market closed at a net rise of 7 to 8 points. Spot cotton prices gained 7 points at 8.64c. per lb.

NEW ORLEANS MARKET

The New Orleans cotton futures market was fairly firm with a better enquiry and closed at a rise of 6 to 7 points.

LIVERPOOL MARKET

The Liverpool cotton futures market opened at a rise of one point with May 4.70. Local operators were inclined to support the market on the reaction theory and bearish factors discounted. There was scattered buying which offset light Bombay straddle reversing and hedging of outside growths. Later on there was trade calling and the market closed at a rise of one to two points Middling American Spot cotton prices advanced 2 points at 4.81c. per lb.

EGYPTIAN COTTON

Egyptian cotton futures market was barely steady. Giza futures closed unchanged to 2 points down with Spot cotton one point lower at 7.08. Uppers were unchanged to one point up.

The Alexandria market was quiet with scattered selling. Sakels futures declined 14 to 2 points and Ashmouni futures closed at a rise of one point to a decline of one point.

MANCHESTER CLOTH

This has been one of the worst weeks for yarn and cloth business for a long time. A great many spindles and looms are stopped, but, even so, sales have fallen far short of current production, and only a few traders have secured satisfactory orders. The erratic movements in raw cotton prices, the rise in the dollar, and the uneasy international situation have all militated against dealings on any considerable scale, and the outlook at the moment has few encouraging aspects.

STOCK ENQUIRY

Yarn salesmen especially have had a very thin time. Inquiry has been slack and only occasionally has there been an opportunity of selling more than a set of beams or a skip or two of weft. Specialities and export qualities have been no better favoured than ordinary weaving qualities for local consumption, and but for the price agreements margins would no doubt have sunk below a remunerative level.

LOW BIDS

In the cloth market a feature has been the persistence of the undercurrent of demand from India for mulls, prints, and dyed specialities. Many of the bids have been hopelessly low, but here and there odd lines have been booked for virtually all the markets, including Bombay and Madras. The other Far Eastern markets have been quiet, though a few odds and ends have been wanted for Hongkong. The best that can be said of Egypt and the Near East is that they have not been entirely idle, while West Africa has done virtually nothing. South America has bought bleached, printed, and dyed goods, though only in small lots, and Continental customers have placed no important orders.

Buying for the home trade and the Dominions has been on a smaller scale this week, though, especially in heavy goods, it appears that requirements have not yet been fully covered.—'M. G. C.'

PRIVATE CABLES—

New York May highest (10-10 a.m.)	8.61+10
New York May lowest (10 a.m.)	8.54+03
Liverpool May highest	4.70+01
Liverpool May lowest	4.68—01

Messrs. Chunilal Mehta and Co. Ltd. have received to-day the following cable information from their foreign friends:—

Liverpool: New York cables, cotton advanced on short covering induced by inflationary implications surrounding reports Government will sponsor fresh spending programme to counteract business recession. Cotton appears oversold. On any encouragement from exterior markets will disclose contract scarcity.

New York: Consider Government's huge spending programme and defeat of Reorganization Bill ultimately bullish for new crop. Weather unfavourable. Only Bombay straddle selling prevents sharp advance.

Domestic textile position worse. Important mills closing indefinitely despite proposed spending programme. Doubt inflation on account of excessive surplus of most commodities. Public preferring cash to goods.

Messrs. Bishwambharlal Maheshwari have received to-day the following cable information from their foreign friends:

Liverpool: Cables cotton advanced on short covering induced by inflationary implications surrounding reports Government will sponsor fresh spendig programme counteract business recession. Cotton appears oversold any encouragement exterior markets will disclose contract scarcity.

New York: Better feeling due to defeat reorganization bill security strong. Natural rally to correct technical condition of the market.

Feeling is more confident due to change in situation Washington stock market active and higher.

Offerings largely straddle selling meeting good trade demand and short covering cloth markets somewhat improved security markets registered sharp recovery immediate price trend uncertain think important decline unlikely consider long term purchases advisable.

Messrs. Devkaran Nanjee have received the following cables from their foreign firends:—

Liverpool: 'Recent weakness largely due Bombay liquidation. Our bullish opinion long view unchanged as consider some inflation inevitable owing huge armament commitments recent improvement equity shares allotments significant commodities should follow.

New York: 'Defeat of reorganisation bill has caured better feeling, but revival of processing tax and proposal for increased acreage allotments making buyers cautious.'

BOMBAY COTTON

Bombay, April 11

Following a rise of 9 points in New York cotton futures, the local market opened at Rs. 161/8 for Broach J/A delivery and after declining to Rs. 161/4, prices advanced to Rs. 162/6 on general buying. The tone of the market was steady.

Liverpool market was due to open 3 points up and it opened 5 points and later on was 7 points up. The local market improved to Rs. 163/4 and later on was Rs. 162/12. The market closed at 5 p.m. as under:—

Broach A/M	159	0	0
Broach J/A	163	0	0
Oomra May	143	10	0
Oomra July	145	8	0
Bengal May	122	10	0
Bengal July	124	4	0

Cotton Room Rates

Bombay, April 11.

	Extra Spr-fine	Sup	Fine	FG.	Good
M. G.—					
Bengal U.P.	... 129	126	123		120
Punjab	... 129	126	123		120
Rajputana	... 129	126	123		120
Oomra No. 3	150	147	144	141	..
C. P. No. 1	162	159	156	153	...
C. P. No. 2	155	152	149	146	...
Broach No. 2	... 164	162	160		158
Punjab-Ame.	... 184	181	178		175
Surat	... 214	211	208		205
Rajpipla	... 208	204	201		198

American Cotton Figures

F.P. Bales.	1937-38	1936-37
Receipts to date 9-4-38	7397000	6316000
Receipts Yesterday 9-4-38	5000	6000
Exports to date 9-4-38	5048000	4766000
Stock at Ports 8-4-38	2927000	1735000
Stock at Interior Towns 8-4-38	2359000	1500000
Stock at Liverpool 8-4-38	1190000	1007000
Visible Supply 8-4-38	7029000	4877000
Quantity in sight 8-4-38	12784000	11894000
Quantity out of sight 8-4-38	8636000	10269000

Ready Cotton Quotations

Bombay, April 11.

Bengal Superfine	129/31
Bengal Fine	125/27
Bengal F.G.	122/23
C. P. 1	152/57
C. P. 2	147/48
Arvi	149/50
Amraoti	142/44
Ellichpur	149/50
Berar	143/45
Khandesh	132/36
Jalna/Sailu	134/38
Burwah/Sanavad	146/48
Khandwa	146/48
Harda/Khirkiya	147/49
Mathia	122/27
Malkapur	140/42
Broach	160/61
Punjab 4F.	175/78
Punjab 289F.	208/13
Sindh 4F.	168/78
Sindh N.T.	193/198
Kampala	277/78
Jinja	266/67
Navsari	220/22
Jagadia/Ankleshwar	210/11

Indian Cotton Figures

Bombay, April 11.

RECEIPTS INTO BOMBAY Since 1st September.

In full-pressed Bales.

	2 days	This year.	Last year.
Khandesh	51	47,043	201,637
Central India	79	37,724	312,588
Barsi and Nagar	1,173	131,666	159,557
Hyderabad-Gaorani		37,710	90,374
Berar	1,588	278,592	523,003
Central Provinces	397	61,085	107,695
Total Oomras	3,288	593,820	1,384,854
Dholera	514	57,811	69,968
N.-W. Provinces		2,754	8,401
Rajputana	396	13,591	72,917
Sind-Punjab	2,271	469,885	291,829
Broach	6,759	120,395	241,547
Coompta and Dharwar	521	14,692	20,690
Westerns-Northerns	423	11,148	23,492
Cocoanada		12	124
Tinnevelly and Cambodia		1,465	4,180
American	32	155,978	8,290
Egyptian, African and Sudan	5,343	298,870	238,153
Comilla, Burma and other sorts	1	1,171	32
Total	19,548	1,741,592	2,374,477

Exports From Bombay

1st Sept. to 7th April.

In full-pressed Bales.

	9-4-38	This year.	Last year.
Europe	4,463	191,785	325,615
Japan and China	13,676	413,983	1,006,871
Coast Ports	610	43,676	16,263
Up-country by Rail		247,625	178,669
Afloat in harbour for Europe China and Japan		26,041	55,840
Total	18,749	923,110	1,583,258

Bombay Cotton Statistics

Receipts from 1st Sept. to 7th April 1938	1,722,044
Same time previous season	2,333,265

Exports from 1st Sept. to 7th April 1938

	1937	1936
United Kingdom	28,357	55,704
Continent	163,420	264,376
China	65,236	11,600
Japan	348,747	995,271
Coast Ports	43,676	16,263
U.S.A.	—	5,535
	649,444	1,348,749

Total exports by rail 1st Sept. 1937 to 7th April 1938	247,625
Estimated Mill consumption in Bombay from 1st Sept. to 7th April 1938	659,744
Same period last year	442,558
Estimated stock of raw cotton held by exporters, Dealers and Mills in Bombay on 7th April 1938	1,073,585
Same time last year	1,137,947

KARACHI STATISTICS

Total receipts from Up-Country from 1st Sept. 1937 to 31st March 1938	1,262,504	
Same time previous season	1,953,879	
Total cotton shipped from 1st Sept. 1937 to 24th March 1938	778,829	
Same time previous year	1,190,269	

GOLD & SILVER

Bombay, April 11

On Saturday London gold price closed unchanged at £7-0-1 1/2. London Paris Exchange rate was 75 points lower at 161.62. Dollar sterling cross rate was 4.96 5/16. London silver prices declined 1/4d. to 18 3/4d. India sold. Market was quiet but steady at the decline. Indian selling was influenced by unconfirmed Calcutta rumours that Mexican mines intend placing their outputs in world markets. Montreal silver futures declined 50 points. The local market was fairly steady with a slightly better enquiry.

GOLD

Ready	34	15	6
Chaitra delivery	34	15	0
Chaitra tejimandi	0	1	0
Vaishakh delivery	34	13	0
Vaishakh tejimandi	0	4	3

SILVER

Ready	48	12	0
Chaitra delivery	48	11	0
Chaitra tejimandi	0	10	0
Vaishakh delivery	48	10	0
Vaishakh tejimandi	1	8	0

Bombay Metals

Bombay, April 11

London market was closed.

Bombay Market.—

Yellow metal sheets	Rs.	38	0 0
Copper sheets	Rs.	44	0 0

Tone:—Firm.

Groundnuts Coromandel Shelled

London, April 9.

May	£10-3-9.
June	£10-5-0

Groundnuts And Seeds

Bombay, April 11.

The local market is fairly steady with quotations Rs. 2/8 above London export parity. Present Stocks are about 8 lacs bags and they are likely to increase to 10 lacs bags. Castorseeds are about 1 dearer in Bombay and stocks are light. Cottonseeds are fairly steady and there are few sellers as prices are low.

To-day's quotations were as under:—

Groundnuts May—			
Opening	27	4	0
Highest	27	6	9
Lowest	27	1	0
Closing	27	4	9
Groundnuts Aug.—			
Opening	18	5	6
Highest	28	10	6
Lowest	28	4	3
Closing	28	8	6
Castorseeds May—			
Opening	32	1	0
Highest	32	5	6
Lowest	32	0	6
Closing	32	3	0
Castorseeds Sept.—			
Opening	32	4	0
Highest	32	6	0
Lowest	32	4	0
Closing	32	5	0
Cottonseeds May—			
Opening	17	15	3
Highest	18	0	6
Lowest	17	13	6
Closing	17	15	6
Cottonseeds Sept.—			
Opening	18	12	0
Highest	18	13	0
Lowest	18	10	6
Closing	18	12	6

Liverpool Wheat

Liverpool, April 9.

May.	32d.
July	32d.
October	30d.

Chicago Wheat

Chicago, April 9.

May	dol 0.34 7/8.
July	dol 0.31 1/2.
September	dol 0.32 3/8.

New York Sugar

New York, April 9.

July	2.00.
September	2.02.
January	2.02.

Bombay Sugar

Bombay, April 11.

Ready Javas Rs. 15.
Shipment April-June Rs. 4-10.
Shipment July-Sept. Rs. 4-11.
Shipment Oct.-Dec. Rs. 4-11-8
Kesar Rs. 12-5.
Saraya Rs. 11-15.
Java Spot F. 7.00.

Produce Receipts

Bombay, April 11.

Wheat	10,820 Cwts.
Linseed	60,176 Cwts.
Rape, Rai and Mustardseeds	2,863 Cwts.
Gingellyseed	203 Cwts.
Poppyseed	175 Cwts.
Groundnuts	26,355 Cwts.
Castorseed	1,168 Cwts.
Rice	30,593 Cwts.
Myrabollams	3,128 Cwts.
Cottonseed	6,034 Cwts.
Gram	1,483 Cwts.
Joowar	864 Cwts.
Barley	571 Cwts.
Bajree	880 Cwts.
Indian Sugar	5,262 Cwts.

Cotton Arrivals

	Bales.
Receipts into Bombay on 7th April	9,224
Receipts into Bombay to date since 1-9-1937	1,722,044
Receipts into Bombay same time last season	2,333,265
Decrease	611,221

Alexandria Cotton

Alexandria, April 9

SAKELS—	
May	12.73—05
July	12.67—14
ASHMOUNI—	
April	9.86—80
June	9.96—01
GIZA—	
May	12.08—07
July	12.21—09

GOVT. SECURITIES

Bombay, April 11

2 3/4 per cent 1948/57 100/6
3 per cent 1951/64 102/12
3 per cent 1941 103/2
3 per cent U P Bonds 9.
3 1/2 per cent G P N Cash 98/11
3 1/2 per cent 1947/50 Loan 106/4
4 per cent 1942 Bonds 108/2
4 per cent 1960/70 114/8
4 1/2 per cent 1955/60 119/4
5 per cent 1939/44 104
5 per cent 1939/43 107/2
5 1/2 per cent 1938/40 Loan 101/14

TAX FREES

4 per cent 1953/63 113
5 per cent 1955 122
5 per cent 1945/55 118/4
5 1/2 per cent 1939 Mysore 101/14

Note:—3 1/2 per cent Government paper opened at Rs 98/12 and closed at Rs. 98/11. Next settlement quotes 3 1/2 annas lower. Tone: Quiet.

MONEY MARKET

Bombay, April 11

B. C. RATES—
T T D D 1/6 1/16
LONDON—
Bank's selling T T D D 1/6 3/32
Bank's buying T T 1/6 1/8
Bank's buying D D 1/6 5/32
Bank's buying 3 months 1/6 7/32
NEW YORK—
Bank's selling T T 268
Bank's buying T T 265 7/8
PARIS—
Bank's selling T T 1,202
Bank's buying T T 1,226
JAPAN—
Bank's selling T T 77 1/2
Bank's buying T T 77
AMSTERDAM—
Bank's selling D D 67 1/4
JAVA—
Bank's selling D D 67 1/8
HONGKONG—
Bank's selling D D 83 1/4
SHANGHAI—
Bank's selling D D 74 nominal
SINGAPORE—
Bank's selling D D 155 3/4
BERLIN—
Bank's selling D D 91 1/2
CROSS RATE—
New York London 4.96.43 9th instant
Japan London 1/2 1/64 11th instant
Hongkong London 1/2 7/8 11th instant
Shanghai London 1/1 11th instant
Java London 8.95 11th instant
London Paris 161.12 9th instant
London Belgium 29.49 1/4 9th instant
London Switzerland 21.64 5/8 9th instant
London Berlin 12.36 7/8 9th instant
London Stockholm 19.40 1/2 9th instant
London New York 4.96.34 9th instant
London Amsterdam 8.96 1/4 9th instant
London Italy 94.36 9th instant
Tone of Sterling Exchange:—Steady.
Gold £7-0-1 1/2 8th instant
Gold £7-0-1 1/2 9th instant
Silver London Ready 19 8th instant
Silver London Ready 18 3/4 9th instant
Silver London Forward 18 11/16 8th instant
Silver London Forward 18 7/16 9th instant
Silver New York Ready 43 8th instant
Silver New York Ready 43 9th instant
London discounts 3 months 9/16 per cent 8th instant
London discounts 3 months 9/16 per cent 9th instant
London discounts 6 months 5/8 per cent 8th instant
London discounts 6 months 5/8 per cent 9th instant
Reserve Bank Rate 3 per cent
Bank of England Rate 2 per cent.
Money:—
Call 1/2 per cent
3 months 1 1/4 per cent.
6 months 1 1/4 per cent.
Tone:—Easy.

WALL-STREET MARKET

New York, April 9

Messrs. Batlivala and Karani have issued the following report showing quotations of the New York Stock Exchange:—

	Dollars
Amr Power and Light Pfd 5 per cent A	22
Amr Forn Power Pfd 7 per cent	18
American Tel and Tel	130 3/4
Western Union Telg	23
Baltimore and Ohio Rly	6
New York Central Rly	13 1/4
Union Pacific Rly	65
Alaska Juneau	10
Allis Chalmers	42
Bethelehem Steel	49
Crucible Steel	26
National Steel	51
Republic Steel	15
United S Steel	46
Pittsburgh Screw and Bolt	7
Ste l Co of Canada	62
Anaconda Copper Mining	27 3/4
Int Nickel of Canada	45 3/4
Chrysler Motors	46
General Motors	33 1/2
General Electric	35 3/4
Consolidated Oil	9 1/4
Imperial Oil of Canada	17
Socony Oil	13 3/4
St Oil of N J Oil	48
Chase Bank	29 1/2
National City Bank	24 1/2
Sun Life of Canada	385
Montgo Ward	32
Sherwin Williams	75

Turnover 1 1/2 million shares. Steel shipments in March increased by 97476 tons.

Egyptian Cotton

Liverpool, April 9

GIZA—	
Spot	7.08—1
May	6.63—2
July	6.71—1
October	6.78—0
November	6.78—0
January 1939	6.84—0
March	6.91—0
UPPER—	
Spot	5.81+1
May	5.72+1
July	5.78+1
October	5.84—0
November	5.84—0
January 1939	5.88—0
March	5.93—0

Cotton Tenders

Bombay, April 11.

	To-day	Total.
Broach A/M.	1950	2400

Stock Exchange Dull And Idle

CASH SECTION EXPERIENCES LITTLE BUSINESS

Better Wall-Street Advices

BOMBAY: April 11.

Forward business remained entirely closed to-day, being Pay-in Day. In the Cash Section there was practically no business except some stray deals in odd scrips.

The amount involved in the present clearing is fairly heavy and those brokers who had extensive dealing on behalf of their clients are likely to suffer heavy losses as the risks assumed were not backed by margins. However, the Valan will pass off smoothly.

The general feeling was somewhat better to-day on a rise of dollars 3 in U. S. Steel shares on Saturday as a result of the defeat of U. S. Reorganisation Bill. It is believed that it will have far-reaching effect and, if the improvement registered in Wall-Street on Saturday, be carried further to-day, the local market will present better reading to-morrow. Steel exports from U. S. A. in March were higher and it remains to be seen how far confidence is restored in Wall-Street, where general feeling is still mixed.

TEXTILE SHARES

BOMBAY, April 11.

100 Ahm. Advance (Rs. 9)		400	0
250 BOM DYEING (Rs. 25)	X.D.	532	8
100 CENTURY (Rs. 6)	X.D.	236	14
100 CEN. INDIA (Rs. 4)		231	4
100 COLABA (Rs. 4)		155	0
100 Coorla (Rs. 5)		95	0
250 David		75	0
250 Dawn (Rs. 10)		362	8
1 E. D. Sassoon Df. (nil)		0	5 6
100 Finlay (Rs. 3)		139	6
100 GOKAK (Rs 4-8)		158	12
1,000 Hindustan		1720	0
100 Indore		65	0
100 Khatau (Rs. 2)		105	0
100 KOHINOOR (Rs. 12)		263	12
250 Laxmi (Rs. 12-8)		495	0
250 Madras United		35	0
1,000 Morarji (Rs. 40)		1,102	8
250 Model		49	4
50 MYSORE (Rs 2)		120	0
200 NEW GREAT (nil)		237	8
100 Oosmanshahi (Re. 1)		42	8
100 Phoenix (Rs 10)		253	12
25 Sassoon Silk (Rs. 2)		70	0
1,000 Sholapur (Rs 30)		1,910	0
50 SIMPLEX (Rs. 2)		78	12
100 SWADESHI (Rs. 5)		206	4
100 Swan (Rs. 2-8)		110	0
500 Vishnu (Rs 30)		1,320	0
1000 Western (Rs. 40)		802	8

BANKS.

50-100 Baroda (Rs. 2-8)		111	8
2-50 Central (Rs. 12)		30	10
500 Imperial (Rs. 30)		1,545	0
125-500 Imp Contry. (Rs. 7-8)		381	4
50-100 India (Rs. 2-8)		138	12
100 Reserve Bank (Rs. 2-8)		117	0
5 Union (As. 4)		5-14	-6

CEMENTS.

100 ASSOCIATED (Rs. 7-8)		118	12

INSURANCE.

100-500 Empire (Rs. 14)		710	0
15-100 Jupiter (As. 12)		13	12
20 Mercantile		55	0
15-75 New India (Rs. 1-4)		37	12
200 Oriental		4350	0
10-50 Vulcan (As. 8)		7	5

ELECTRIC.

100 Ahm. Old (Rs. 6-8)		133	12
1000 ANDHRA VALLEY (Rs. 46 plus 30)		1,425	0
10 Ajmer (As. 8)		12	10
50 BOM. TRAM (2-6)		125	0
100 B'bay Suburban (Rs. 6-8)		165	0
10 Broach (As 5)		10	3
100 Karachi (4)		222	8
100 Poona (4)		206	4
100 Surat (Rs. 3)		170	0
100 TATA HYDRO (Rs. 4-8 plus 3)		146	4
1000 TATA POWER (Rs. 37-8 plus 29)		1,346	4

RAILWAYS.

500 Ahmedabad Prantej		925	0
100 C. Province		101	0
100 Dn. Baramati		104	4
100 Gujarat		98	12
100 Mandra Bhon		99	0
100 Pachora Jamner		96	8
100 Sara Sirajgunj		100	12
500 Tapti Valley		723	12

MININGS.

9 Burma Corp. (As 11)		6	6
2sh. Indian Copper (As. 1-6)		2	4
10 Indian Iron and Steel (Rs. 1-8)		28	4
10 SHIVRAJPUR (Rs. 2)		49	8
30 TATA STEEL DFD. (Rs. 36-3-6)		975	0
75 TATA STEEL ORDY. (Rs. 10)		225	8

MISCELLANEOUS.

100 ALCOCK (Rs. 5)		333	12
50 BELAPUR SUGAR (Rs. 5)		158	12
100-250 Bay Safe Dep. (Rs. 13-12)		855	0
250 BOMBAY STEAM (Rs. 5)		228	12
125 B. Burma (Rs. 20)		545	0
50 Do. Conty. (Rs. 8)		191	4
8sh. Br. B. Petrol		3-5	-3
50 Bombay Telephone (Rs. 2-8)		94	0
100 I. BLEACHING (Rs. 4)		140	0
50 I. Invest. Trust		44	8
100 I. Radio Defd (12)		527	8
100 I. Radio Ord. (15)		425	0
1000 Port Canning (Rs. 26)		690	0
30 PREMIER CON. (Rs. 2-15)		69	8
15 Scindia		18	6
25 Tata Oil Mill (nil)		29	0

PREFERENCE.

7 p.c. Andhra Valley		1500	0
6 p.c. Bombay Steam		285	0
7 p.c. B'bay Tram (T. F.)		72	12
5 p.c Central India (T.F.)		552	8
6 1/4 p.c Prem Const 1st		107	4
6 1/4 p.c. Prem Const 2nd		98	8
7 p.c. Tata Hydro		151	4
7½ p.c. Tata Power		1548	12
6 p.c. Tata Steel 1st		200	4
7 1/2 p.c. Tata Steel 2nd		172	8
7 p.c. Vishnu		703	12

DEBENTURES

3 3/4 p.c Andhra Valley		101	8
6 p.c Andhra Valley		108	12
4 p.c. Bom. Telephone		51	12
7 p.c Sholapur		80	4
5 p.c Tata Hydro		109	8

(Latest Dividend in Brackets and capital letters indicate shares on Forward List).

INDIAN STOCK EXCHANGE

Bombay, April 11

BANKS

Baroda	111/8
Bank of Hindusthan	34/8
Central	30/14
Imperial Bank F P	1545
Imperial Bank P P	381/4
India Bank	138/12
Indian Overseas Bank	49
Reserve Bank	116/12
Union Bank	5/14

TEXTILES

Ambica	1400
Arun	380
Arvind	1067/8
Asok	355
Bombay Dyeing	340
Buckingham and Carnatics	193
Century	238/2
Central India	233/12
Colaba	156/4
Delhi Cloth and Gen Mills	300
Elgin	212
Gokak	160
Indore	65
Jubilee	200
Kohinoor	285
Laxmi Cotton	495
Mysore	95
Marsden	105
Morarji	1100
New Great	238/12
Raipur	682/8
Rajnagar	330
Simplex	79/6
Swadeshi	207/8
Sajjan	97/8
Vishnu	1310
Khatau	108/12
Madhusudan	200
Khatau	108/12

HYDRO ELECTRIC

Andhra Valley Ord	1425
Tata Hydro Ord	146/4
Tata Power Ord	1345

ELECTRIC

Ahmedabad Electrics	133/12
Bombay Suburban	168/8
Bombay Tram	125
Surat	165
Ajmer	12/8

MISCELLANEOUS

Alcock Ashdown	332/8
Associated Cements	119
Belapur	158/2
Bombay Burma New	190
Bombay Burma Old	545
Bombay Steam	228/12
Bombay Telephone	93/4
Burma Corporation	6/8
Br B Petrol	3/5
Dalmia Cement	8/12
Indian Bleaching	140
Industrial Investment Tr	44/8
Indian Radio Ord	425
Indian Radio Defd	502/8
Indian Copper	2/4
Indian Iron	28/4
Mysore Sugar	23/8
Port Canning	690
Premier Construction	69
Scindia Steam	18/8
Shivrajpur	49
Tata Oil	29
Tata Steel Ordy	228/8
Tata Steel Defd	990

JUTES

Birla Jute	15
Howrah	41/10
Hukumchand	5/8
Kamarhatty	425
Kanknarrah	330
Lawrence	334
Reliance	58

Following Delivery Slips have been issued to-day:—

Scindia	50
Indian Iron	100
Tata Ordinary	60
Gokak	100
Calico	25
Bombay Dyeing	41
Burma Corporation	500
Associated Cement	10
Central India	25
Century	25

Cotton Straddles

APPROXIMATE DIFFERENCES

New York Liverpool: May 120 July 132 October 144 December 151 January 153 at cross rate 4.96 5/16

Bombay Liverpool: Broach A1M 1938 157/12 Liverpool May 1938 4.73 Rs. 48 1/4 at exchange 1/6

Bombay Liverpool: Broach J/A 1938 161/8 Liverpool July 4.82 Rs. 48 1/2 at exchange 1/6

Bombay New York: Broach A/M 1938 157/12 New York May 8.58 Rs. 34 1/2 at cross rate 4.96 5/16

Bombay New York: Broach J/A 1938 161/8 New York July 8.64 Rs. 32 at cross rate 4.96 5/16

Yarn Exchange Quotations

Bombay, April 11.

Yarn No. 10 1/2s.—

April	118	0	0
June	126	0	0
August	124	0	0

Yarn No. 20 1/2s.—

April	163	0	0
June	164	0	0

High & Low Cotton Prices

Bombay, April 5

Broach A/M 1938 opening 157 highest 157 lowest 155 3/4 closing 155 3/4

Broach J/A opening 160 1/8 highest 160 1/2 lowest 159 1/2 closing 159 1/2

Oomra May opening 141 highest 141 3/4 lowest 140 5/8 closing 140 5/8

Oomra July opening 142 1/2 highest 142 1/2 lowest 142 1/4 closing 142 1/2

Bengal May opening 121 highest 121 lowest 120 1/2 closing 120 1/2

Bengal July opening 122 1/2 highest 122 1/2 lowest 122 1/4 closing 122 1/4

Tejimandi for Broach July August (21-4-38) Rs. 4 1/2

Tejimandi for Broach July August (24-6-38) Rs. 11

INDIAN WHEAT MARKETS

(From Our Own Correspondent)

Hapur, April 9.

Hapur:—Ready 2-4-0; Jeth 2-7-8; Bhadon 2-8-4; Beejak Jeth 2-7-9; Najranachet 0-0-10; Baisakh 0-1-9; Jeth 0-2-6; Bhadon 0-4-8; Stock 101 Khattis. Yesterday's closing rate Jeth 2-7-5; Jeth highest 2-7-5; Jeth lowest 2-6-10.

The market remained firm and active in sympathy with firm foreign cables and cloudy weather. Demand negligible. Arrivals 150 maunds.

Calcutta: May 3-5-6; September 3-6-3.

Amritsar: Har 2-4-8; Asuj 2-5-3; Aligarh: Jeth 2-8-3.

Hathras: Je

Regd. No. B. 1065

HABE' – MUSK
Golden Tonic Pills Activates Memory, strengthens nerves, Invigorates Virility. An invaluable Tonic in convalescence and general debility of any age.
Price Rs. 15 per tube.
By special Appointment To H. H. The Maharaja Scindia of Gwalior. Pranacharya Dr. R. E. Hakim's
RACKFAD LABORATORIES
(Dept: B. C.)
618, Guzar House, Dhobi Talao, Bombay, 2.

Regd. No. B. 1065

The Bombay Chronicle

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta Editor: Syed Abdullah Brelvi

BOMBAY: TUESDAY, APRIL 12, 1938

Mail Train Held Up By Armed Dacoits

Insured Articles Looted After 45 Minutes' Search

Constable Attempting To Catch Miscreants Stabbed

(From Our Correspondent).

ALLAHABAD: April 11.

GRAPHIC DETAILS, WHICH HAVE BEEN COLLECTED FROM PASSENGERS, WHO TRAVELLED BY THE 73-UP PASSENGER TRAIN ON THE B. N. W. RAILWAY, SHOW THAT THE ROBBERY WAS IN NO WAY LESS SERIOUS THAN THE KAKORI TRAIN DACOITY.

IT IS STATED THAT THE TRAIN HAD HARDLY TRAVELLED THREE OR FOUR MILES AFTER LEAVING PIPRIDIH, WHEN IT WAS PULLED BY MEANS OF ALARM-CHAIN AT ABOUT 2-30 A. M. THEN A PARTY OF SOME YOUNG MEN, IN SHORTS AND HATS, WAS NOTICED MOVING ABOUT THE TRAIN.

Some of them, it is alleged, caught hold of the Guard as he came out to see what had happened and dragged him about 25 yards away from the train and then threw him on ground after tying his hands and feet.

The Assistant Guard, who also came out, was pushed back into the Carriage. Some passengers who came out with a view to help the Guard, were made to lie near the Guard, while one of the party men stayed there with a revolver aiming at them.

A Constable tried to catch hold of one of the dacoits, but he was stabbed on the back with a knife.

While one batch was dealing with passengers and Guard another batch went to the Mail van and compelled the clerks to open the door at the point of revolver. The clerks were ordered to get into the latrine of the van, where they were shut up.

The party then made a thorough search of the Mail van. One man of the party had a big canvas bag, and so all insured articles were passed on to him in order to put them in the bag.

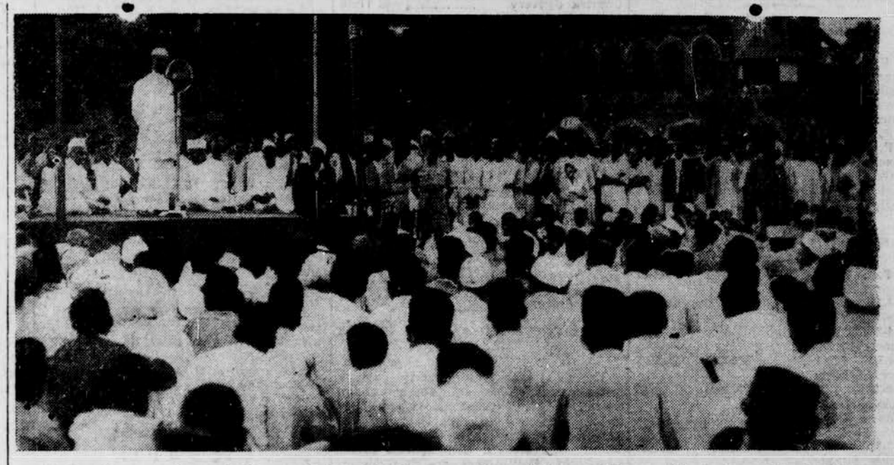
One Mail porter was wounded while resisting the robbers. No passenger was injured.

One batch of half-a-dozen persons continued patrolling the train on either side with revolvers in hand. They gave assurances to passengers inside that nobody would be harmed, if they closed their windows, but warned them that they would not be responsible for injuries if any one opened windows. About 15 to 20 shots were fired at intervals of one or two minutes. In response to the command to the effect: "Master One, fire; Master Two, fire; Master Three, fire," and so on. There were two passengers issuing such commands on each side of the train. The operations lasted for half an hour.

Before disappearance the command was also heard that nothing should be left behind. But, it is said that one hat was left in the Mail van bearing the name of an Allahabad firm. Shots were fired on a range parallel with the train. Passengers distinctly heard the whizzing sounds of passing bullets. The Mail van bore marks of shots.

The hands of the driver were also reported to have been tied. After the bandits left the place, hands of the Guard were untied, the vacuum brake was put right and the train started after 45 minutes' detention for Dulhapur from where telegrams of the occurrence were sent to the Railway and Police officials. The Mail van was detached for examination at Benares. The plight of passengers was miserable. Many of them felt so nervous that they climbed over the bunks and again came down and lay themselves under benches to make sure that they would be safest there. All windows were closed and dead silence prevailed. One female passenger was heard shouting constantly as she was not able to pull up the windows of her compartment. Some passengers report that a few passengers in one compartment made a show of quarrel after which the alarm-chain was pulled. It was also alleged that before the train stopped one member of the party opened the attache-case which contained revolvers and distributed them to his companions.

Other passengers were warned to keep mum. Twenty-one insured packages and Rs. 250 in cash are reported to have been removed. The value of the insured packages is not known.



Under the auspices of Girgaum District Congress Committee, public meeting to celebrate "National Week" was held at Chowpatti on Sunday evening, when Raja Bahadur Govindlal Shivlal presided, and Mr. K. F. Nariman spoke on "The Characteristics of National Week." Mr. K. F. Nariman is seen addressing the big gathering.

SIR ROGER LUMLEY, GOVERNOR OF BOMBAY, OPENED SIR HARKISONDAS HOSPITAL EXTENSION.

3 CONVICTED FOR IMPERSONATION

Echo Of Bombay Assembly Election

RATNAGIRI, April 11.

Mr. Juvekar, the Mamlatdar and the taluka First Class Magistrate, Dapoli, District Ratnagiri, convicted Sudkya, Ramji Bhagya and Ratna Sakhya, all Mahars of Mhapral, a village in the Mandangad Petan for an offence of personation at the time of the last Bombay Legislative Assembly election of the Ratnagiri District and sentenced each of them to pay a fine of Rs. 10, or in default to undergo rigorous imprisonment for fifteen days each.

The case for the prosecution was that on February 17, 1937, the three accused went to the Mhapral polling station and although their names were not in the electoral rolls, applied for the voting papers and voted in the names of other persons.

Accused No. 1 it was further stated, voted in the name of his father, No. 2 in the name of his brother and No. 3 in the name of a relative.

The Police filed the complaint on October 9 last and finger print expert also certified the thumb impressions on the counterfoils of the voting papers to be those of the accused, who pleaded guilty and prayed for mercy.—A. P.

At the time of wiring the police are guarding the area and everything is quiet at present. The Subjects Committee meeting is proceeding.—A. P.

President Of Convention Arrested

G. O. C. Of Volunteers Also Arrested

MUDUR, April 11.

T. Siddalinga, the President of the Mysore Congress Convention and Mr. Jois, the General Officer Commanding the Volunteers at the Convention were arrested this morning.

Since last evening the police were guarding the Congress flag staff on which the flag was to be hoisted. In view of the Mysore Congress Working Committee resolution according to which, it was decided to disobey the order, Mr. Siddalingiah came to the flag staff to hoist the flag. He informed the District Superintendent of Police, who was there at the time that he intended to disobey the order. He was immediately placed under arrest.

Mr. H. C. Dasappa has been nominated in the place of Mr. Siddalingiah.

Working Committee Decides To Defy Order

MUDUR, April 11.

The Working Committee of the Mysore Congress passed a lengthy resolution last night after considering the order of the District Magistrate prohibiting the hoisting of the Congress flag in any public place.

The resolution points out that the flag has been associated for long with political activities of the Congress in Mysore, as part of the Indian National Congress and later of its political counterpart. It was being continued to be used for all 'bona fide' activities of the Mysore Congress. Since the Mysore Congress stood for the attainment of full responsible Government the hoisting of the National Flag was not and could not be construed as derogatory to the sovereignty of the Maharaja of Mysore or the Mysore flag. It was, therefore, decided to adhere to the original programme and to hoist the national flag at the place originally fixed.

Mr. Siddalingiah, president-elect was taken in procession last night in a specially decorated bullock cart drawn by sixteen bulls with Desh Sevikas in saffron sarees and Congress volunteers marching to the accompaniment of music.—A. P.

Smallpox Havoc In Kathiawar

Increasing Deathroll During Last Week

RAJKOT April 11.

The total attacks and deaths due to smallpox raging in an epidemic form in several States of Kathiawer, during the week ending April 2, respectively came to 96 and 10 whereas those for the preceding week were 55 attacks and 20 deaths.

In Cutch State there were 51 attacks and 9 deaths, and Bhavnagar 7 attacks and 1 death.—A. P.

Mr. Lenard Wilson, Agent, G.I.P. Railway, who will act as Chief Commissioner of Railway during absence on leave of Sir Guthrie Russell, arrived in Delhi on April 9. He will take over from Sir Guthrie Russell on April 14, and will proceed to Simla on April 15.—A. P.

SUBHAS TOURING MIDNAPORE

Busy Reviving "Banned" Congress Organisations

CALCUTTA, April 11.

Mr. Subhas Bose, Congress President, left this morning on a four-day tour in the Midnapore district for the purpose of reviving the Congress organisations which had been banned throughout the district for the last several years as a sequel to the recrudescence of terrorist activities there.

It may be recalled that only about a month ago the ban on these 110 Congress organisations in the Midnapore district was lifted and the people of Midnapore wanted to celebrate the occasion in the distinguished presence of Mahatma Gandhi and the Congress President. Mahatma Gandhi was unable to go in view of his preoccupations in Calcutta in connection with the problem of the political prisoners' release.

The interest of Mr. Subhas Bose's present visit to Midnapore is heightened by the fact that Midnapore just now happens to be under charge of Mr. B. R. Sen who sat for the Indian Civil Service Examination in the same year as Mr. Subhas Bose.

Mr. Bose has a crowded programme to go through in the district, including the addressing of about a dozen public meetings and several other functions.—United Press.

ANTI-COMMUNAL DRIVE IN BENGAL

Subhas' Plan For Intensive Campaign

CALCUTTA, April 11.

That Bengal is soon to have an intensive drive for establishing a contact between the Muslim masses and the Congress under the direct supervision of the Congress President, is envisaged in the election of office-bearers for the Bengal Provincial Congress Committee which was reconstituted yesterday with Mr. Subhas Bose as President and Maulvi Ashraffuddin Choudhury one of the most influential nationalist Muslims, as Secretary.

Mr. Bose has already planned a whirlwind tour of the whole province with a view to giving an impetus to the new move of the Congress which he thinks as the surest antidote to the "purely communal cry" of the Muslim Ministerial Party in the Bengal Assembly.

His idea is to carry on a sustained propaganda among the Muslim masses stressing before them the economic programme of the Congress which, he is sanguine, would cut across all communal divisions.

In this connection it is also proposed to requisition the services of the members of the Proja Group in the Bengal Assembly, who recently seceded from the Ministerial Party.—United Press.

AHMEDABAD SHARE BAZAR REOPENS

(From Our Correspondent.)

AHMEDABAD, April 11.

The share bazar opened to-day after seven days, at half past one, and began its work as usual. All share-holders and dalals seem very enthusiastic when they resumed their business.

The following are closing quotations of the bazar of 11th April: Aryodaya Spinning 323-12, Cialco 702-8, Gujarat Cotton 26-14, Marsden 111-4, Monogram 66-14, Jubili 210.

Edgar Wallace's Detective Story Day By Day

INSPECTOR WADE — THE INVESTORS

WHAT ARE WE GONNA DO? – ONCE THAT WING GOES, WE TAKE A COLD BATH IN TH' SEA!
THERE'S ONLY ONE THING TO DO!
5-25
WE'VE GOT TO CAPTURE THOSE MEN! --- DONAVAN, KEEP YOUR FINGERS CROSSED---
WE'RE GOING TO SET THIS PLANE RIGHT DOWN ON THEIR BOAT!
LYMAN ANDERSON
Copr. 1937, King Features Syndicate, Inc., World rights reserved.
BUT THE GANGSTERS ARE PREPARED, AS THE PLANE DIVES, A CANVAS COVERING IS WHIPPED AWAY, REVEALING AN ANTI-AIRCRAFT GUN!
IF THAT TORN WING DON'T GET 'EM--- THIS WILL!

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